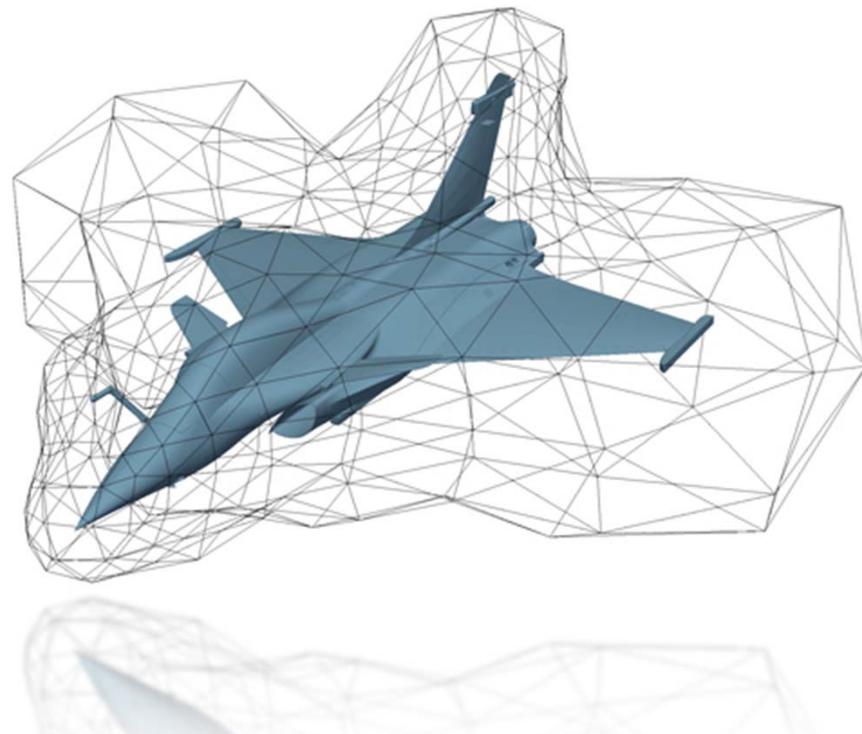


iconCFD - A MODULAR APPROACH TO SUPPORTING BUSINESS WITH CFD

J. Papper, D. Martineau, P. Nayyar,
B. Leroy, R. Devaradja, L. Gagliardi



Contact Us
ICON HQ, Berkshire House, Windsor SL41QN, Windsor, UK
P. +44 (0)1753 751400 / contact@iconCFD.com
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AGENDA

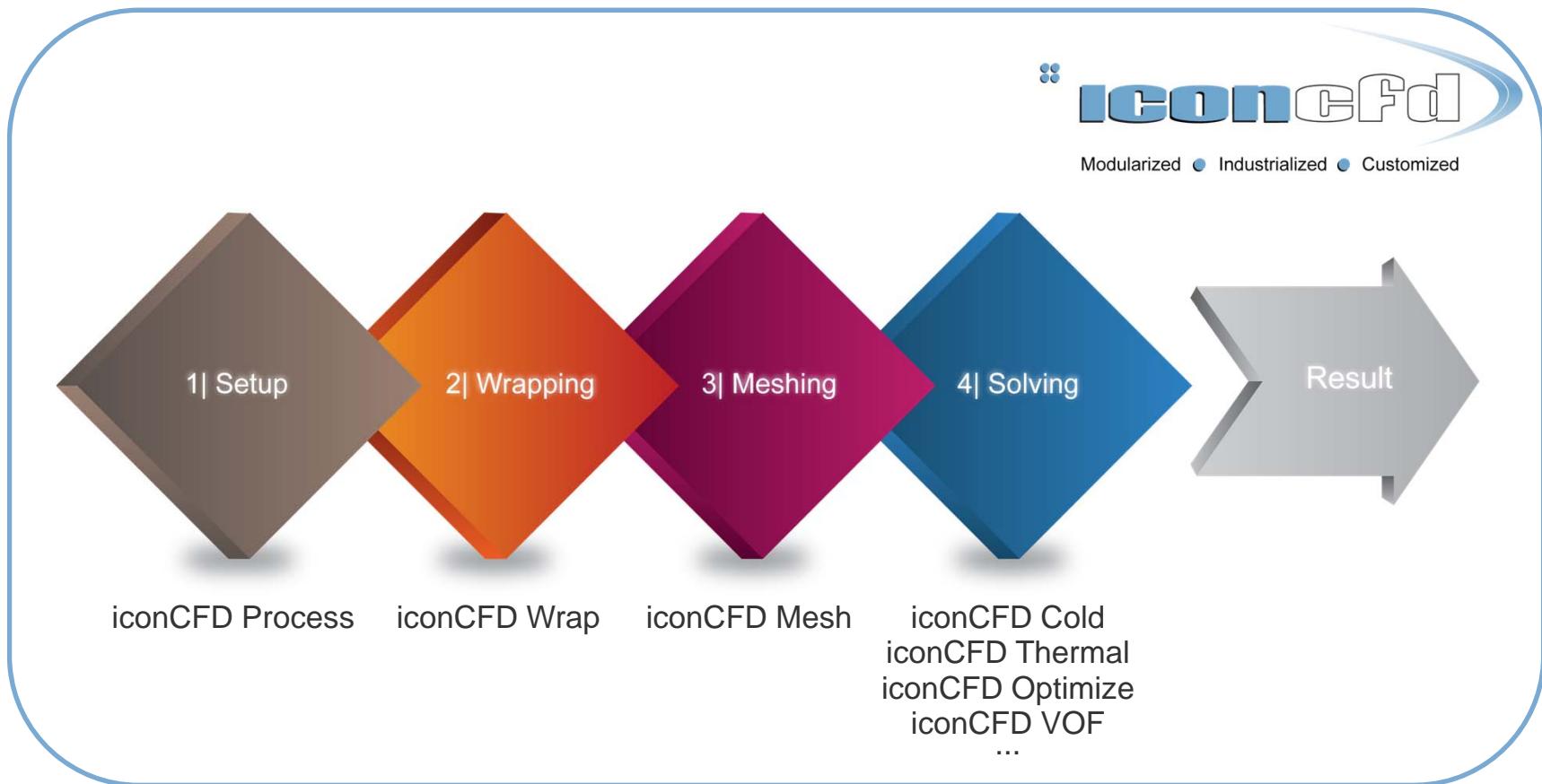
www.iconCFD.com

- Introduction
- iconCFD Process
- iconCFD Wrap
- iconCFD Mesh
- iconCFD Cold
- iconCFD Thermal
- iconCFD Optimize
- iconCFD VOF
- Conclusion



iconCFD INTRODUCTION

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AGENDA

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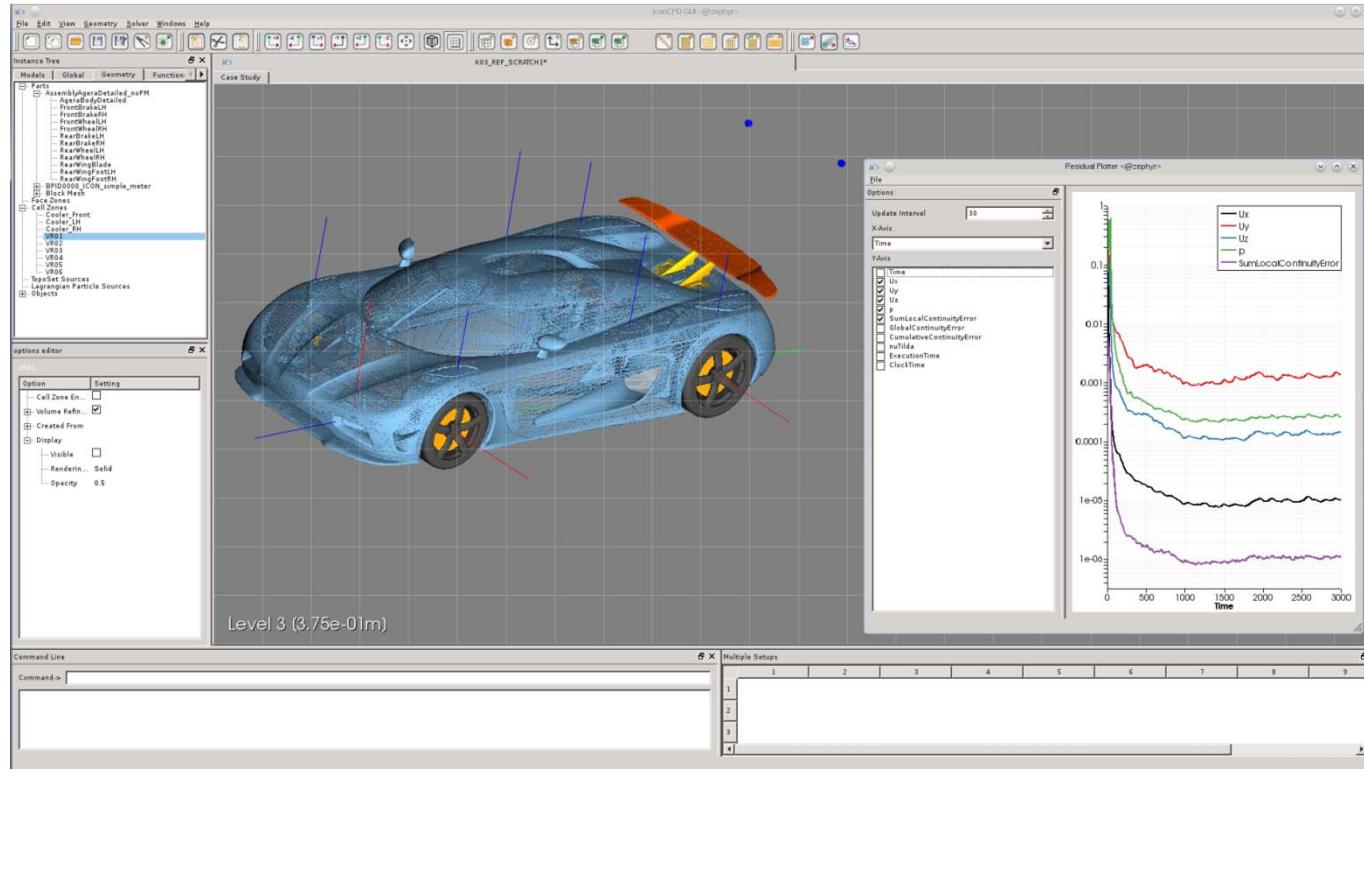
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iconCFD PROCESS

Graphical Interface

www.iconCFD.com



- **Graphical User Interface**
- **Support for all iconCFD Modules**
- MultiCase mode
 - Templates
 - Python interface
- Parts replacing & renaming
- Case template support
- Import mesh capability
- XML based customization
 - Material library
 - Boundary conditions
 - Choice of defaults
- Default & advanced modes
- **Run script output**
- **Flexible licensing (RLM)**
- **Embedded residual plotting tool**

iconCFD PROCESS Customization

www.iconCFD.com

The screenshot shows the iconCFD PROCESS software interface. On the left is the 'Instance Tree' panel, which lists various project components like 'Models', 'Global', 'Geometry', 'Functions', 'Utilities', and 'Parts'. Under 'Parts', it shows 'GEOM0720_camaro_allBodyAero' and 'GRWS0720_camaro_frontWheels'. Below these are 'p1', 'P2', 'P3', 'P4', 'GRWS0720_camaro_rearWheels', 'Block Mesh', 'Face Zones', 'Cell Zones', 'TopoSet Sources', 'Lagrangian Particle Sources', and 'Objects'. On the right is a code editor window displaying XML code for different cases:

```
GRWS0720_camaro_rearWheels_P10
{
    type zeroGradient;
}

GRWS0720_camaro_rearWheels_P6
{
    type newPressureBC;
    optionFloat1 0.123;
    optionInt2 5;
    optionBool3 yes;
}

GRWS0720_camaro_rearWheels_P7
{
    type zeroGradient;
}

GRWS0720_camaro_rearWheels_P8
{
    type zeroGradient;
}
```

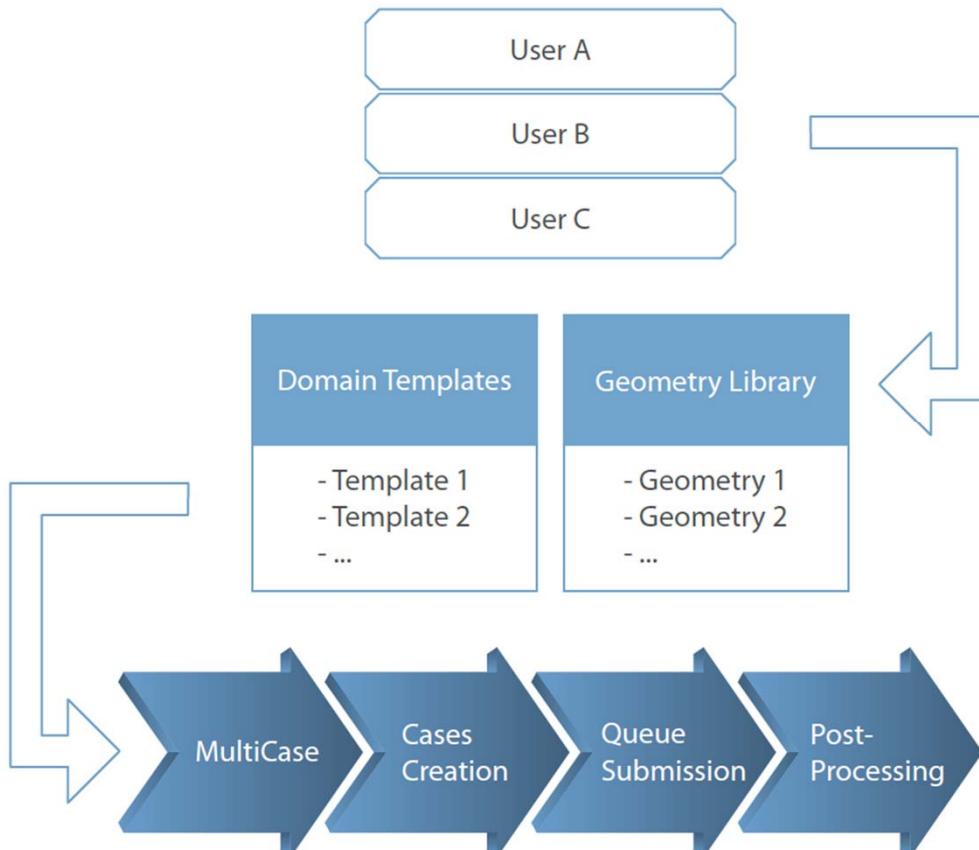
Below the code editor is an 'options editor' window. It has a table with columns 'Option' and 'Setting'. One row shows 'Boundary Conditions' with 'Type' set to 'Wall' and 'BC Type' set to 'Custom'. Another row shows 'p' with 'BC' set to 'New Pressure BC'. A dropdown menu is open over the 'New Pressure BC' setting, showing options: 'New Pressure BC' (selected), 'Calculated', 'Zero Gradient', and 'Fixed Value'. Other rows in the table include 'U', 'nut', 'k', 'epsilon', and 'Display'.

- **Graphical User Interface**
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iconCFD PROCESS

MultiCase

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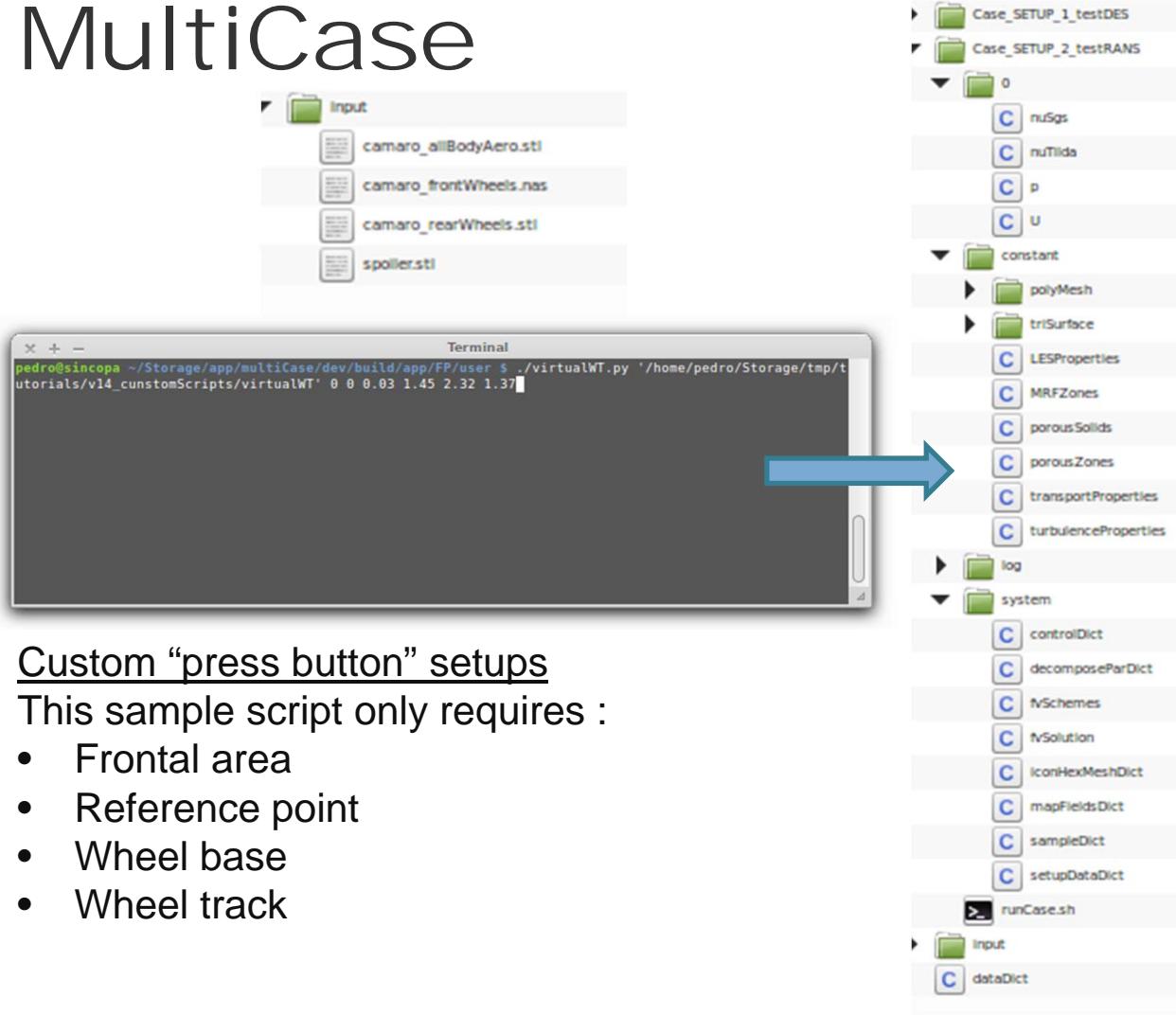


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iconCFD PROCESS

MultiCase

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Custom “press button” setups

This sample script only requires :

- Frontal area
- Reference point
- Wheel base
- Wheel track

- Graphical User Interface
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- **MultiCase mode**
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AGENDA

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- iconCFD Wrap
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iconCFD WRAP

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Objectives :

- Water-tight domains from huge assemblies
- No loss of accuracy (no de-featuring!)
- Remove isolated parts

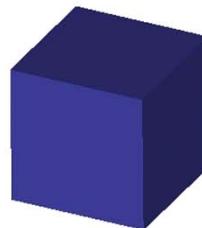
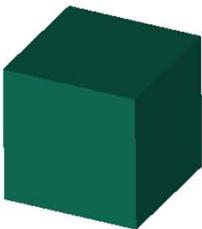
- Internal wrap support
- External wrap support
- Multiple volumes wrapping
- Multiple keep spheres
- Multiple orphan spheres
- Front merging
- Front collapsing
- Feature line capturing
- Parallelized algorithm (MPI)
- Sag-based curv. refinement
- Handling of very large surface

Technology :

- Advancing front
- Coarse to fine
- MPI

iconCFD WRAP

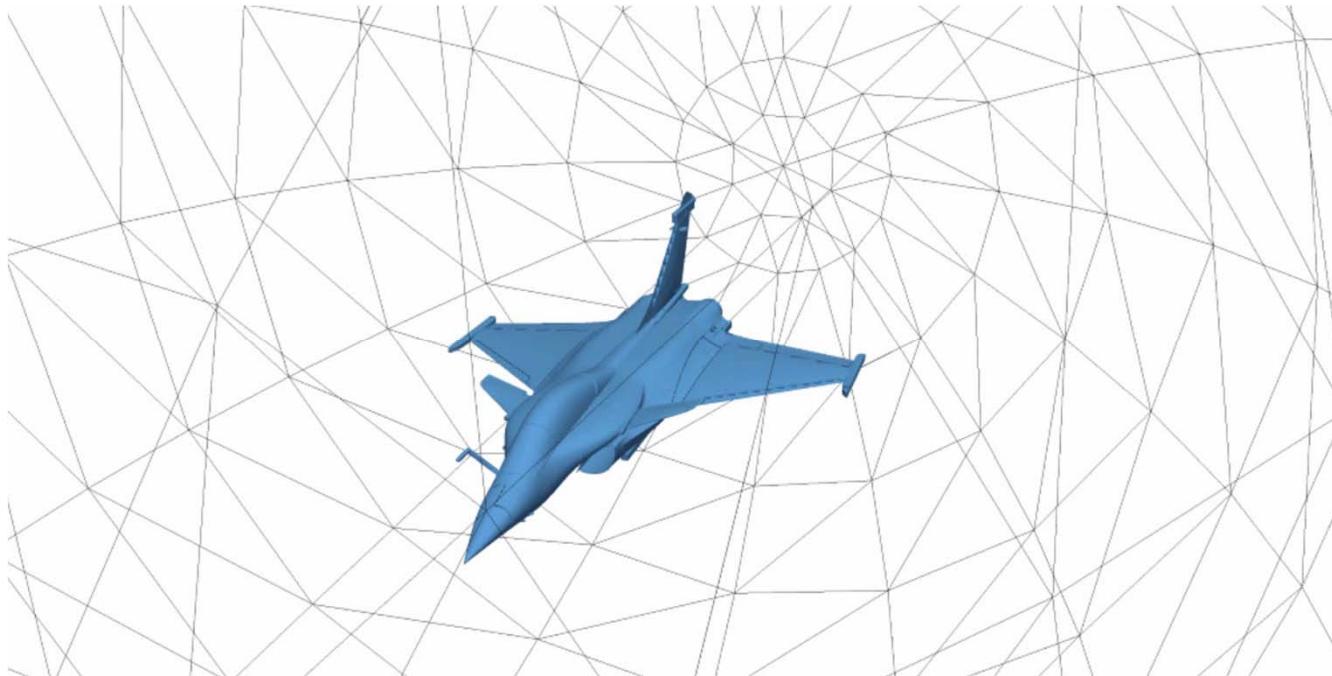
www.iconCFD.com



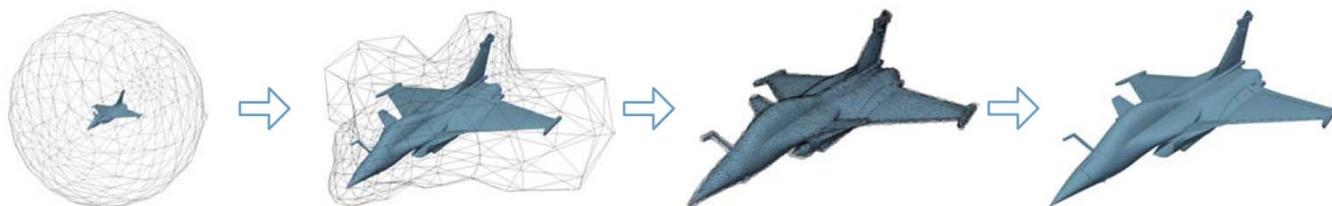
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iconCFD WRAP

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External Wrap Example



- Internal wrap support
- **External wrap support**
- Multiple volumes wrapping
- **Multiple keep spheres**
- **Multiple orphan spheres**
- Front merging
- Front collapsing
- Feature line capturing
- Parallelized algorithm (MPI)
- **Sag-based curv. refinement**
- Handling of very large surface

iconCFD WRAP

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Internal Wrap Example



- **Internal wrap support**
- External wrap support
- Multiple volumes wrapping
- **Multiple keep spheres**
- Multiple orphan spheres
- **Front merging**
- Front collapsing
- Feature line capturing
- Parallelized algorithm (MPI)
- **Sag-based curv. refinement**
- Handling of very large surface

AGENDA

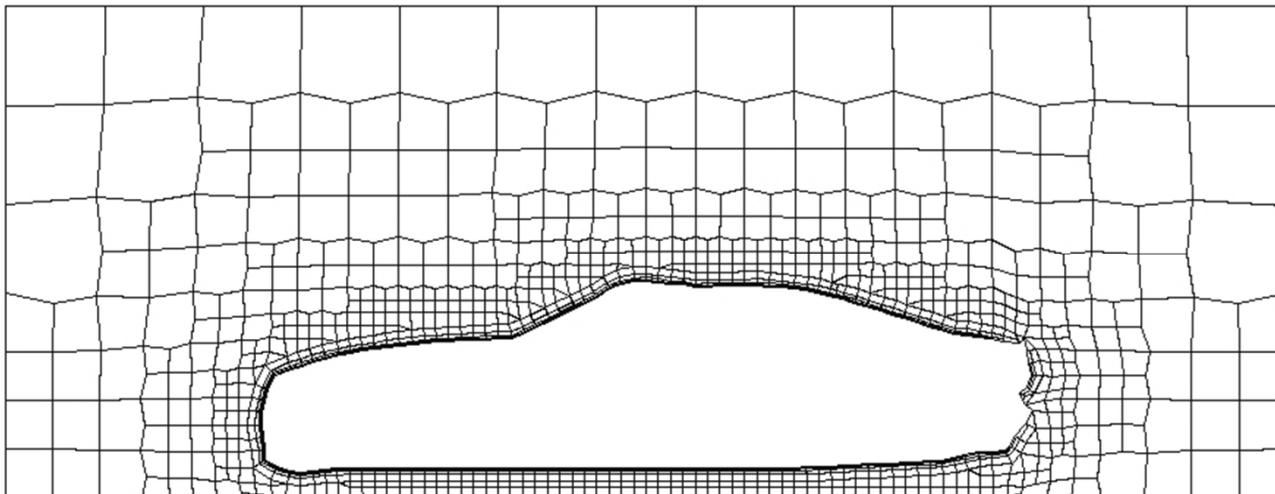
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- iconCFD Process
- iconCFD Wrap
- iconCFD Mesh**
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iconCFD MESH OVERVIEW

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- **Fully automatic**
- **Hexahedral-dominant**
- Parallelized & scalable (MPI)
 - Automatic surface distribution
 - Automatic mesh re-partitioning
- **Volumetric refinement**
 - Distance based refinement
 - Surf. proximity based refinement
 - Volume shell refinement
- **Surface based refinement**
 - Curvature based refinement
 - Feature line refinement offset
 - Feature line proximity refinement
- **Feature line snapping**
 - Automatic detection of features
 - Feature line filtering
 - Automatic surface intersection
- **Boundary layer cells**
 - First cell layer height control
 - Total layer thickness control
 - Number of layers control
 - Growth rate control
 - Multiple layering algorithms

iconCFD MESH PARALLELISATION

www.iconCFD.com

Aim:

- Scalable parallelization of the mesh generation process
- Generation of large meshes on complex geometries

Approaches:

- Can be categorized based on the degree of coupling

Decoupled



simplicity



load-balancing



mesh quality



layer generation

Tightly coupled



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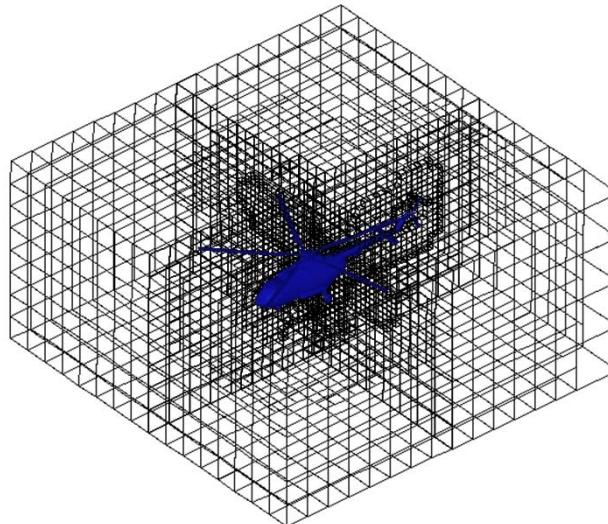
iconCFD MESH PARALLELISATION

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Problem:

- Dynamic load-balancing vs. interface to geometry

Solution 1



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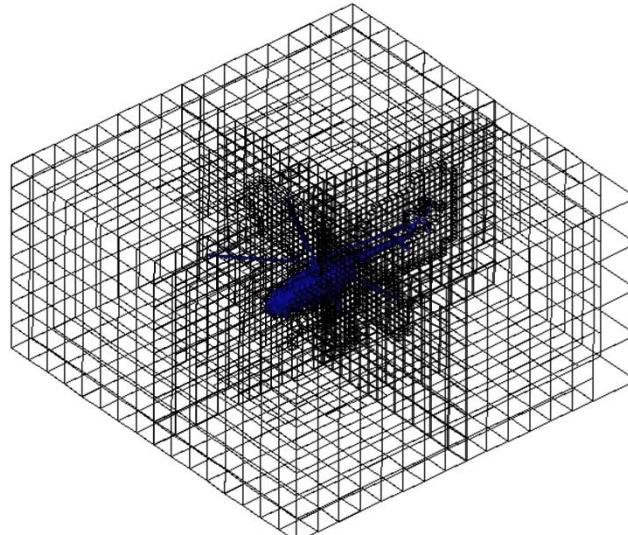
iconCFD MESH PARALLELISATION

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Problem:

- Dynamic load-balancing vs. interface to geometry

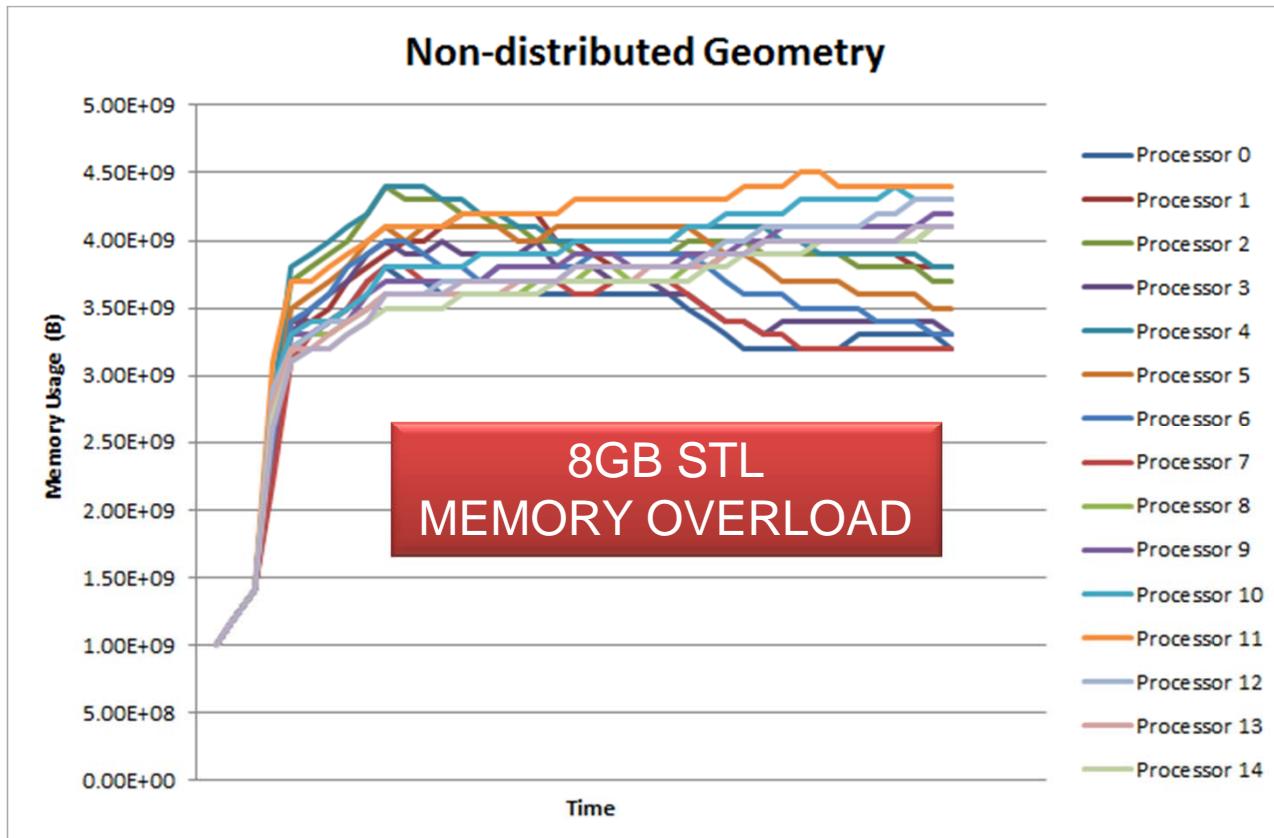
Solution 2



- **Fully automatic**
- Hexahedral-dominant
- **Parallelized & scalable (MPI)**
 - Automatic surface distribution
 - Automatic mesh re-partitioning
- Volumetric refinement
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 - Surf. proximity based refinement
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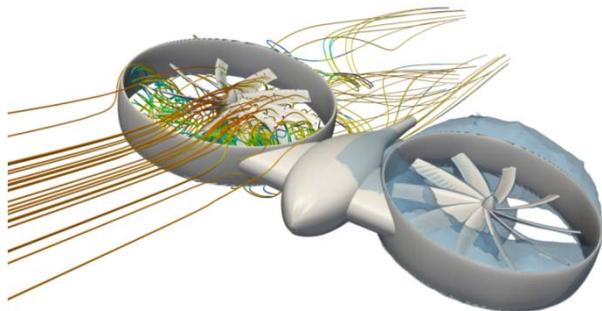
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- iconCFD Wrap
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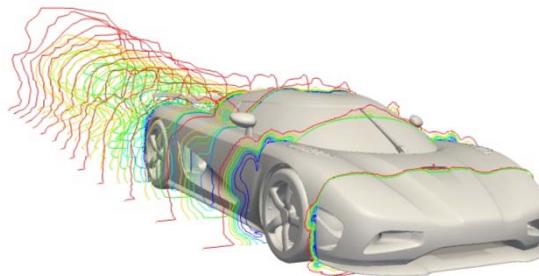
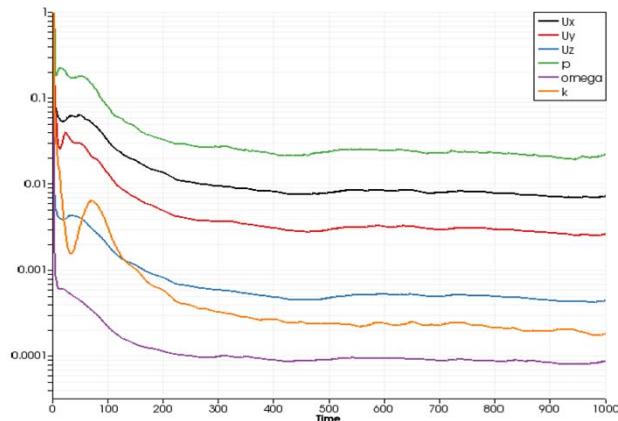


iconCFD COLD ROBUSTNESS

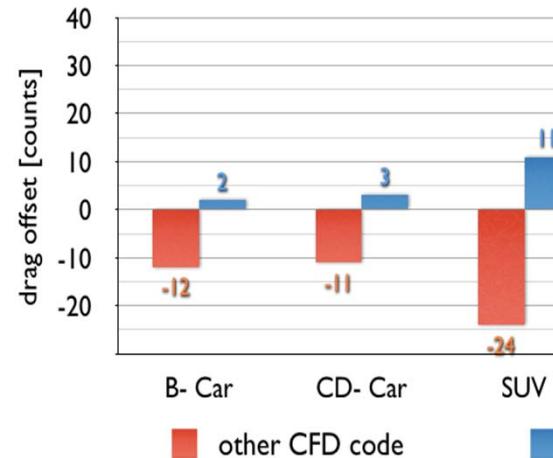
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iconSimpleFoam



iconPisoFoam

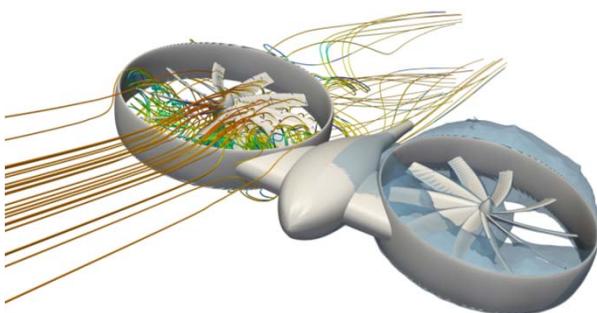


- **Incompressible**
 - Steady-state
 - Pseudo-transient
 - Full transient
- **RANS / DES / LES**
- **MRF**
- Porous zone models
- Fan models
- Passive scalar transport
- Species transport
- Lagrangian Particle Tracking

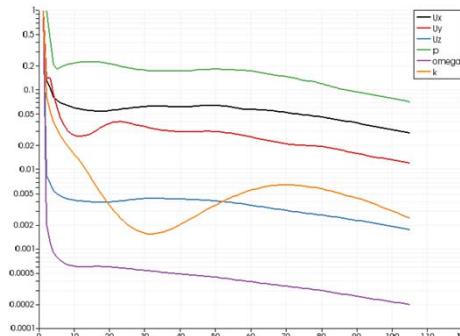
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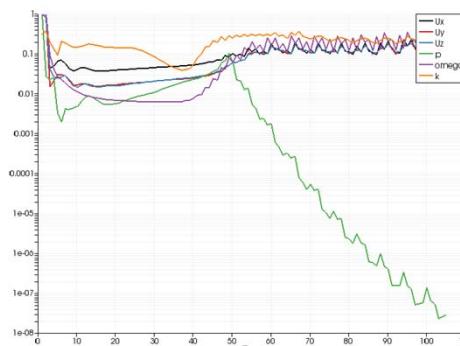
iconHexMesh – 8MCells



Using OpenFOAM®
“robust” bounded schemes



iconSimpleFoam



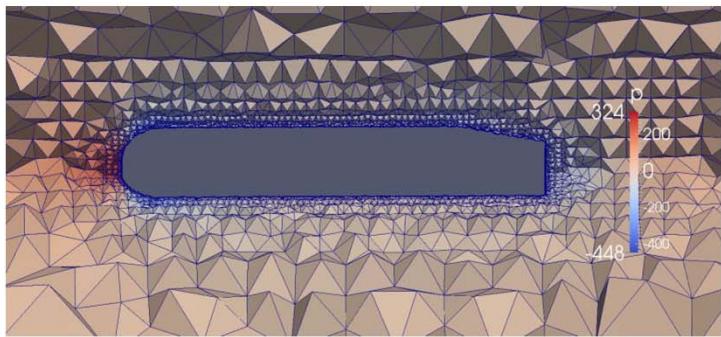
simpleFoam
OpenFOAM® 2.2.x

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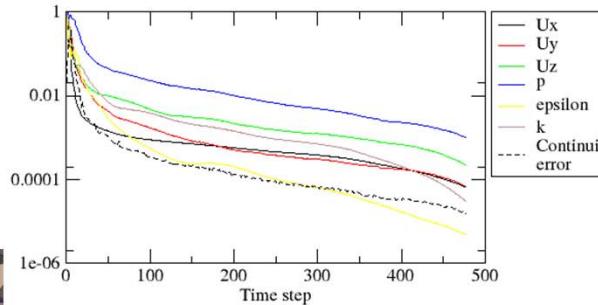
iconCFD COLD ROBUSTNESS

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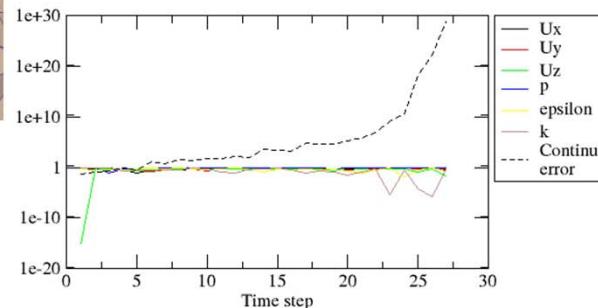
Third Party – 500 kCells
Full Tet Mesh



Using OpenFOAM®
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iconSimpleFoam



simpleFoam
OpenFOAM® 2.2.x

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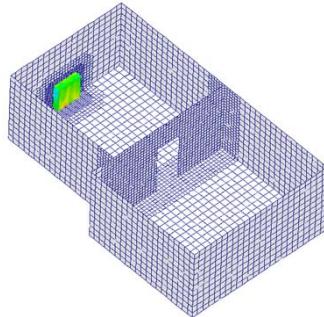
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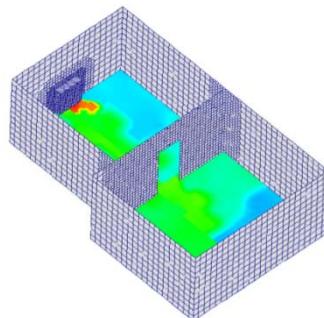
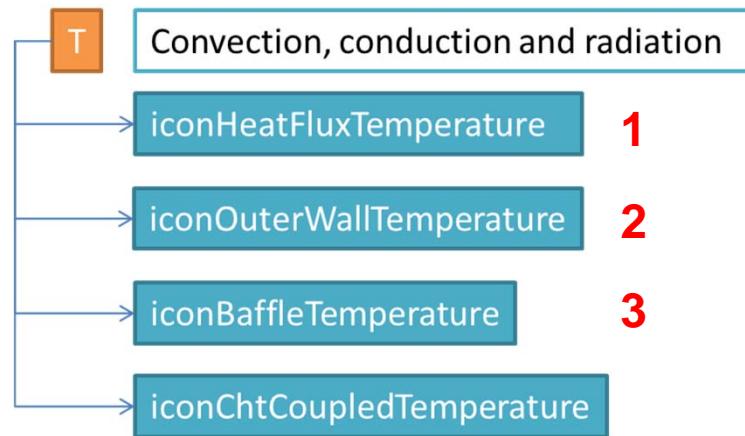


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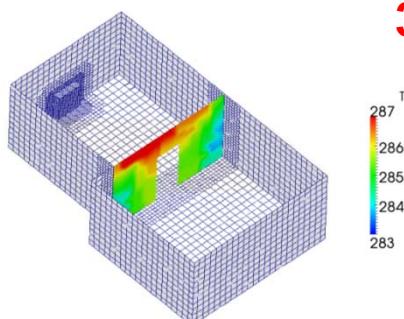
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1



2



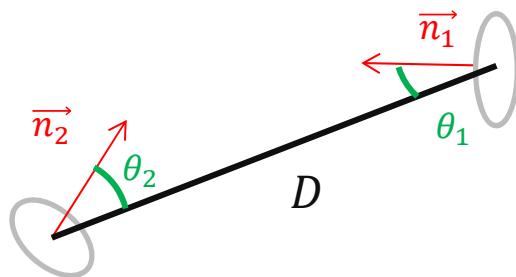
3

- **Incompressible / Compressible**
- Optional Buoyancy
- Humidity
- Conjugate Heat Transfer
- **Radiation**
 - Surface to surface
 - Fast view factors calculation
- Heat exchanger models
 - Single stream
 - Dual stream
 - Porous solid
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 - Thermal wall functions
 - **Thin wall conduction**
 - **Radiation aware boundaries**
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 - Comfort models

iconCFD THERMAL RADIATION

www.iconCFD.com

“Surface to surface” method:



The view factor $F_{1 \rightarrow 2}$ is the fraction of radiation leaving 1 and reaching 2. It is calculated as:

$$F_{1 \rightarrow 2} = \frac{\cos(\theta_1)\cos(\theta_2)dS_2}{\pi D^2}$$

Summation of view factors :

$$\sum_{i \neq j} F_{i \rightarrow j} = 1$$

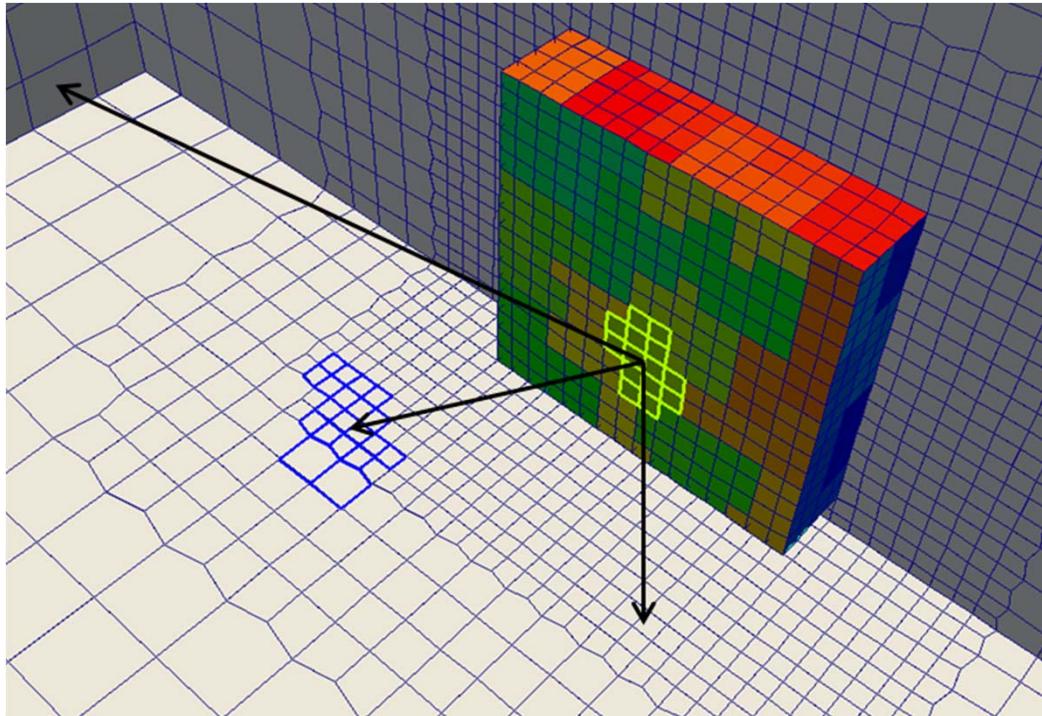
Reciprocity theorem:

$$dS_1 F_{1 \rightarrow 2} = dS_2 F_{2 \rightarrow 1}$$

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iconCFD THERMAL RADIATION

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Fully parallelised view factor calculation ~ 15 times faster
Robust Face agglomeration algorithm.

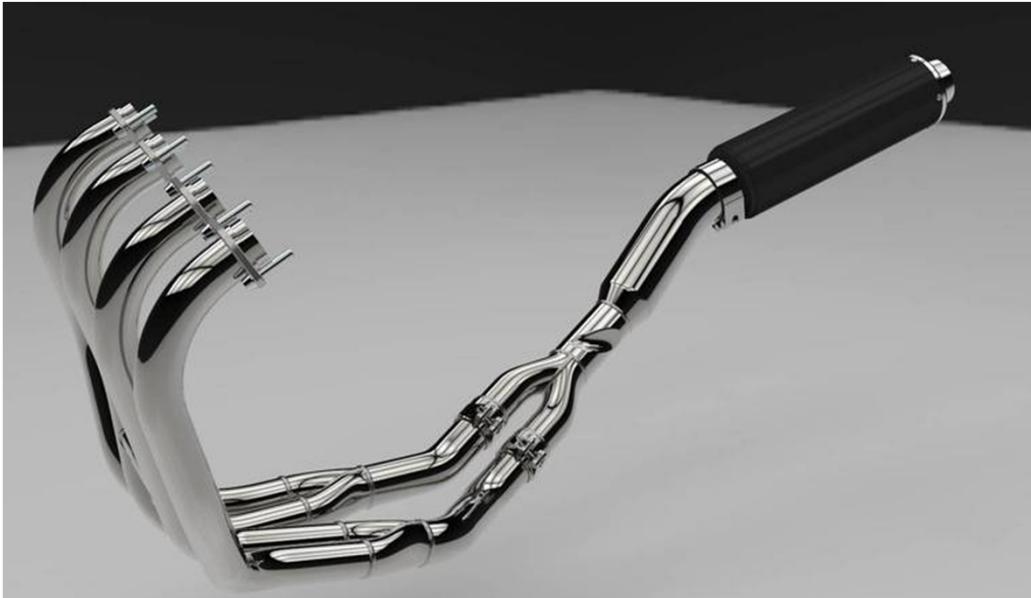
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iconCFD THERMAL EXHAUST

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Difficult case :

- High speeds
- High compressibility
- Pressure waves
- Time varying temperature and velocity inlets

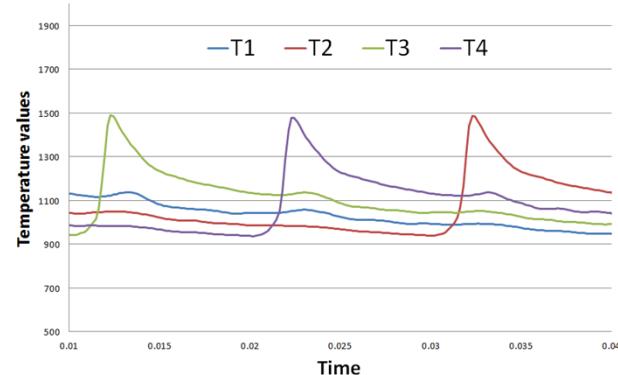


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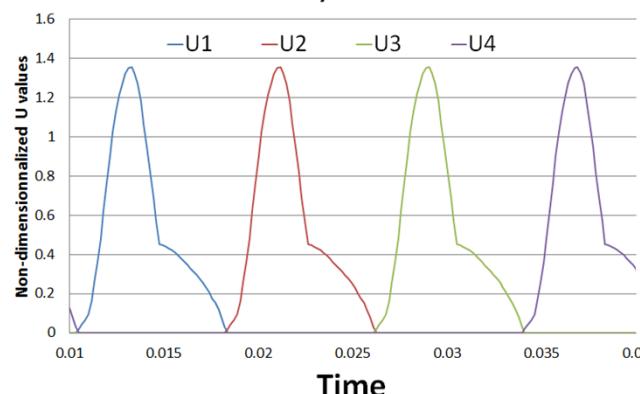
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Temperature Profiles



Velocity Inlet Profiles



iconHexMesh

- 100kCells
- 3 layers on boundary

iconHotRhoPisoFoam

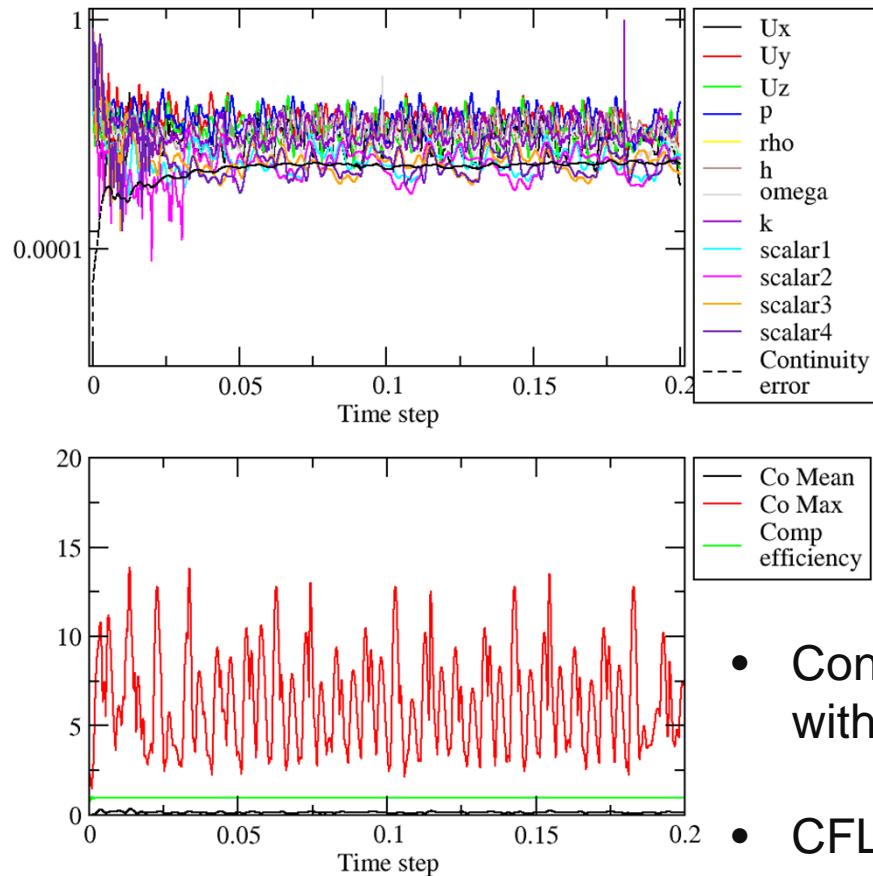
- 12 cores
- 0.2s of simulation
- 55min
- Time step 5.0e-5s

Incompressible / Compressible

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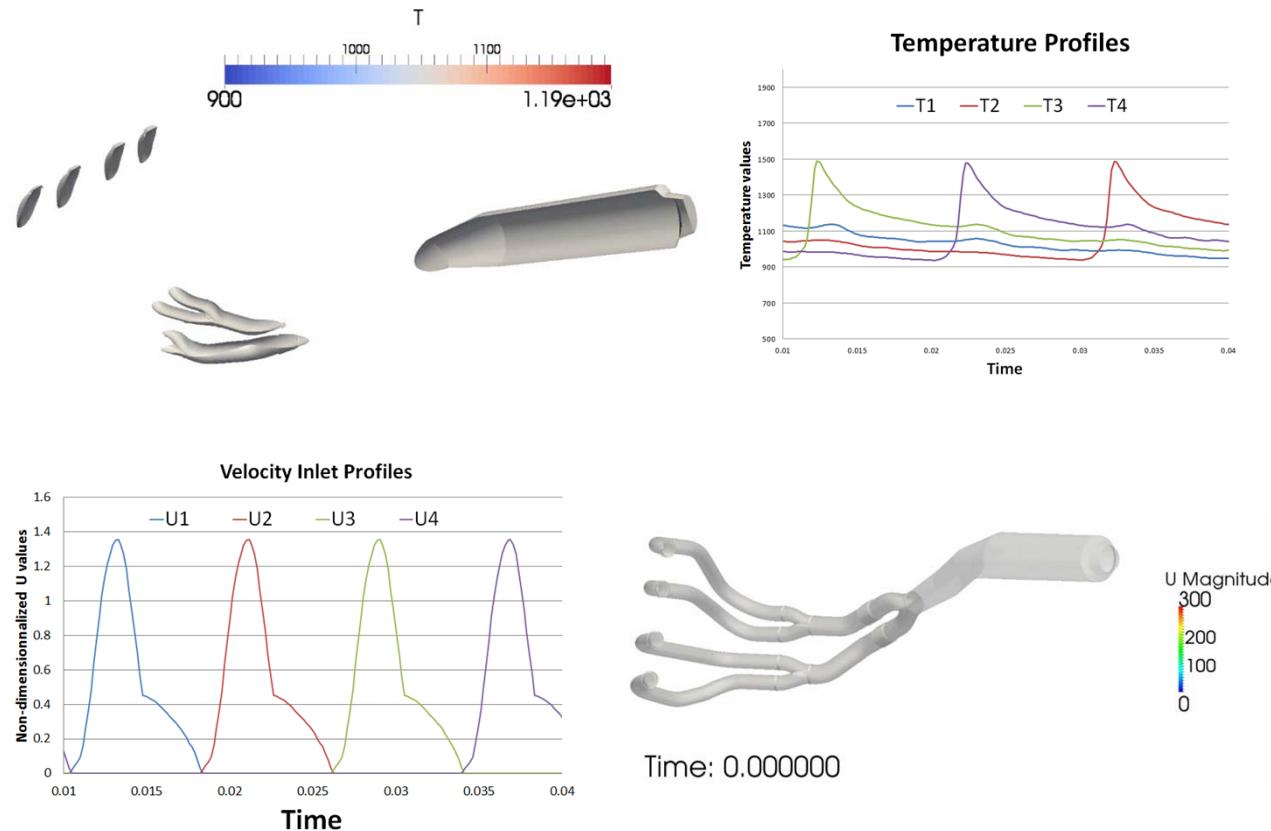


- Convergence reached within each PISO loop.
- CFL varies below 15

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iconCFD THERMAL EXHAUST

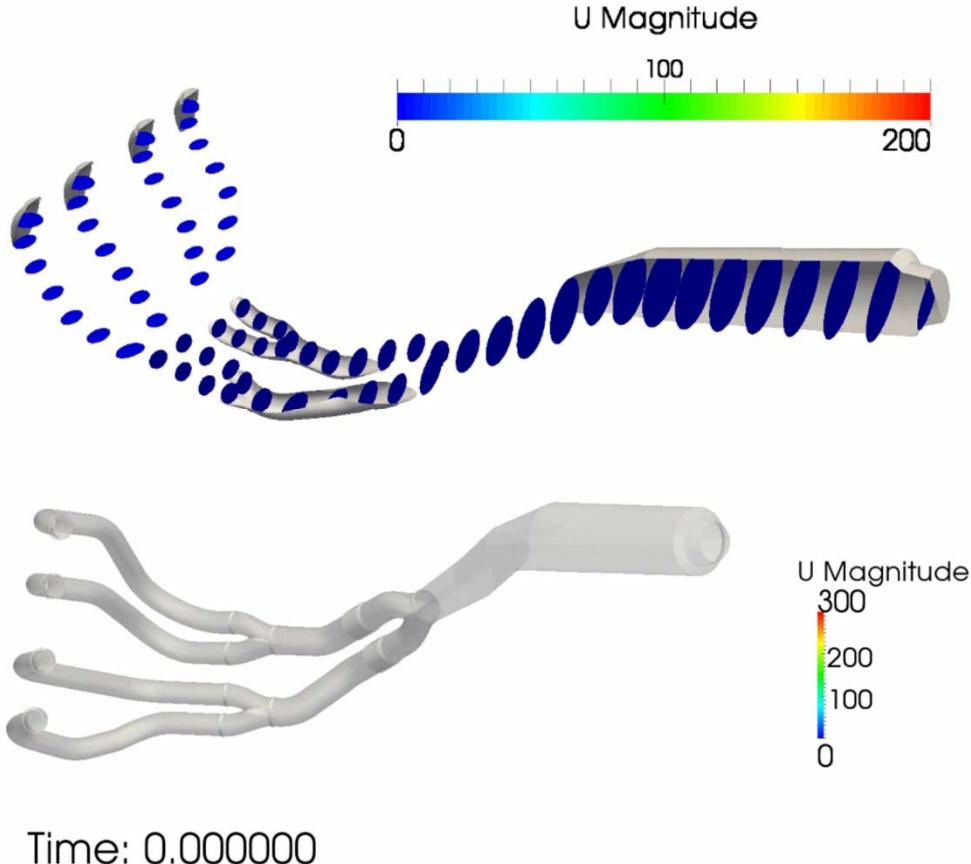
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iconCFD THERMAL

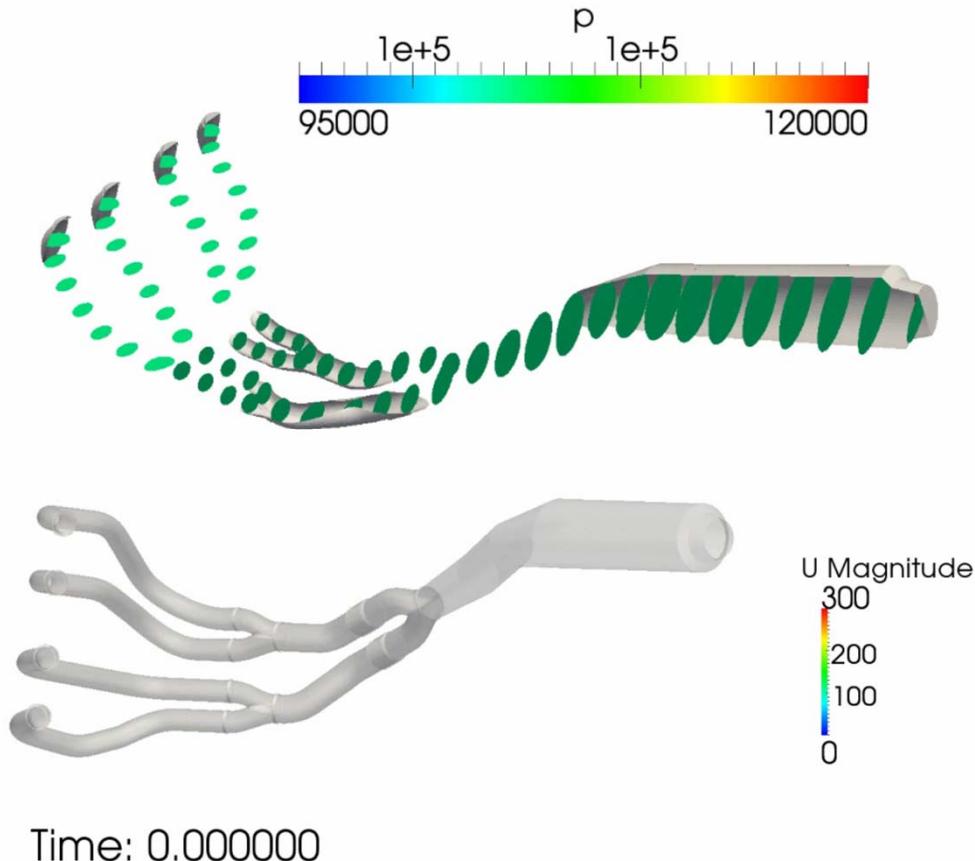
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- Heat exchanger models
 - Single stream
 - Dual stream
 - **Porous solid**
- Thermal boundary conditions
 - **Thermal wall functions**
 - Thin wall conduction
 - Radiation aware boundaries
- Thermal function objects
 - Heat balance
 - Solar radiation
 - Comfort models

iconCFD THERMAL

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- Incompressible / **Compressible**
- Optional Buoyancy
- Humidity
- Conjugate Heat Transfer
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iconCFD THERMAL UNDER-HOOD VALIDITY

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Case :

- Car under-hood
 - primary & secondary fans
 - dual stream heat exchanger

Objective :

- Validate iconCFD Thermal
- Compare performance and accuracy with leading commercial tool
- Compare with experimental measurements

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iconCFD THERMAL UNDER-HOOD VALIDITY

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- Solver used : iconHotRhoPisoFoam
- Fan models : Polynomial (baffle)
- Heat exchanger : liquidCoolerSimple
 - Uses interpolation in specifications table
- Boundary Conditions :
 - Fixed Temperatures on bonnet and transmission

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5000 it / 36 cores	iconCFD	Code X	Experiment
Heat Dissipation (heat exchanger)	41.9kW	35.9kW	45.7 kW
Cells (Million)	30.2	28.3	N/A
Time	88h	89.3h	N/A

AGENDA

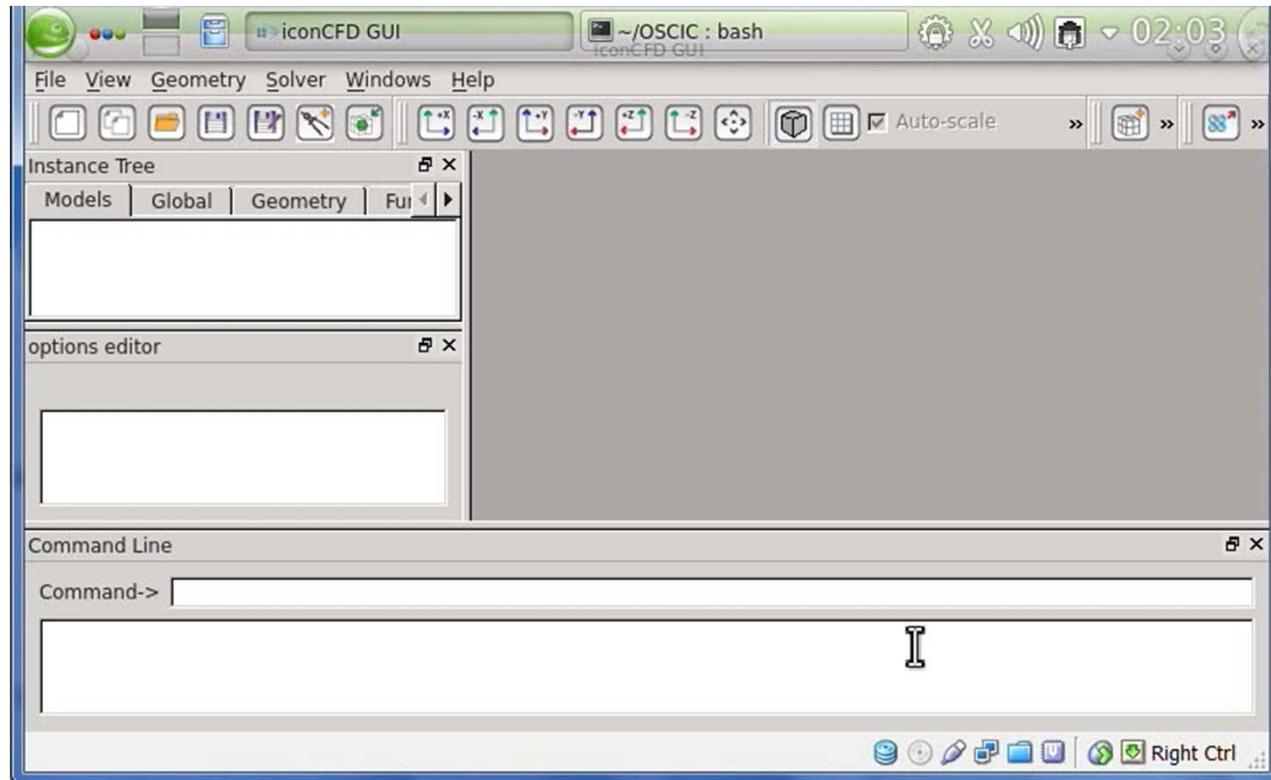
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- Introduction
- iconCFD Process
- iconCFD Wrap
- iconCFD Mesh
- iconCFD Cold
- iconCFD Thermal
- iconCFD Optimize
- iconCFD VOF
- Conclusion



iconCFD OPTIMIZE

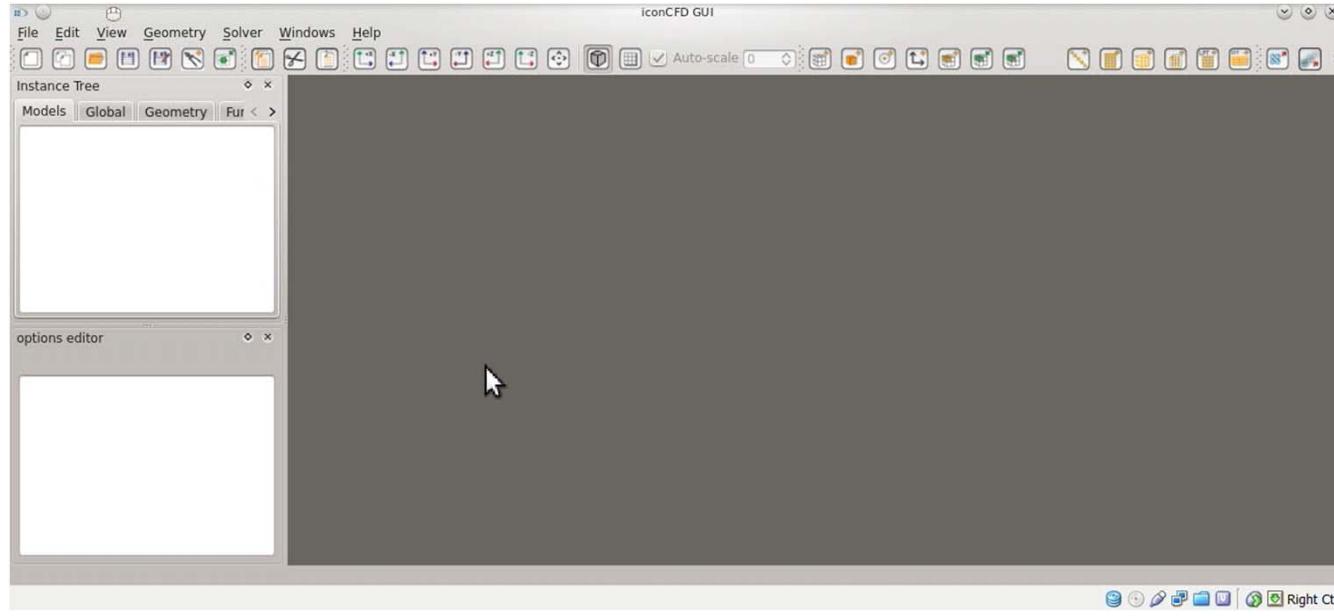
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- Adjoint optimization solvers
 - Shape optimization
 - Topology optimization
- Adjoint turbulent models
 - Spalart-Allmaras
 - k-Epsilon
- DES primal support
- Sub-case capability
 - Local optimization
- Cost functions
 - Lift / Drag control
 - Power dissipation
 - Flow uniformity
 - Mass-flow rate
 - Swirl

iconCFD OPTIMIZE

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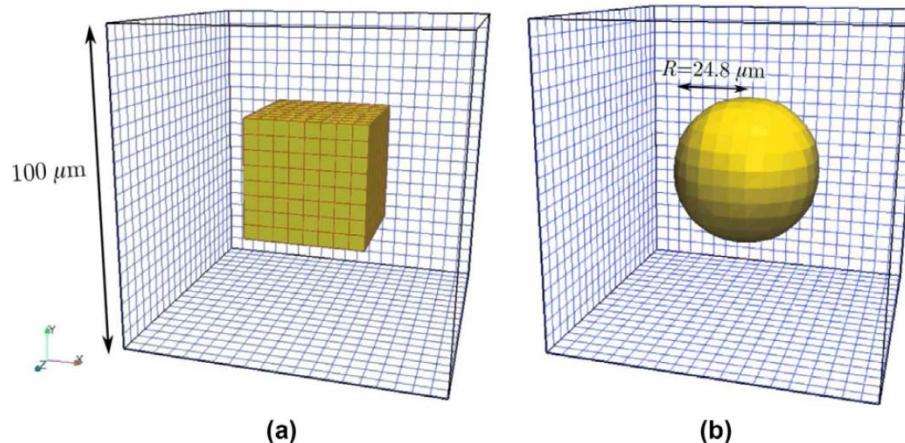


iconCFD VOF STATIONARY DROPLET

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Focus of developments:

- Allow larger time steps for large scale simulations.
- Solve the “micro” problems first.



Testcase description :

Modelling two-phase flow in porous media at the pore scale using the volume-of-fluid method – Journal of Computational Physics 231 (2012) - Ali Q. Raeini [...]

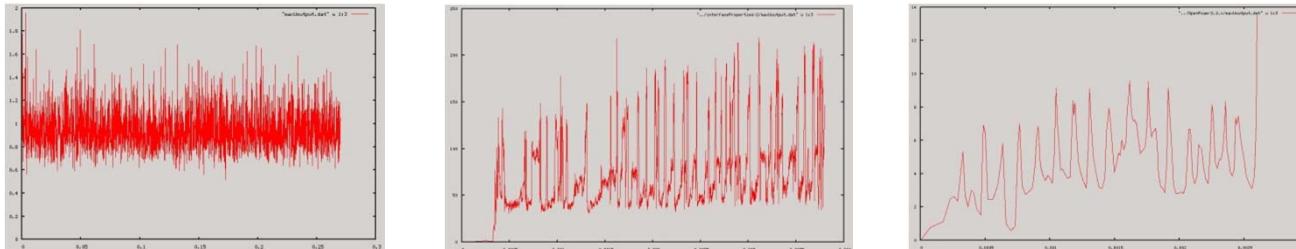
- **Validated multi-phase flow**
- **Transient / Pseudo-transient**
- **Newtonian fluids**
- Non-Newtonian fluids
- Sloshing models (time varying)
- MRF
- **Parasitic currents reduction**
- Automatic interface refinement with load balancing
- Advanced boundary conditions
 - Dynamic contact angle
 - Fixed contact angle

iconCFD VOF STATIONARY DROPLET

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Comparison of 3 solvers:

- **1 iconInterPisoFoam** (iconCFD 3.0)
- **2 interPisoFoam** (iconCFD 3.0 without improved interface numerics & corrections)
- **3 interFoam** (OpenFOAM® 2.2.x)



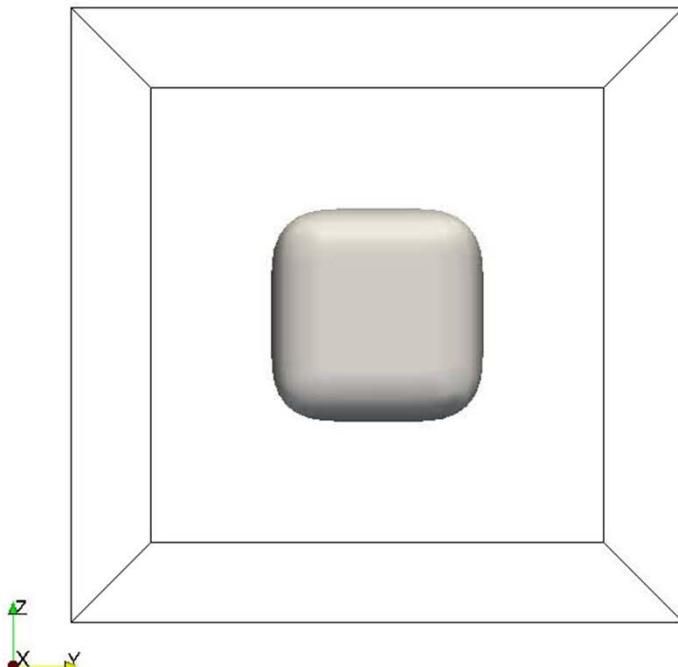
iconInterPisoFoam	interPisoFoam	interFoam
$0.6 < \max(U) < 1.4$	$\max(U) > 50$	diverges (10+)

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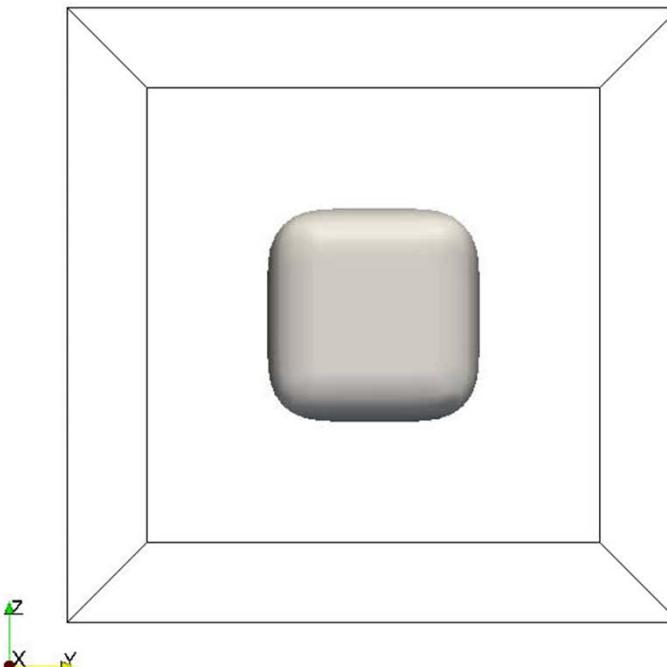
iconCFD VOF STATIONARY DROPLET

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Time: 0.000000



iconInterPisoFoam

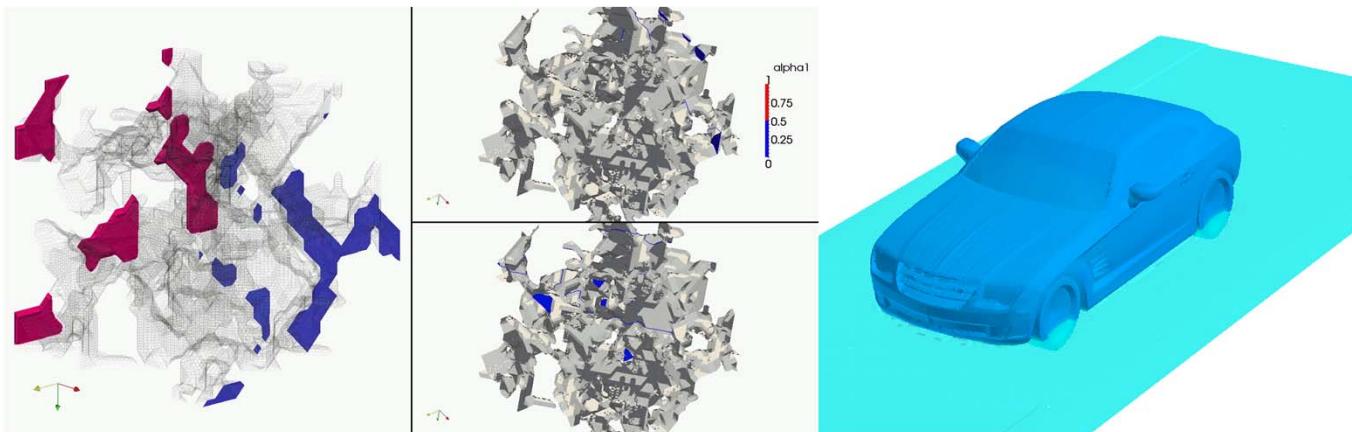


interPisoFoam

iconCFD VOF STATIONARY DROPLET

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Solver	Solution Time Step [s]	deltaT [s]	Execution Time [s]
iconInterPisoFoam	0.001000486	5e-7	148.7
interPisoFoam	0.001000006	7.4e-9	7438.09
interFoam	0.001000085	9.1e-8	387.36



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iconCFD 3.X OUTLOOK

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- Foundations set for the next 3 years :
 - **iconCFD Transonic**
 - **iconCFD Waves**
 - **iconCFD React**
 - **iconCFD Move**
 - **iconCFD ...**

- **iconCFD Transonic**
- **iconCFD Waves**
- **iconCFD React**
- **iconCFD Move**