



IDAJ公司

48V动力总成振动分析

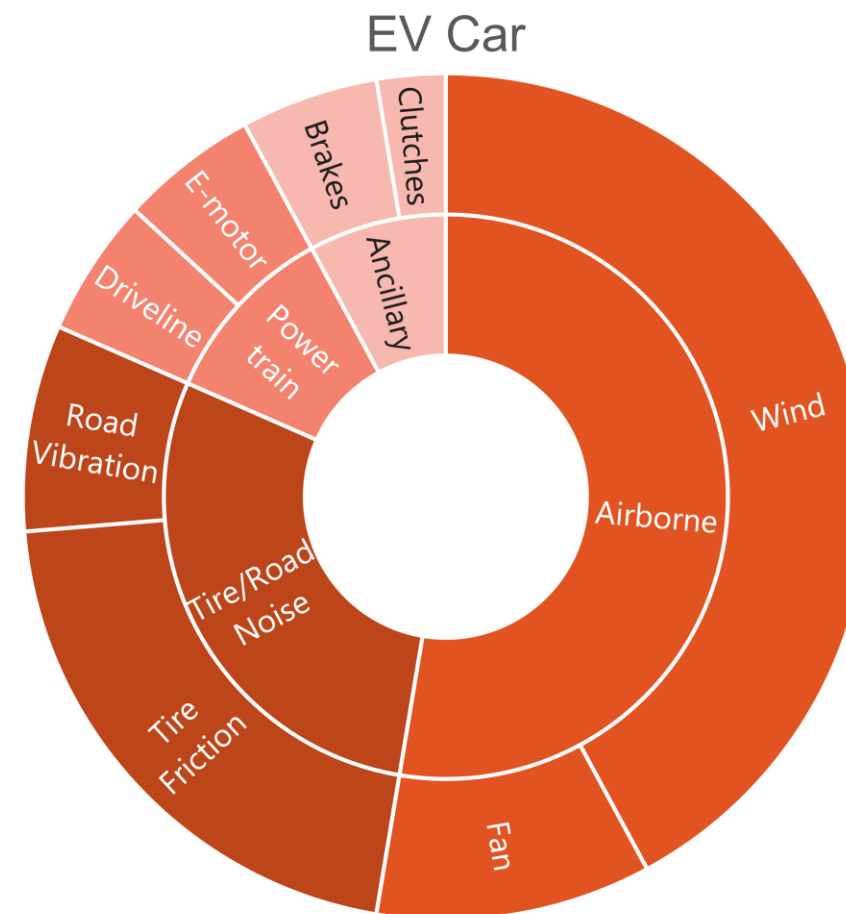
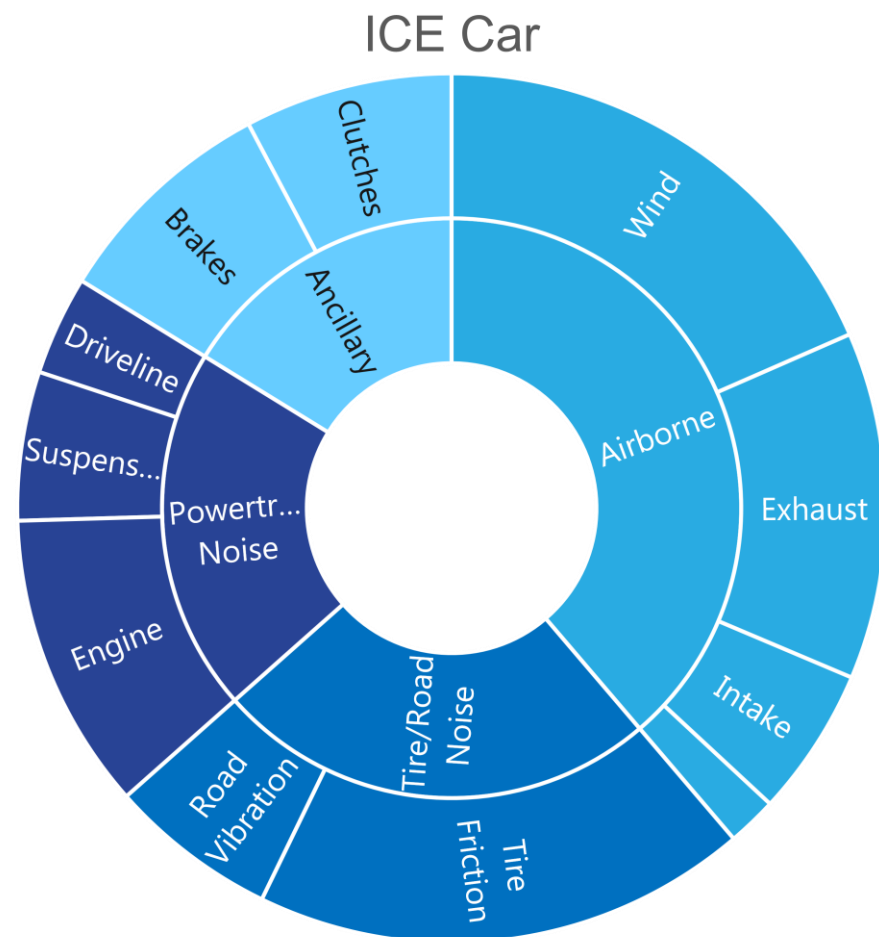
IDAJ中国
GT小组

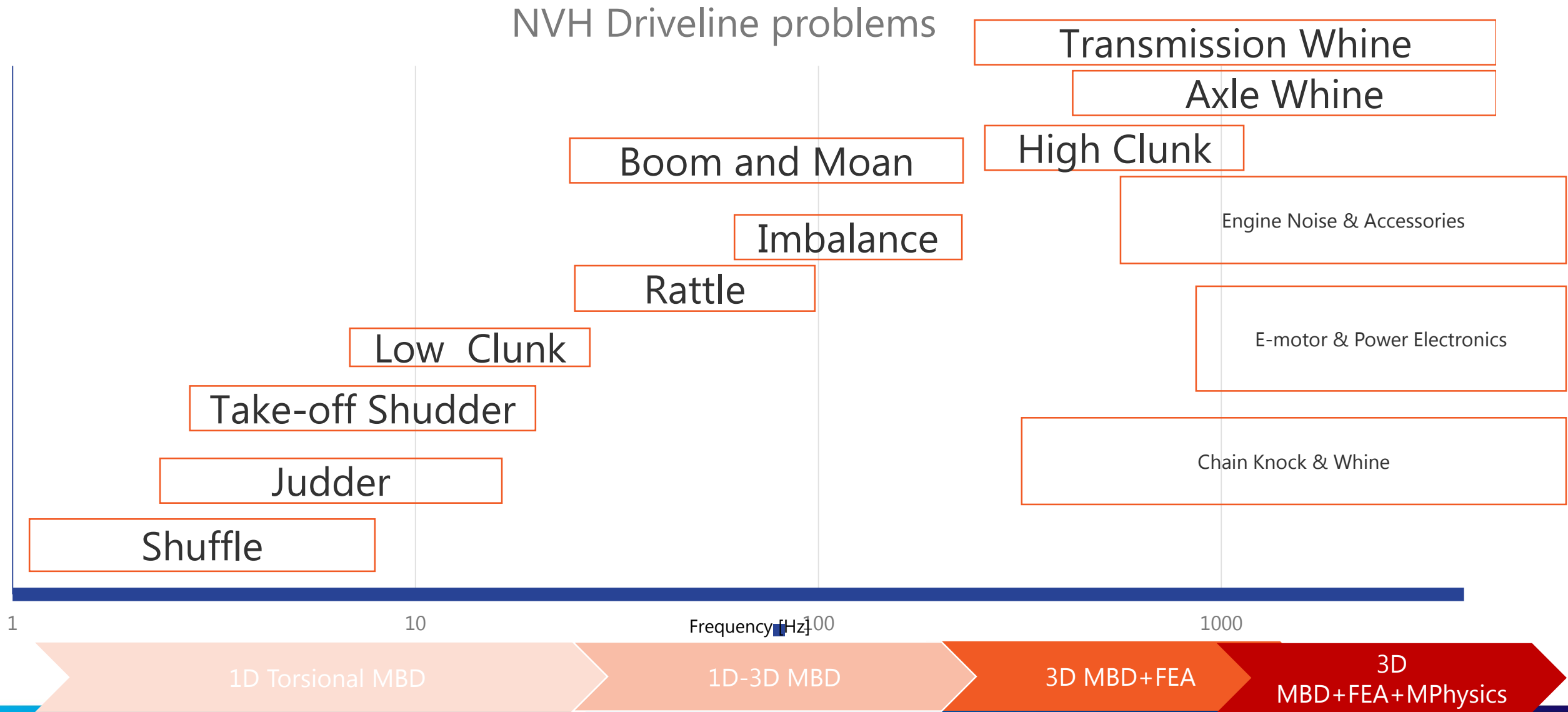
目录

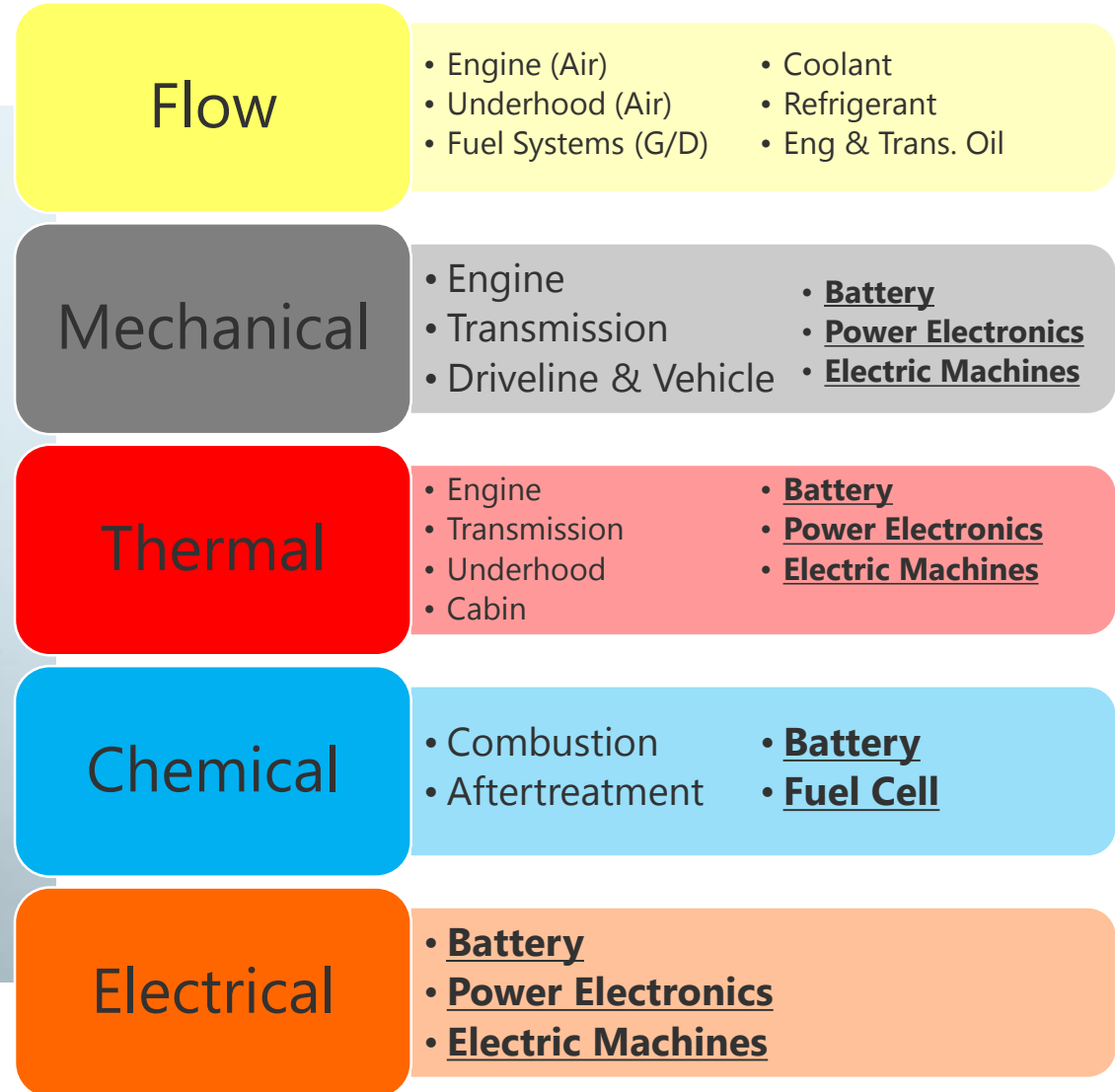
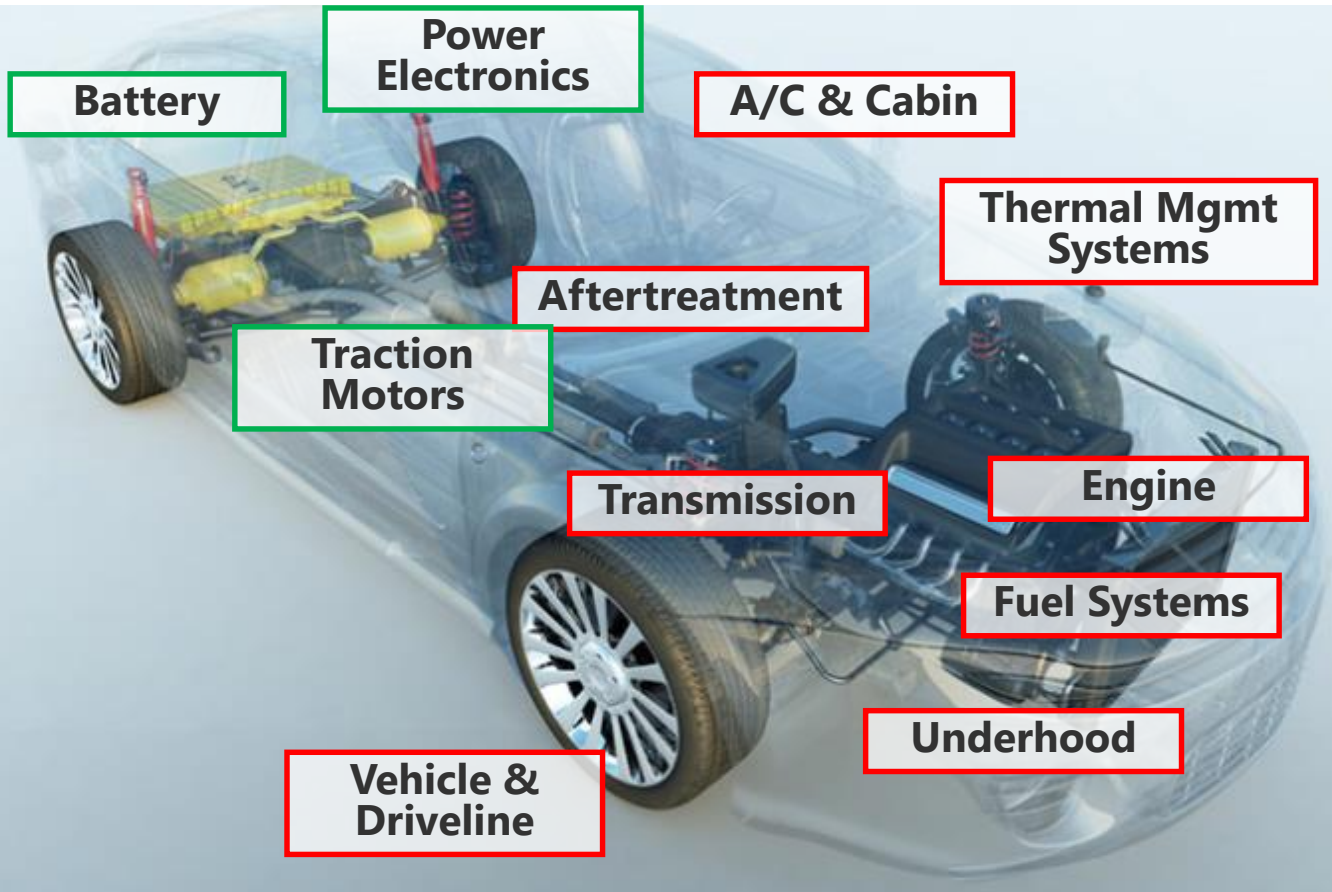
1. 48V振动分析简介
2. 重要部件分析
3. 应用举例
4. 总结

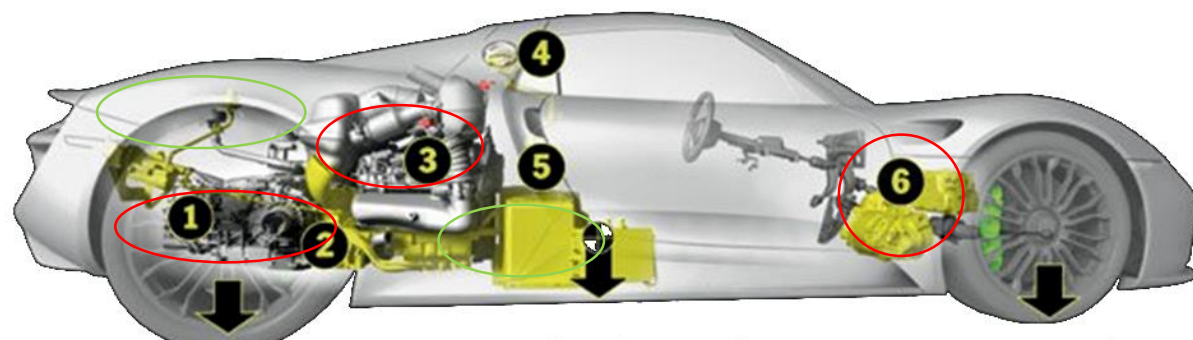
■ 电气化“揭露”了动力系统机械噪音的新来源

■ 低速时问题严重





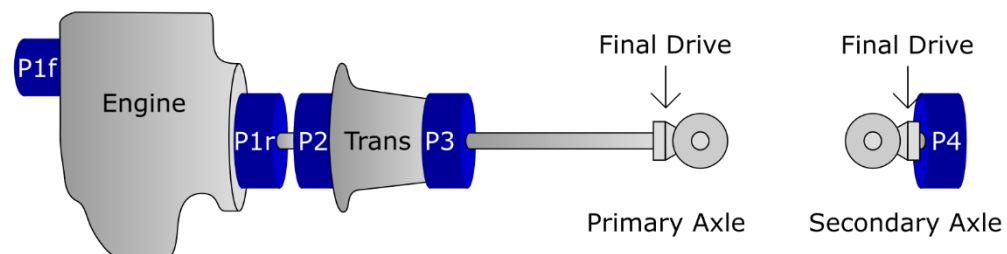




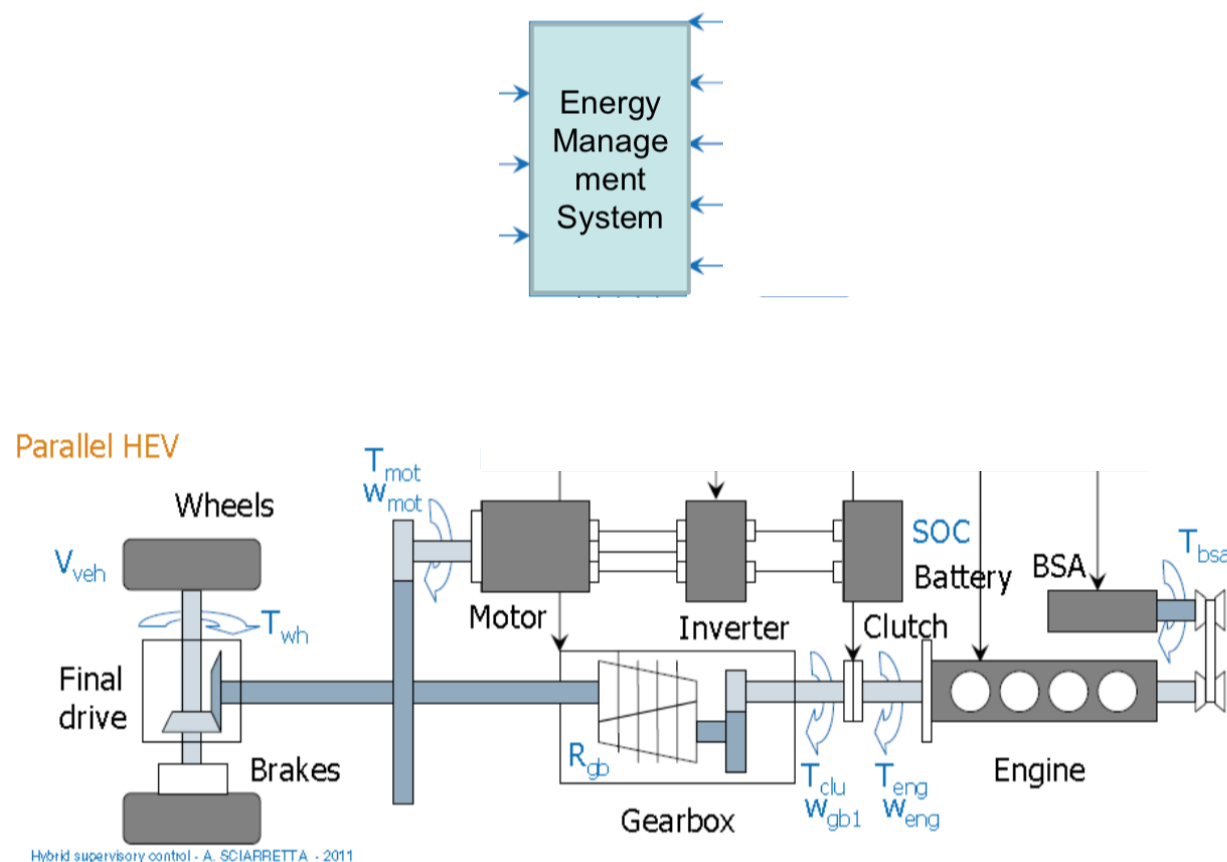
 Power Actuators

 Energy Sources

Definition of a Proper Architecture



- 能源管理系统定义了电源之间的运行模式和功率分配策略



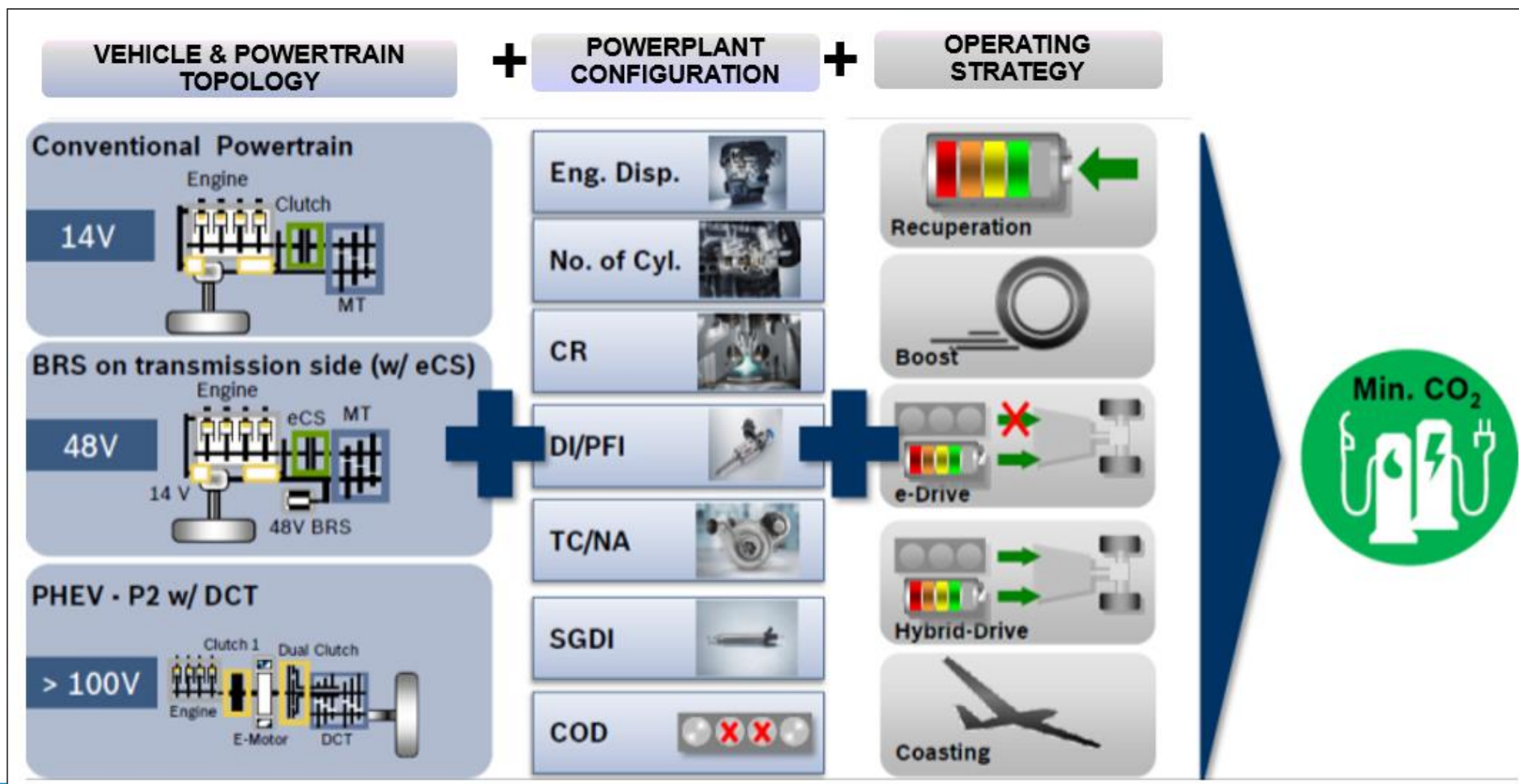
High-level tasks → energy optimization, battery SOC control, etc.)

Low level Control Problem → air/fuel ration of the SI engine, current control of the electric motor, Inverter etc.)

- GT-SUITE是虚拟评估先进车辆系统的理想平台



Example from:
Robert Bosch
GT Conference



■ 确定瞬态机动时的共振源

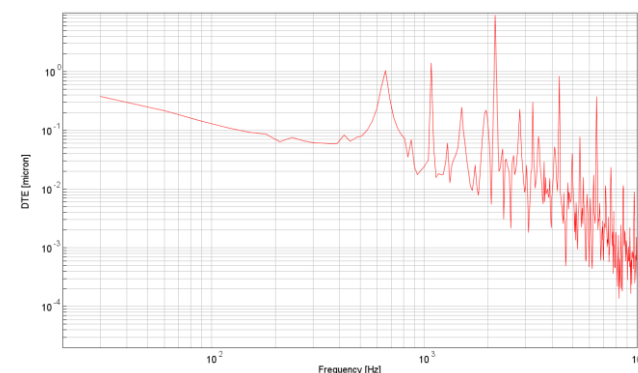
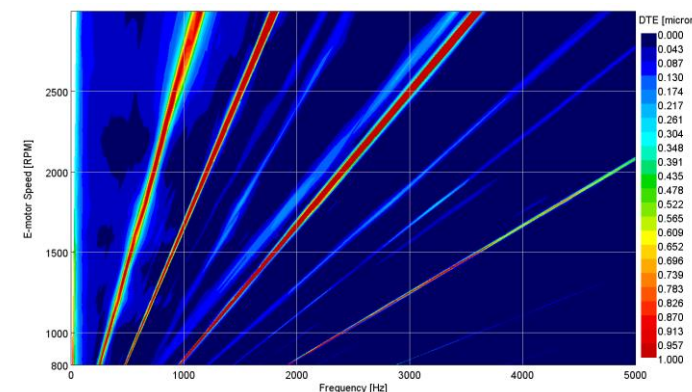
- Tip-in, shift, change of mind, lugging...

■ 识别系统的交互

- 了解控制的影响
- 优化校准

■ 修改的:

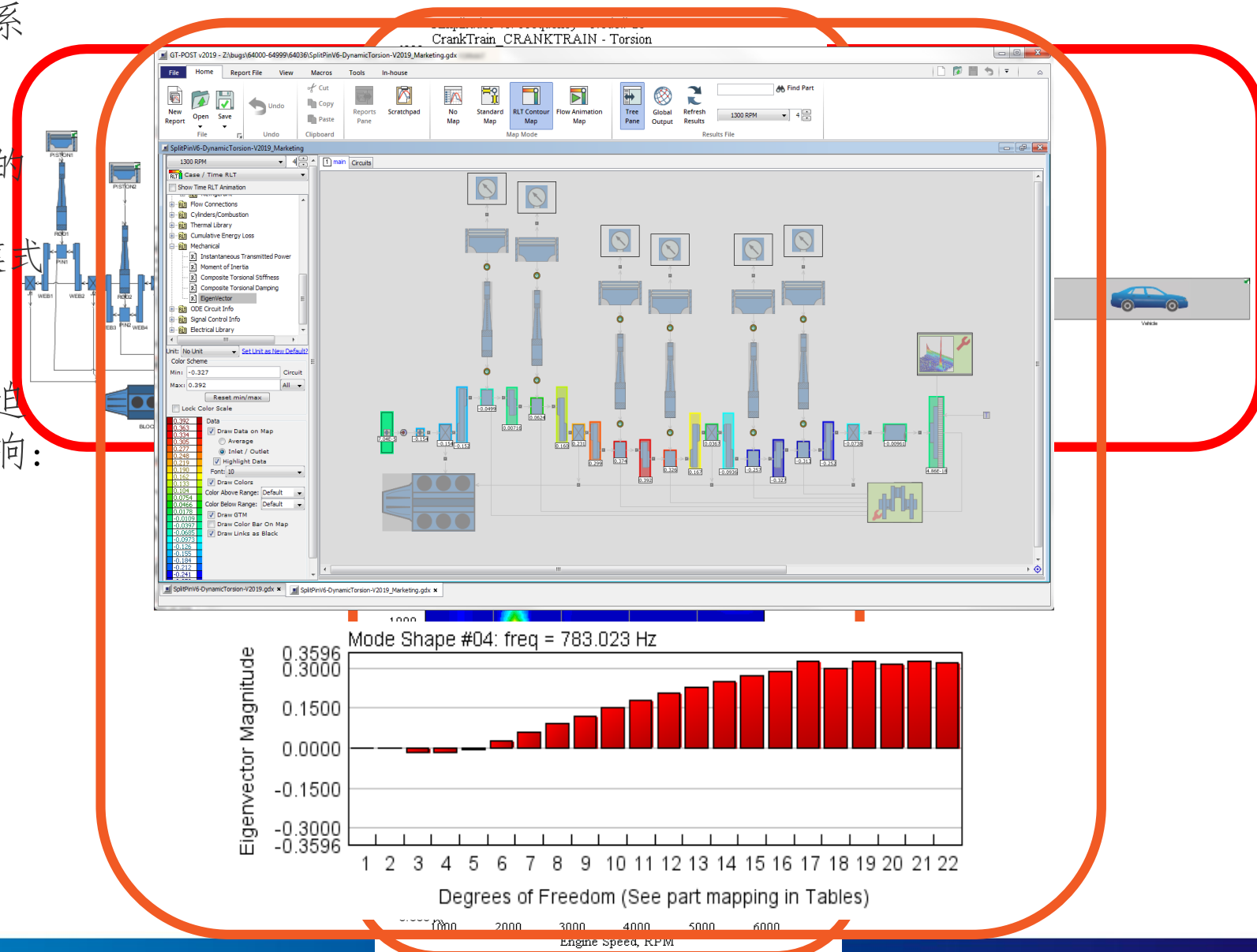
- 系统级
- 部件级 (齿轮几何, 轴承, 轴)



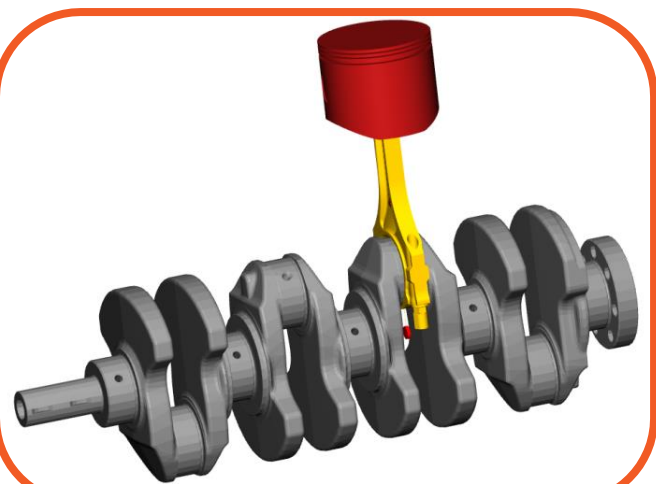
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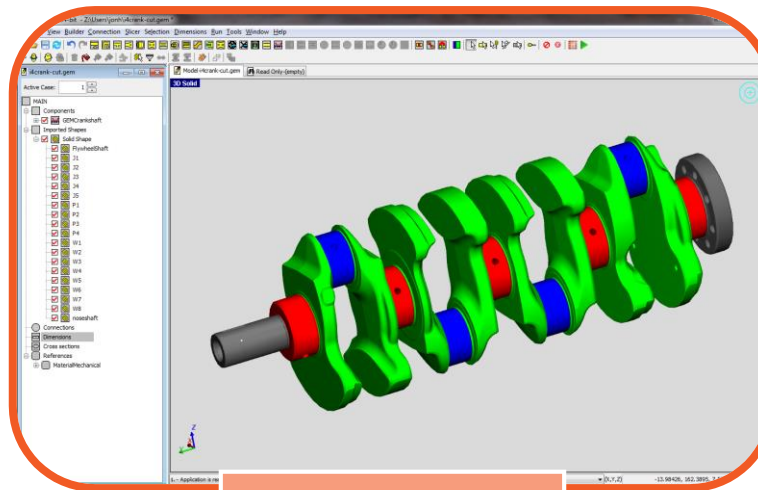
- 通过自定义模态分析快速表征传动系统扭转模式, 包括:
 - 频率相关的刚度和阻尼效应
 - 分支系统 (e.g. 带动力传动系统的发动机)
 - 在一个用户友好的方式输出本征模式和频率
- 通过使用速度扫描来进行自定义受迫振动的频率分析来评估强制功能影响:
 - 自动检测/包含共振速度
 - 受迫函数的谐波含量



发动机振动分析: 发动机不平衡和偏置分析



CAD Model



GEM3D Wizard

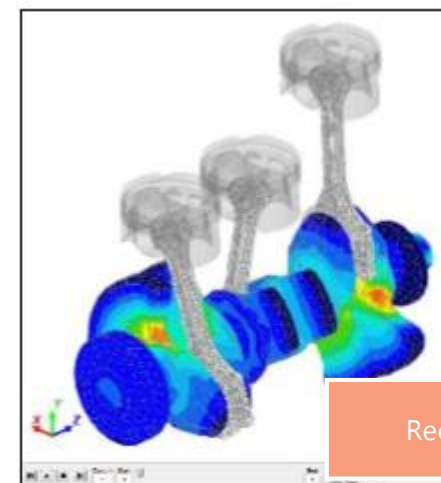


SuperElement

GT-SUITE

- 能够预测动态发动机偏转和不平衡问题:

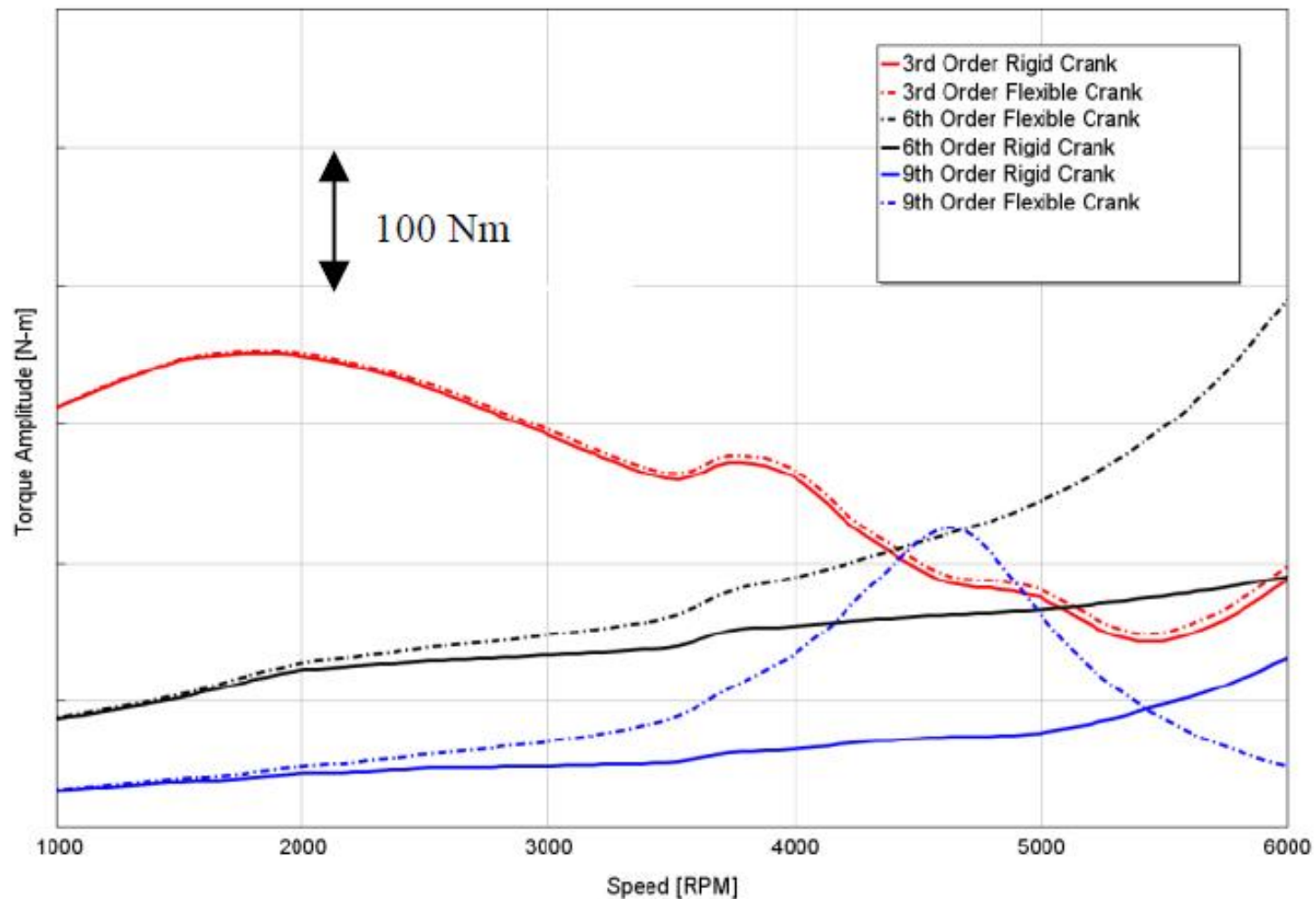
- 专业的GEM3D向导来导入几何图形
- 3-D梁有限元 (Timoschenko Elements) 方式或 3D FE 超级单元
- 定制等高线图来分析结果

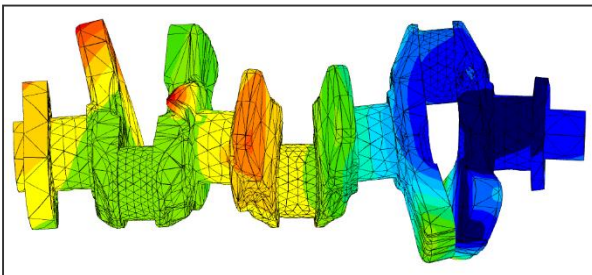


Recovered Strain Contour

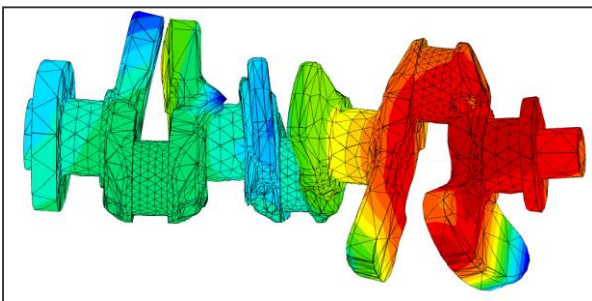


■ 柔性体掩盖了更高的引擎阶次

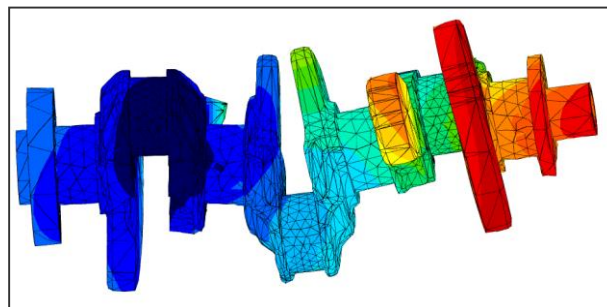




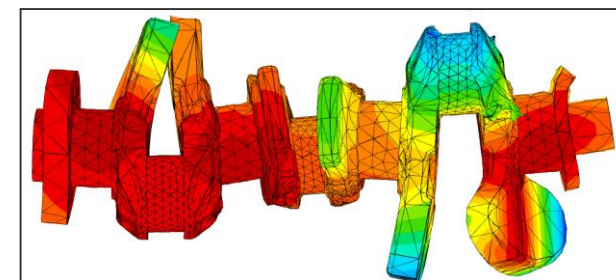
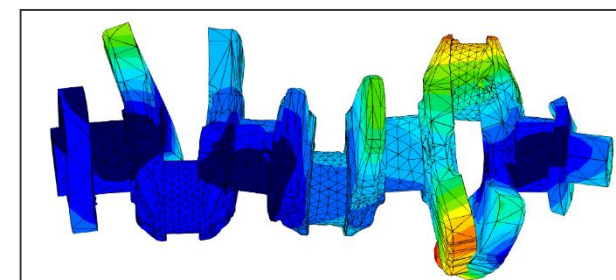
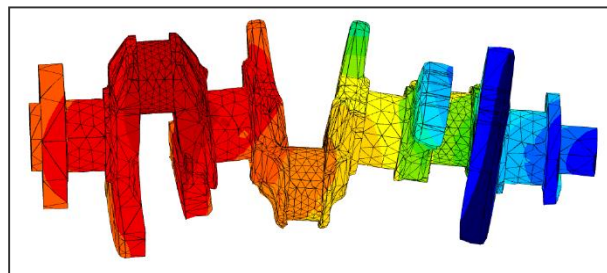
1st Mode

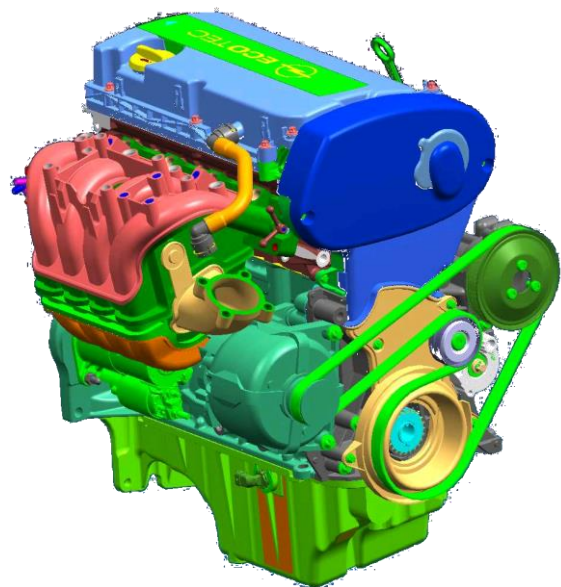


2nd Mode

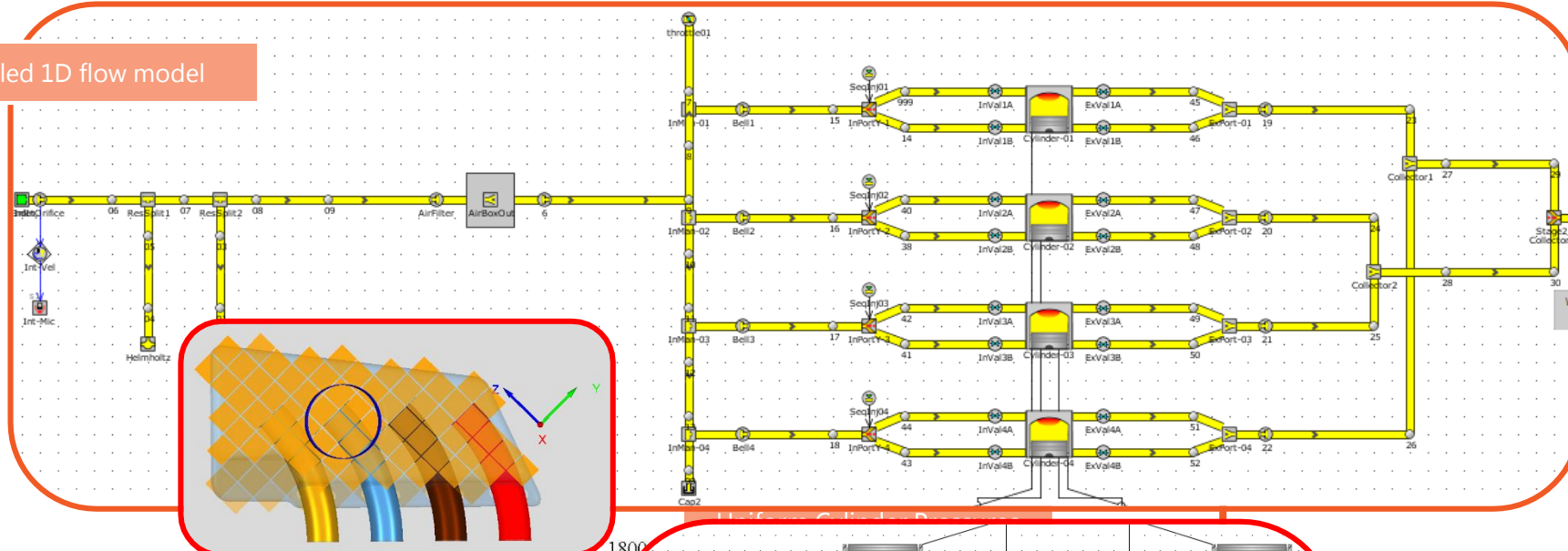


3rd Mode

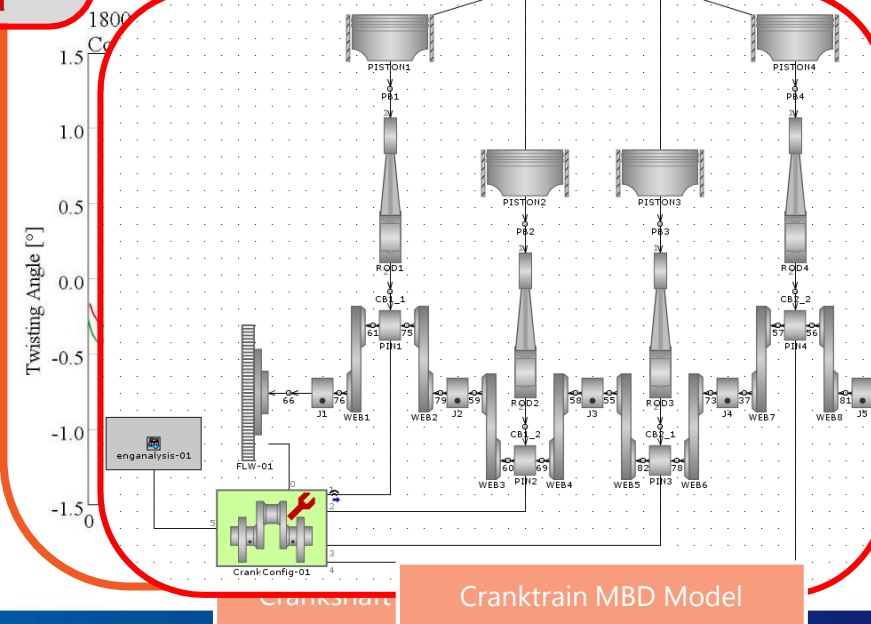


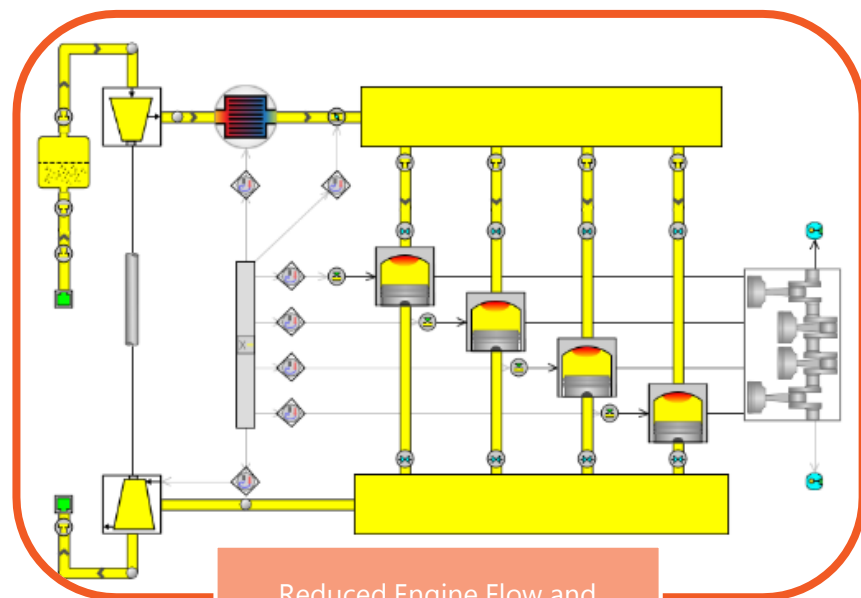


Detailed 1D flow model



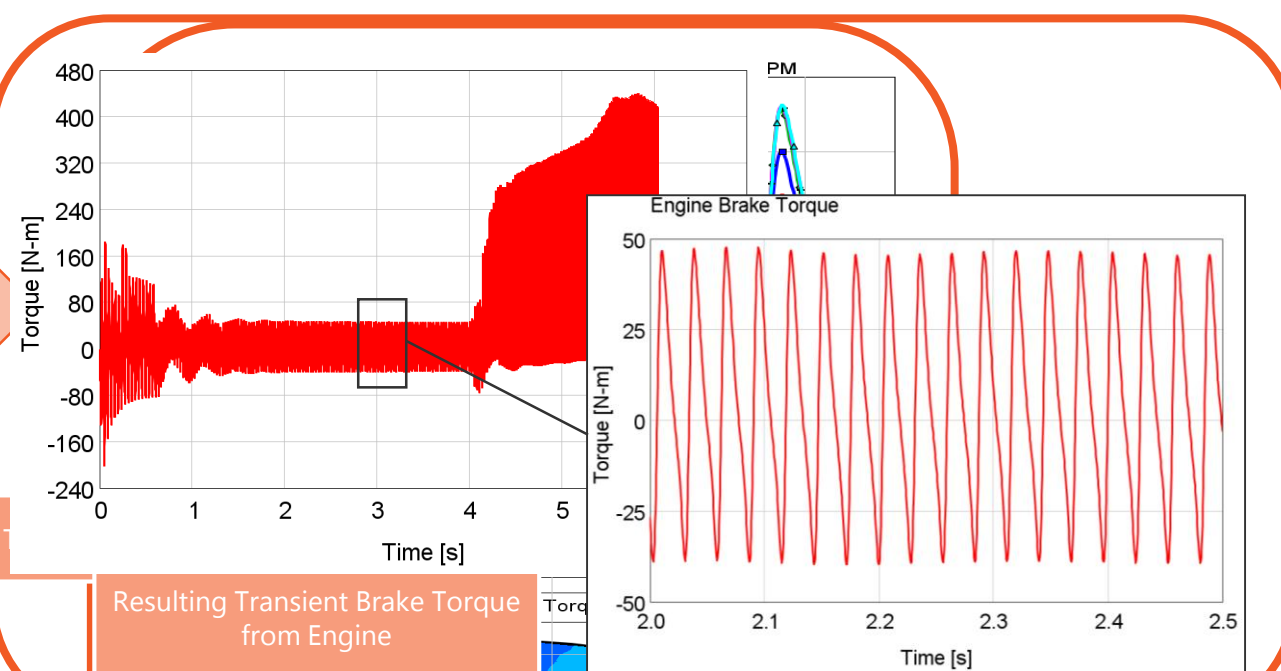
- 通过建立结构-流体耦合模型，捕捉瞬态气体动力学现象(失火、发动机起动、怠速)的影响：
 - 从进气到排气的一维热力学和流体动力学模拟，包括详细的燃烧过程
 - 解决由于曲轴动力学引起的汽缸压力的变化



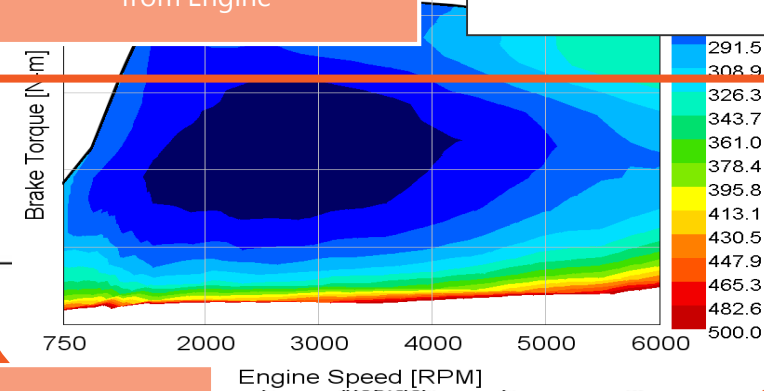


Reduced Engine Flow and Combustion Model

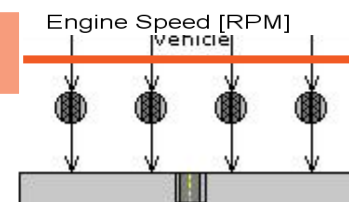
与传动系统的其余部分相结合，预测瞬态载荷



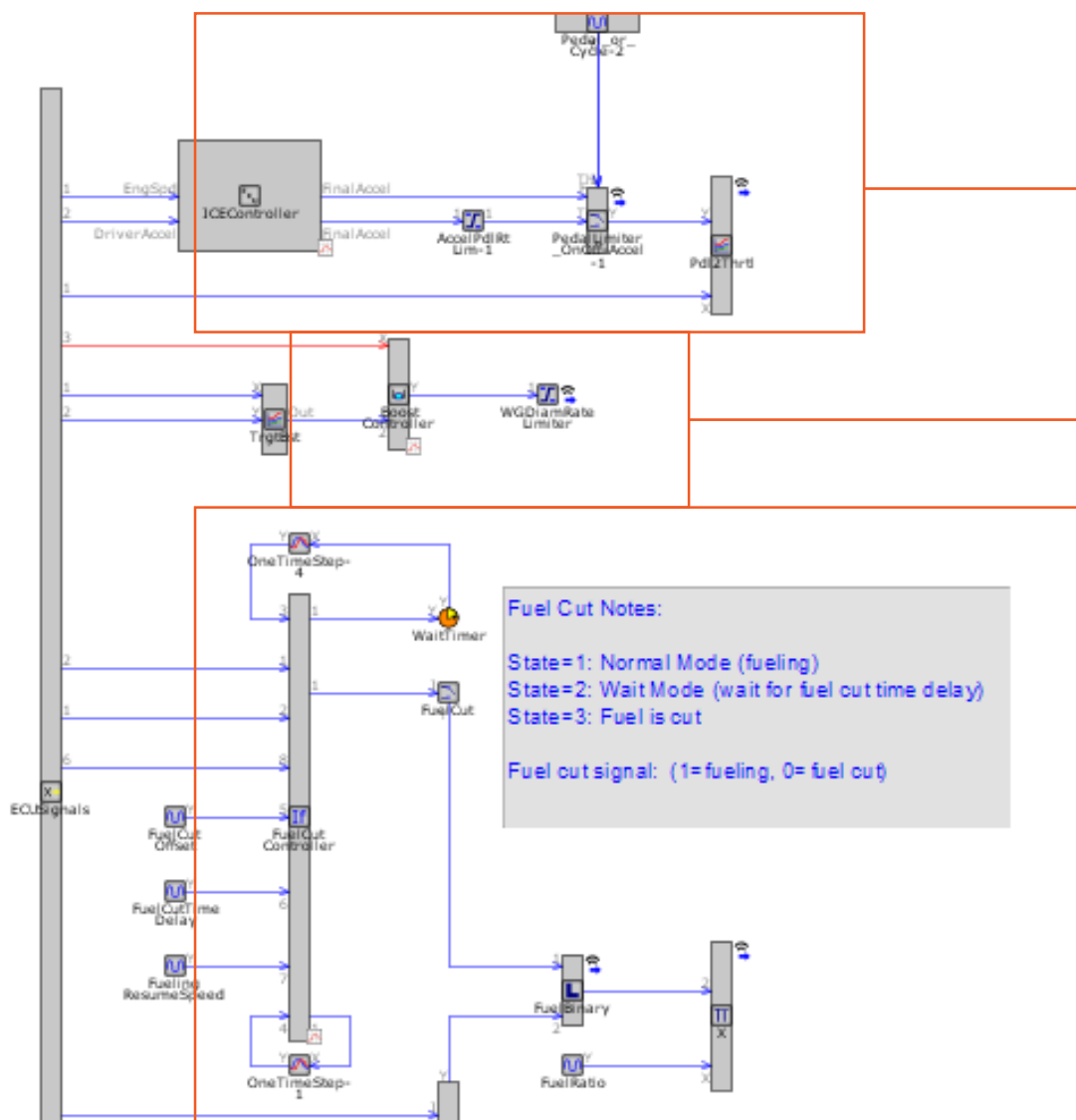
Resulting Transient Brake Torque from Engine



Mean Engine Torque Map



- 由于气缸燃烧现象，预测GT-POWER发动机提供物理上准确的发动机扭矩和油耗输出，作为发动机转速和负荷要求的函数
- 快速运行模型通常是简化的瞬态分析与传动系统耦合

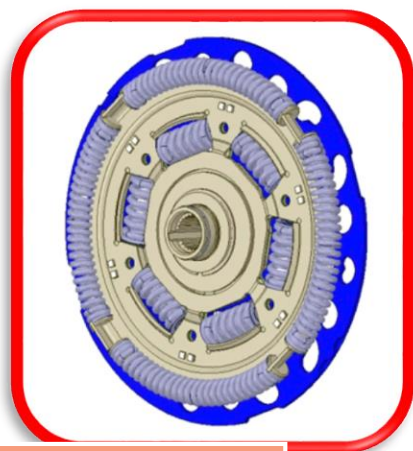


基于引擎速度和油门踏板使用PI控制来调整油门

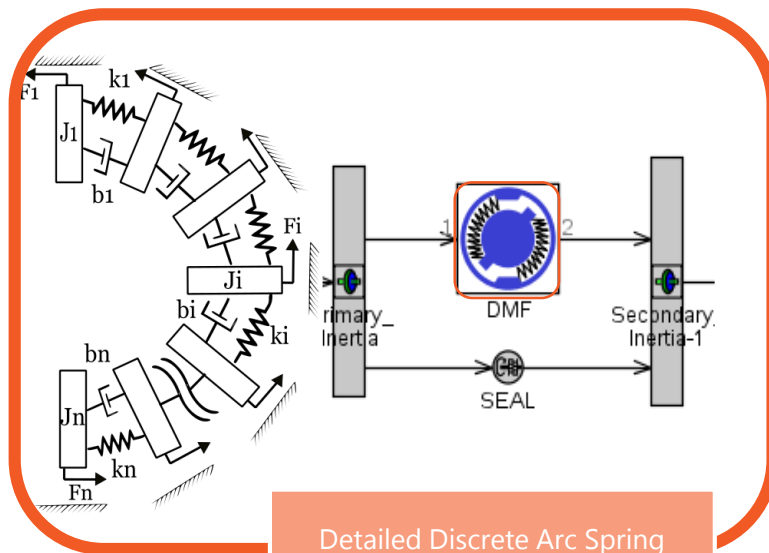
使用PI控制器根据发动机转速、油门踏板和压缩机压力来调整增压

使用二进制逻辑确定是否进行燃料切断

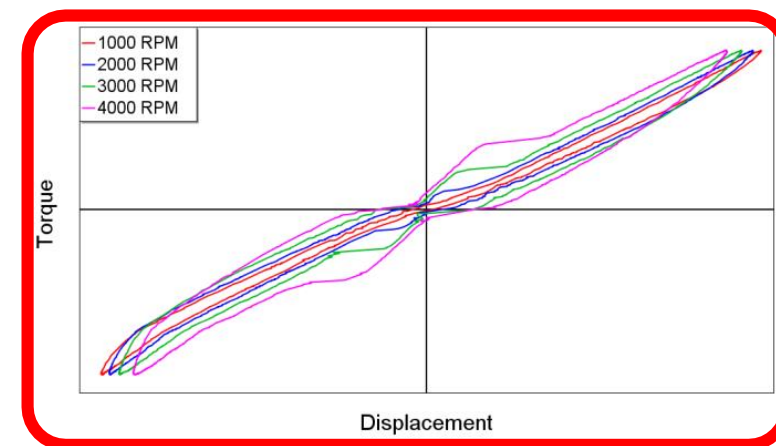
■ 扭转阻尼器建模



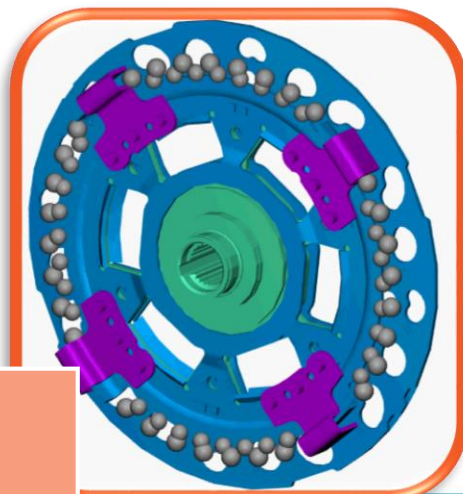
Extract Spring Data From Supplier



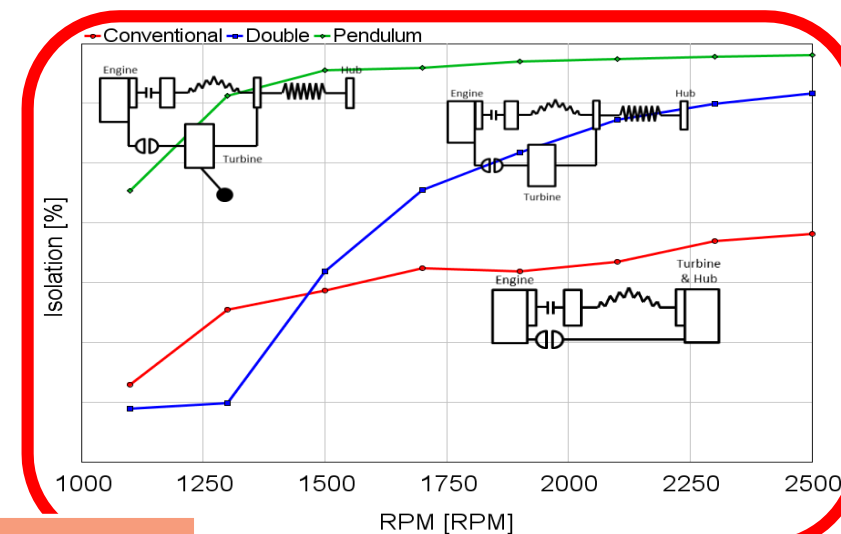
Detailed Discrete Arc Spring Model



Calibrate to hysteresis data



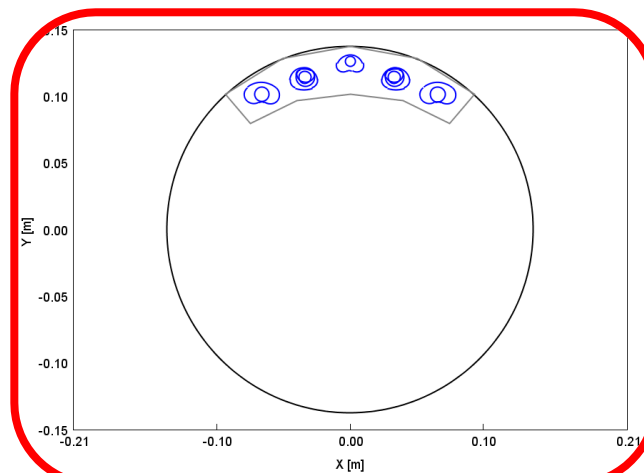
Visualize 3D motion



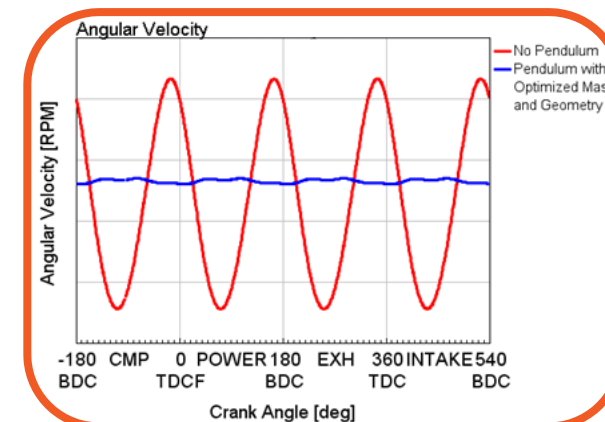
Analyze Isolation Performance for different architectures



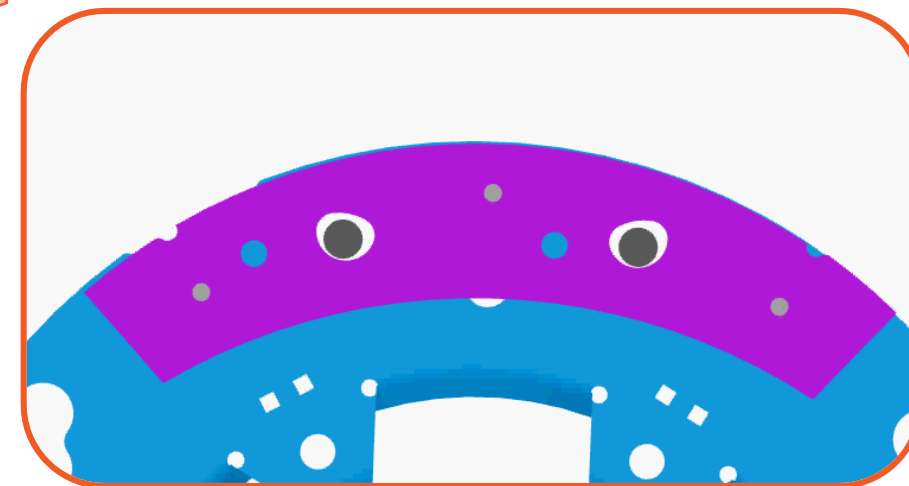
Physical Hardware



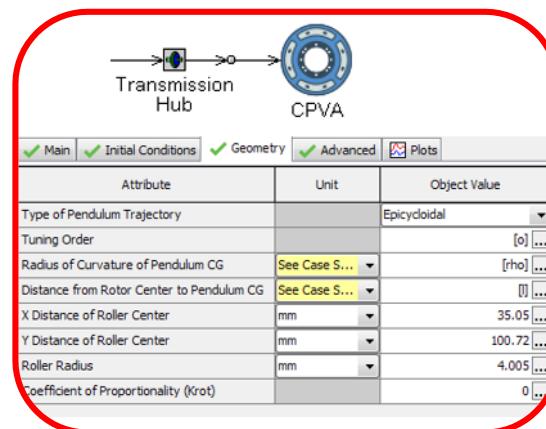
Detailed Contact Geometry



Check on Isolation Performance



3D Animation



Extract geometric characteristics, trajectory and build pendulum model in GT-SUITE

- 复杂的、非线性的、具有平面运动的摆振吸收器，以隔离振荡的阶数
- 用户定义的接触几何辊和钟摆质量
- 传动系统综合模型的简化解

File Home View Flow Thermal Mechanical Convert Dimension Tools INHOUSE Component

New Open Save Import 3D Reload

File

ACIS Export ACIS
STL Export STL
Export Image

Undo
Redo
Stop
Undo

Advanced Copy + Paste
Clipboard

Cut
Copy
Paste

Template Library

Find Template
Find Value

Selection Mode

Box Selection
Drill Mode
Unselect All

Case Setup
Model Export

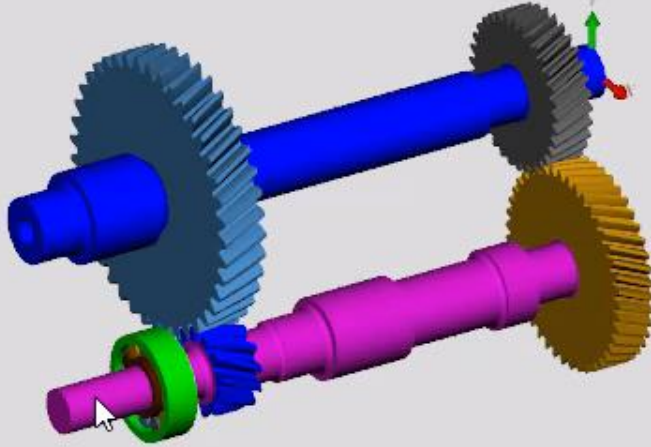
Export GT Model

Active Case: 1

Components
Imported Shapes

- ☒ Solid Shape
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid1
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid2
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid3
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid4
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid5
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid6
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid7
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid8
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid9
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid10
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid11
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid12
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Right-Bearing-Solid13
 - ☒ Input-Shaft-Solid
 - ☒ Lay-Shaft-Solid
 - ☒ Pinion-1-Solid1
 - ☒ Pinion-5-Solid1
 - ☒ Wheel-1-Solid1
 - ☒ Wheel-5-Solid1
- Connections
- Dimensions
- Cross sections
- References
- MaterialMechanical
 - Steel

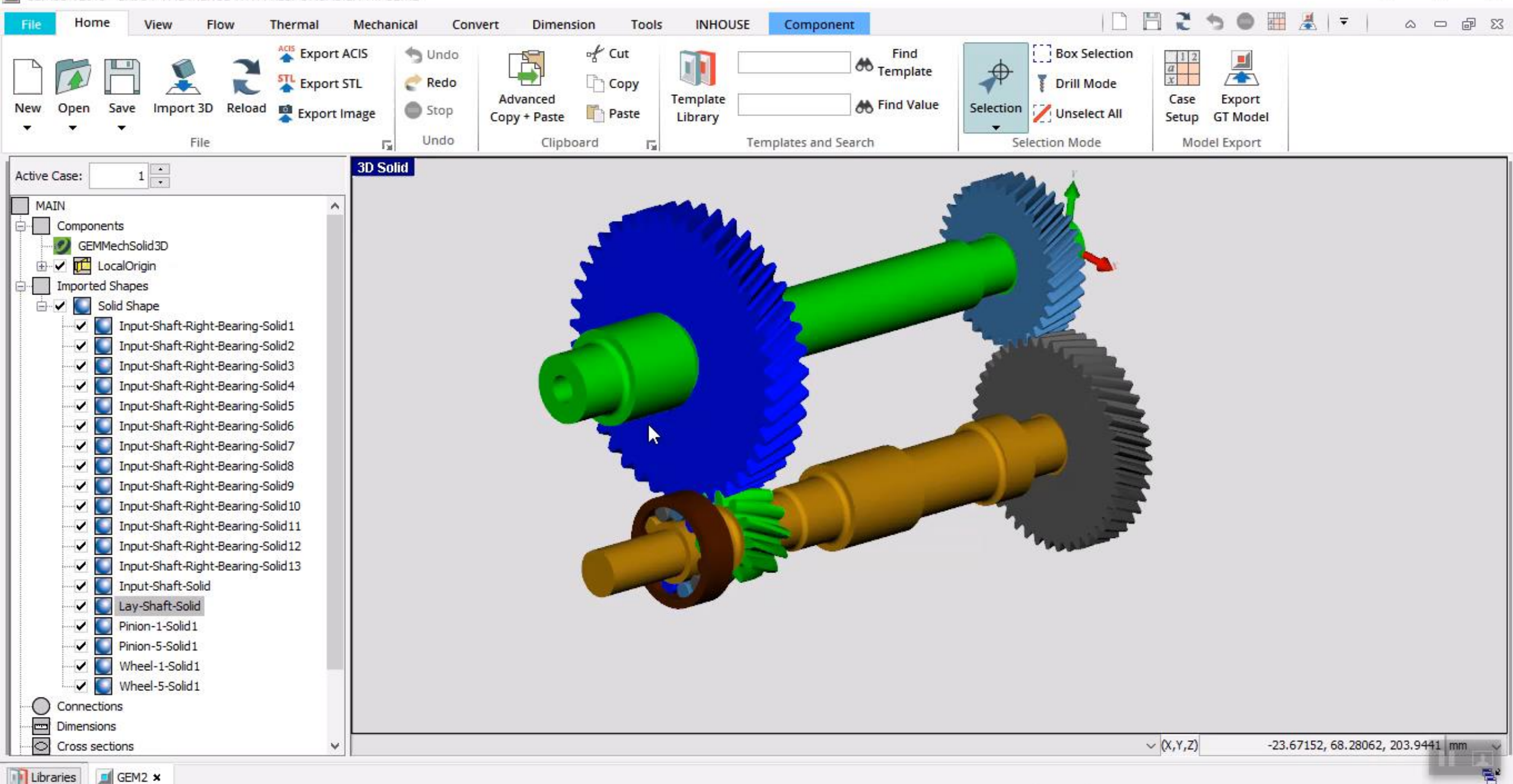
3D Solid

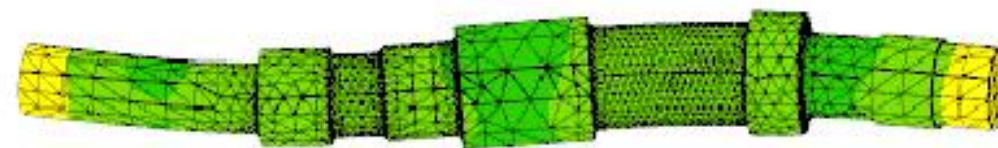
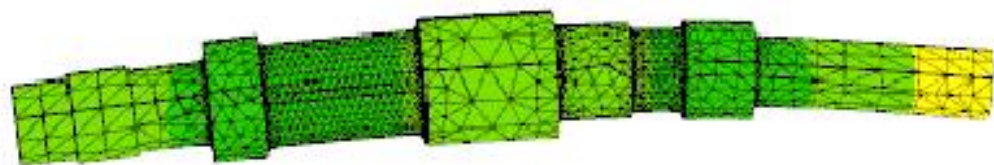


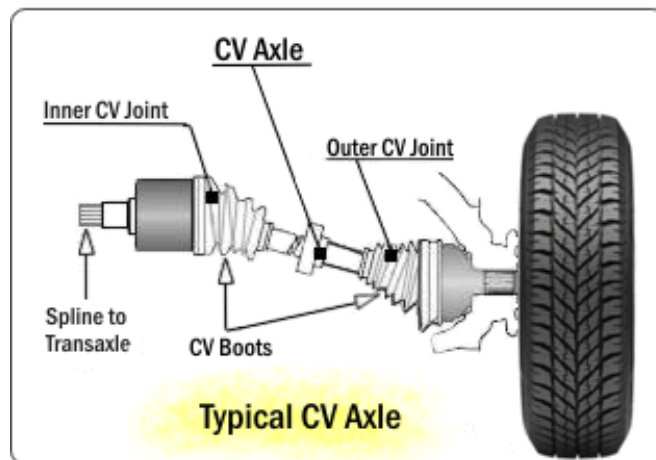
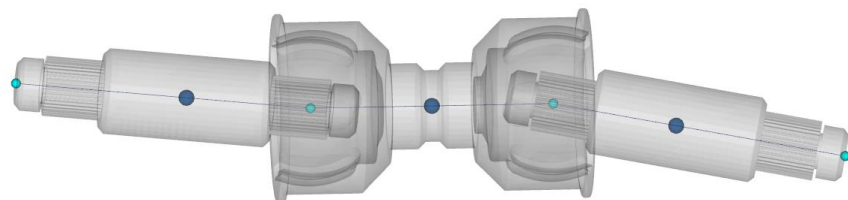
16. - Feature Snap Plane creation cancelled by the user.

(X,Y,Z) 10.8406, 1.956497, 152.2031 mm

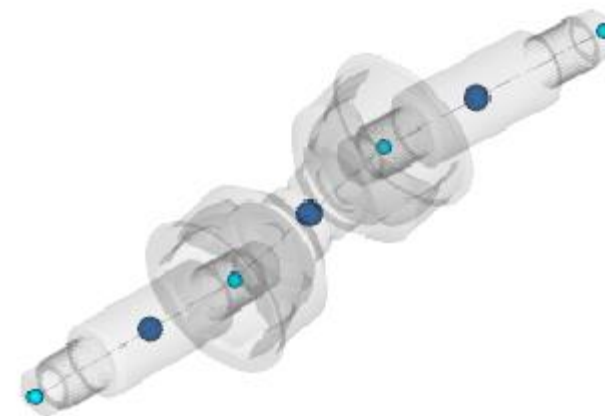
Libraries GEM58 x



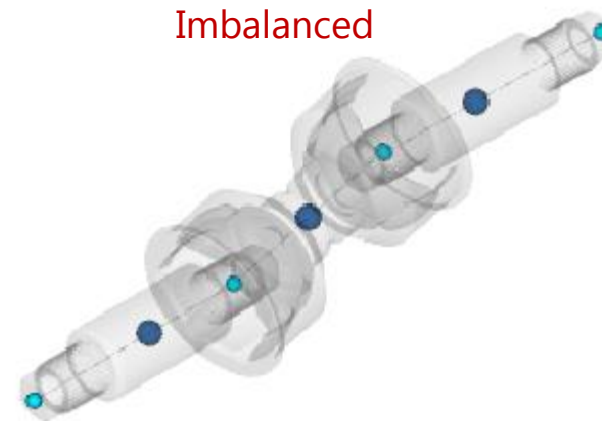




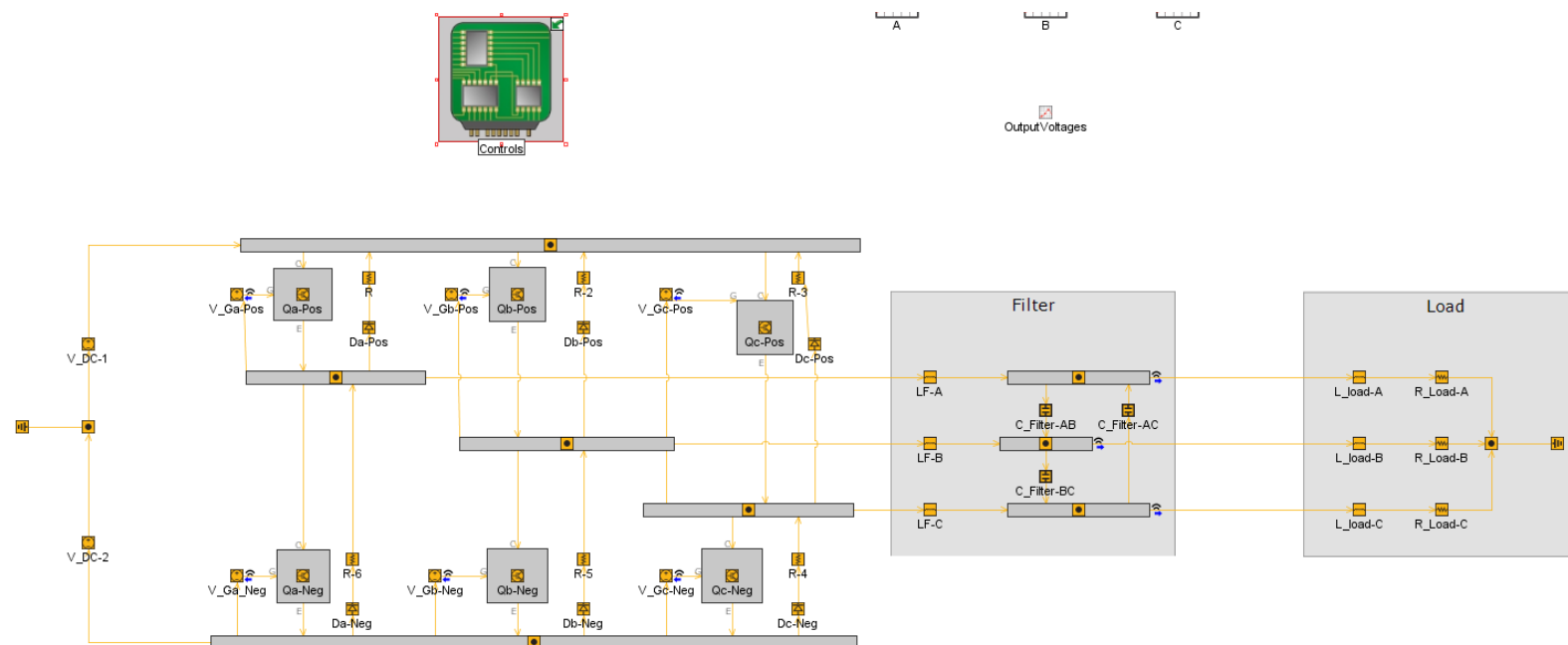
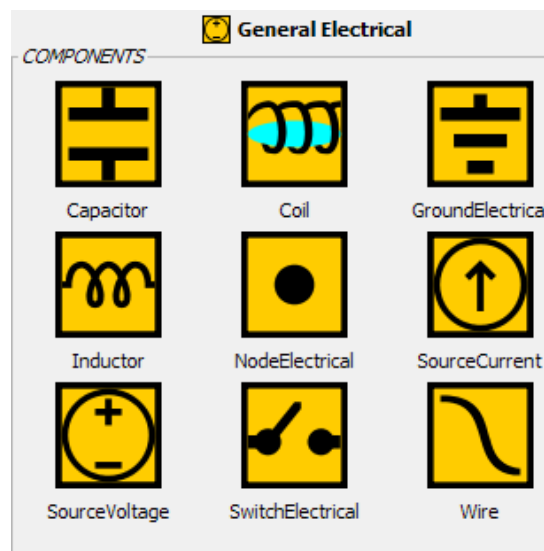
Balanced



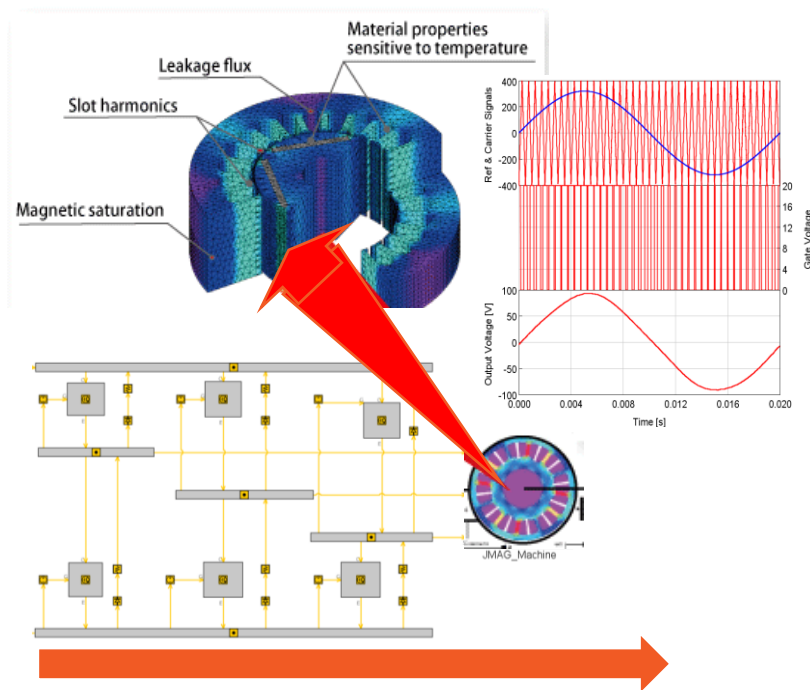
Imbalanced



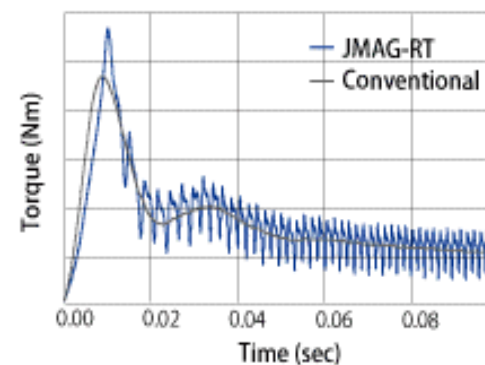
- 逆变器脉宽调制器(PWM) DC-AC
- 逆变器控制策略影响
 - DQ-Controller设置PWM控制的电流目标
- 示例可以在GT-SUITE电气库中获得



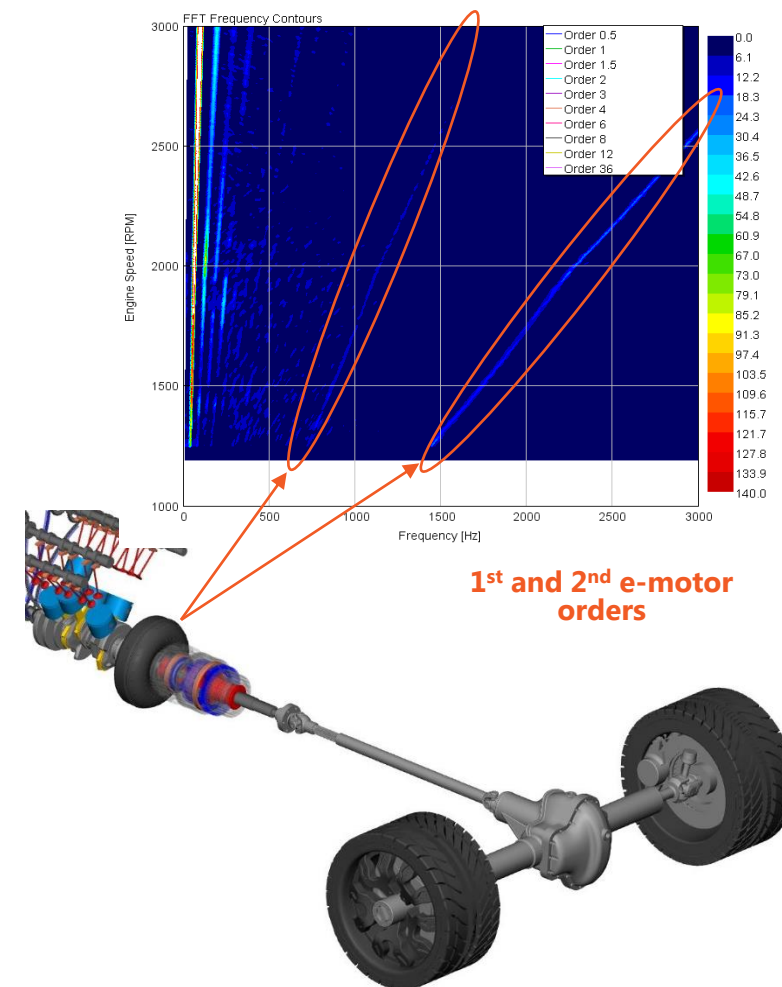
- 与JMAG .RTT文件进行联合仿真
- 可以捕获更高阶的扭矩波动，由于：
 - 逆变器开关频率
 - 定子槽和极



D-Q Control 3-phase currents



Predict E-motor transient torque



Analyze Integrated MBD Driveline Response

- 将电当量模型与通量图结合(需要大量的模型校准)
- 捕捉: 高频动力学, 如磁场与定子槽(齿槽)的相互作用。适用于传动系统NVH

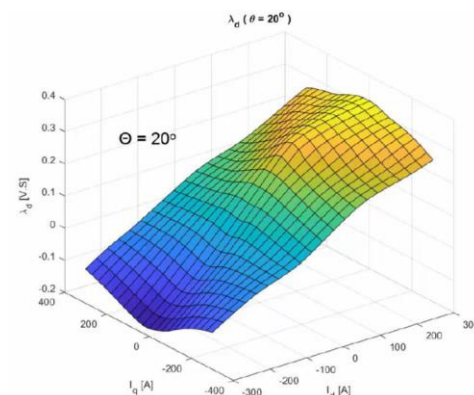
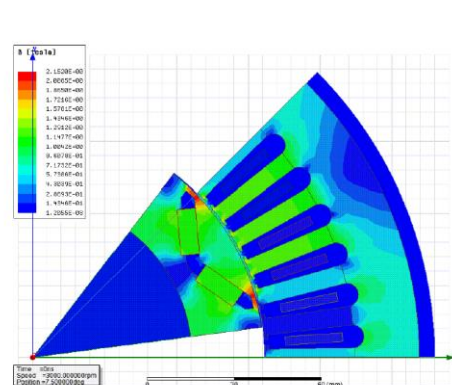
*Lower Model Fidelity
Faster Simulation*

Dynamic
Electrical-
Equivalent

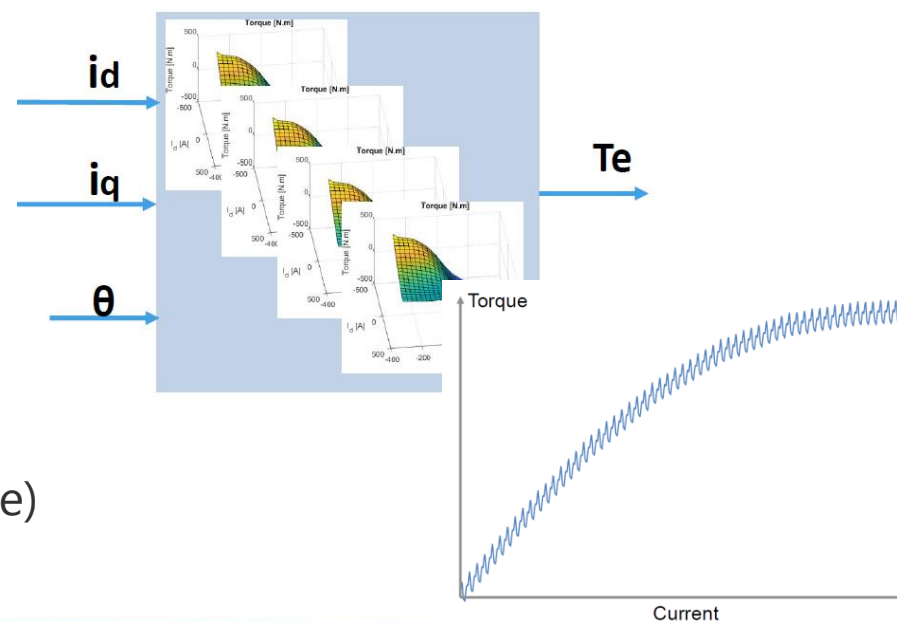
Dynamic
Electrical-
Equivalent +
Spatial
Harmonics

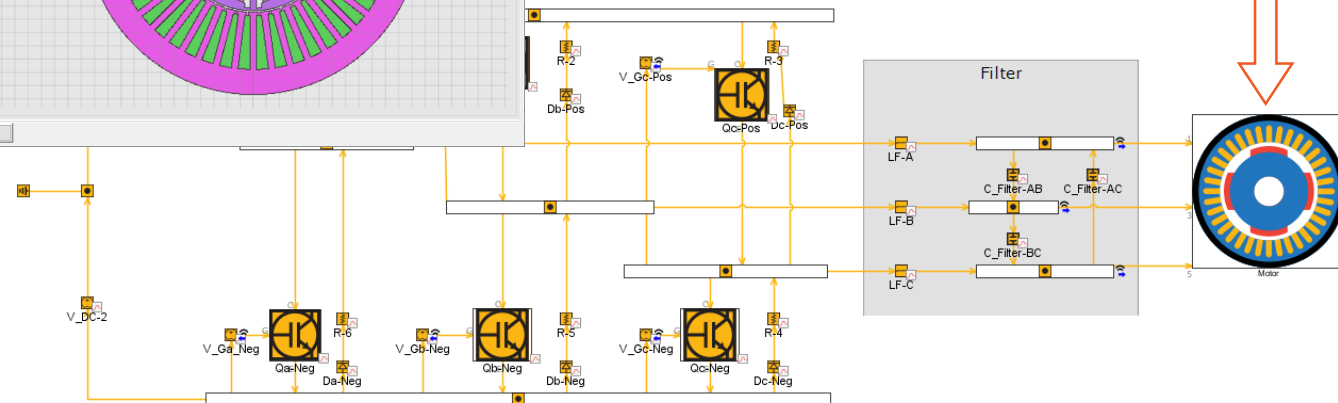
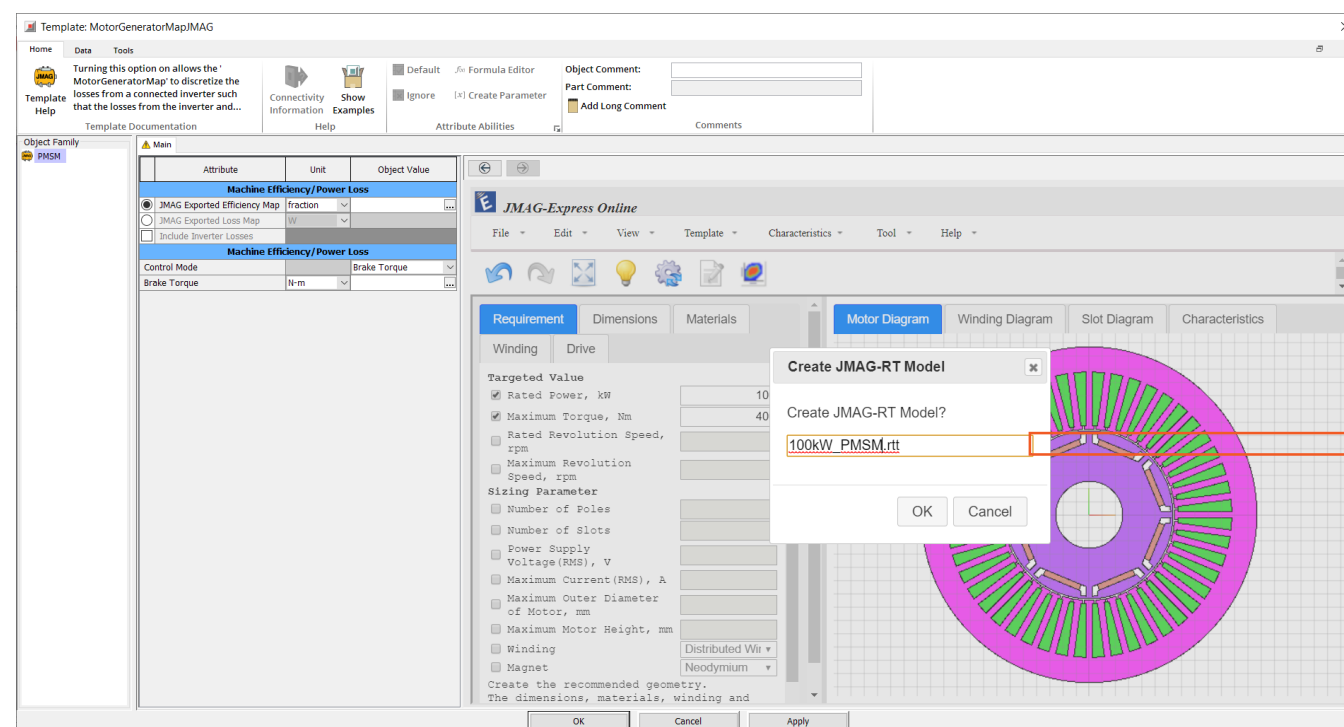
E-Mag
FEA

*Higher Model Fidelity
Slower Simulation*



Flux maps (function of rotor angle)





*Lower Model Fidelity
Faster Simulation*

Dynamic
Electrical-
Equivalent

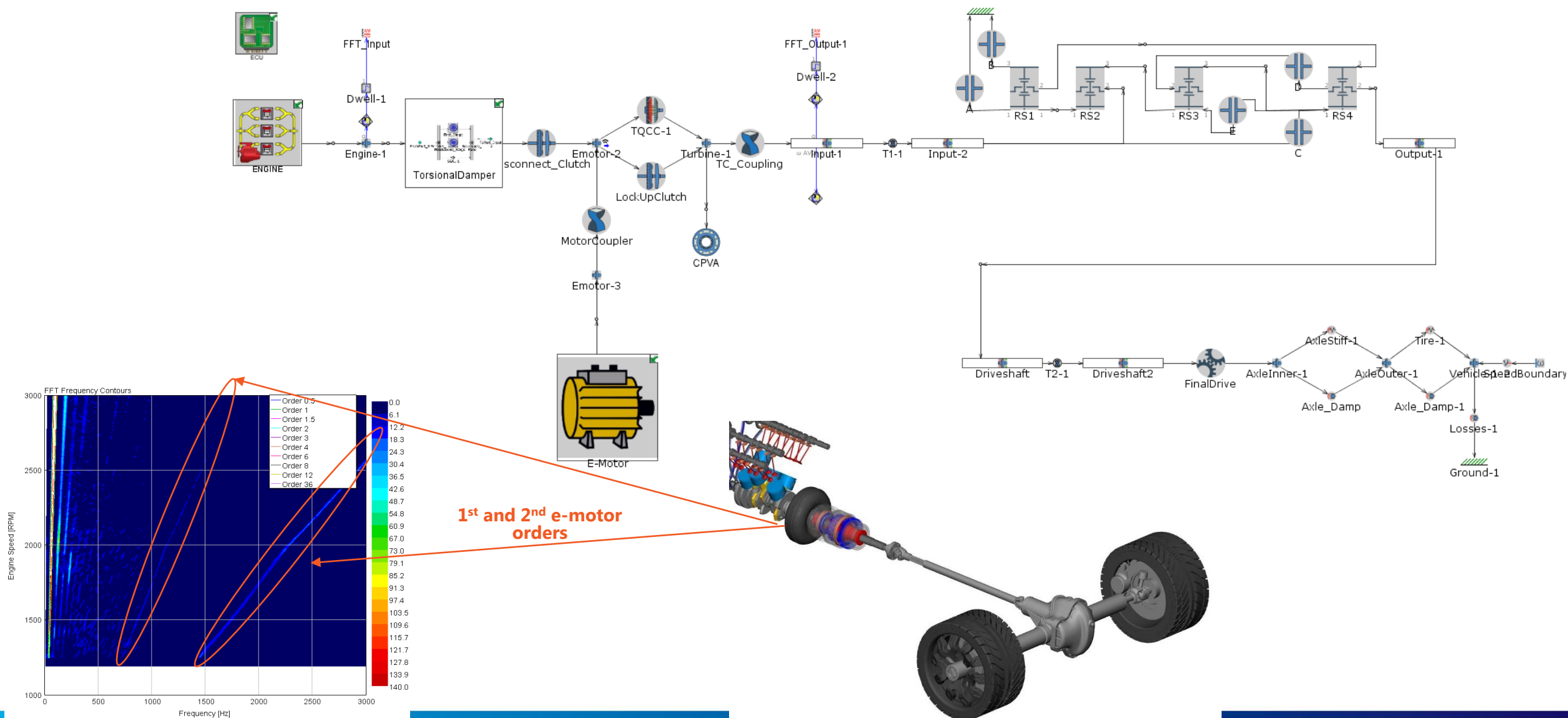
Dynamic
Electrical-
Equivalent +
Spatial
Harmonics

E-Mag
FEA

JMAG-RT Model Import into GT-SUITE

*Higher Model Fidelity
Slower Simulation*

电机振动 用于传动系统NVH分析的详细的电机模型



- 全电磁方案是详细设计和分析的预测方案
- 捕捉:空间分辨磁场和不平衡力, 空间分辨损耗

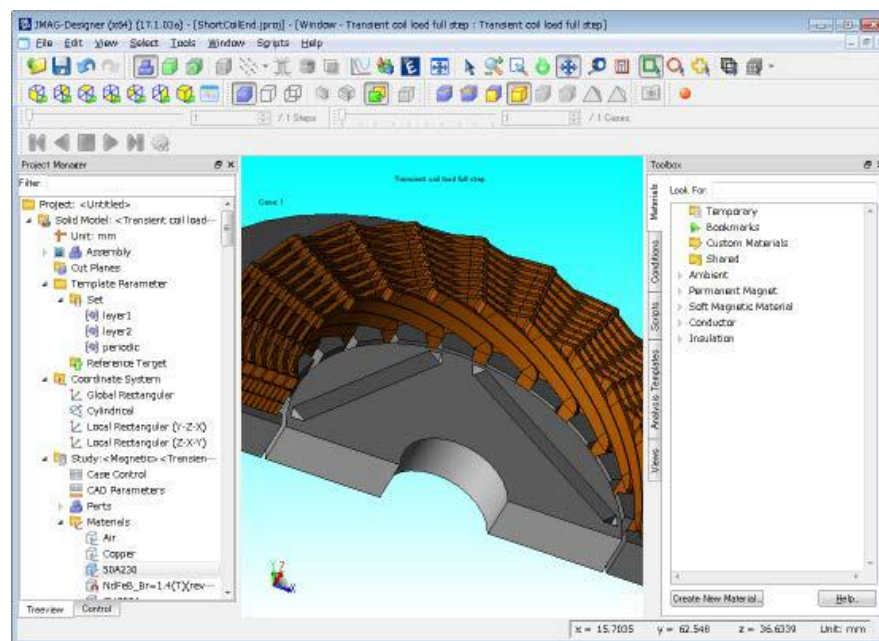
*Lower Model Fidelity
Faster Simulation*

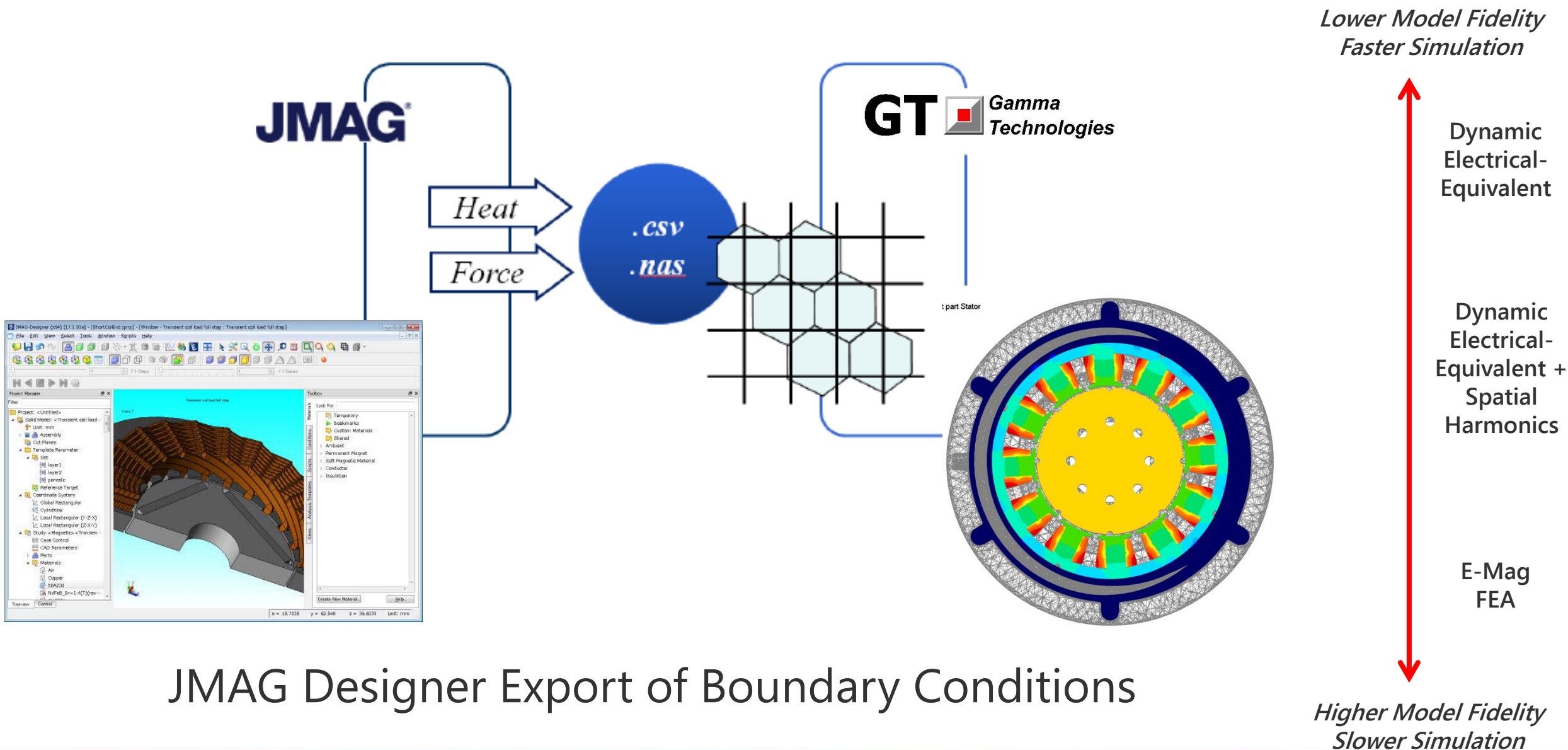
Dynamic
Electrical-
Equivalent

Dynamic
Electrical-
Equivalent +
Spatial
Harmonics

E-Mag
FEA

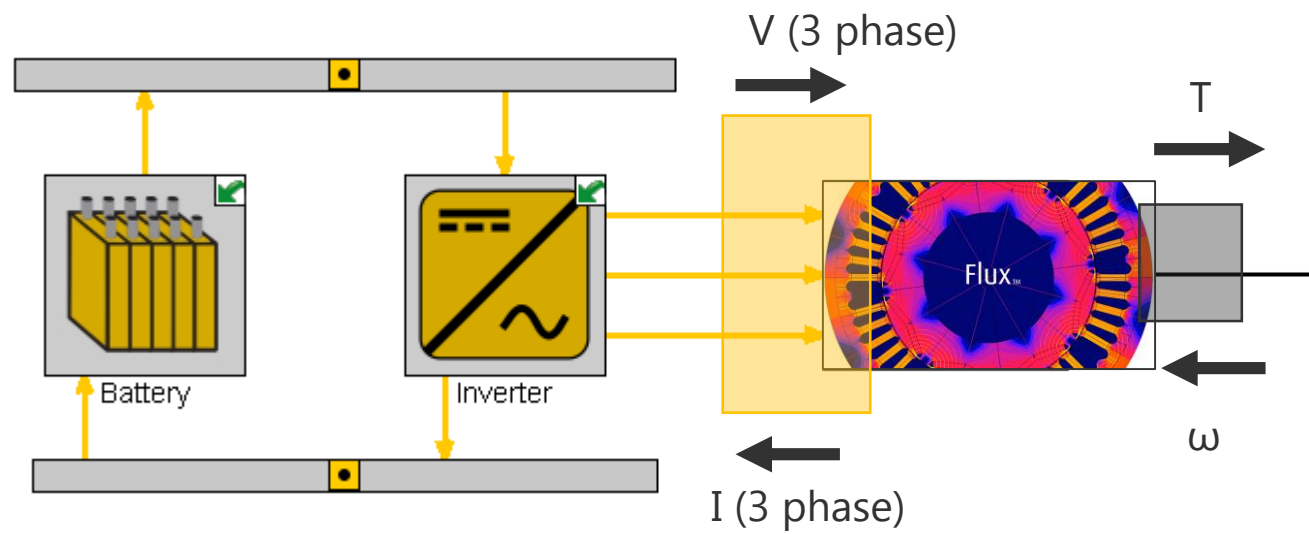
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Slower Simulation*



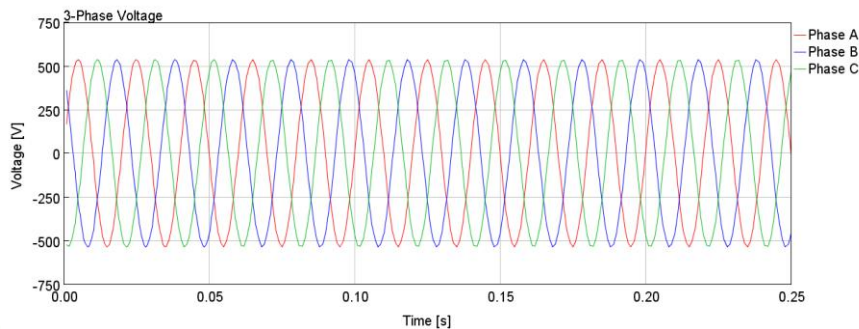


JMAG Designer Export of Boundary Conditions

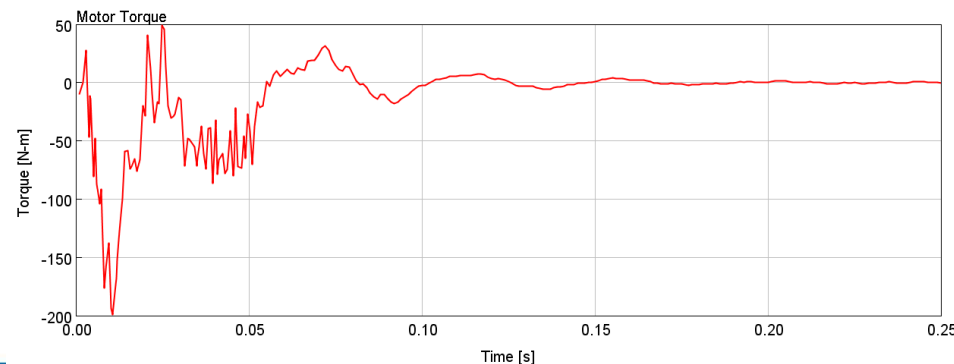
Co-simulation coupling with Altair Flux/Ansys Maxwell motor design tool



3-Phase Electrical Ports



Mechanical Port



Lower Model Fidelity
Faster Simulation

Dynamic
Electrical-
Equivalent

Dynamic
Electrical-
Equivalent +
Spatial
Harmonics

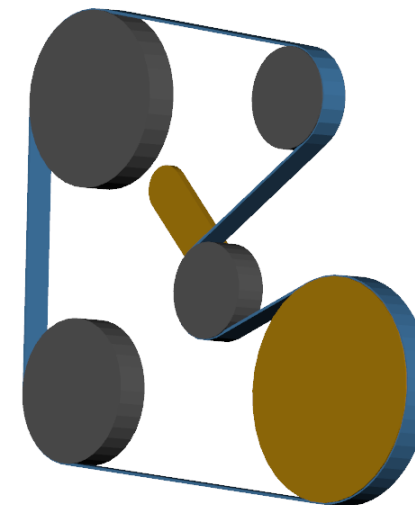
E-Mag
FEA

Higher Model Fidelity
Slower Simulation

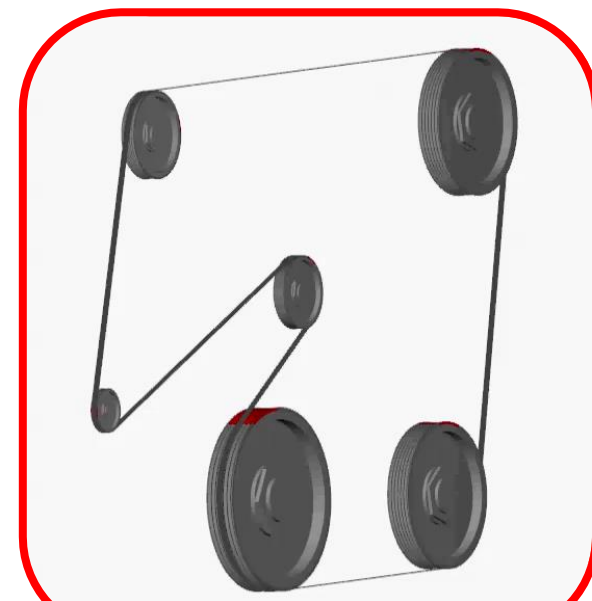
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1. 48V振动分析简介
2. 重要部件分析
3. 应用举例
4. 总结

- 非常常见的问题，特别是在48V的HEV中
- 归因于：
 - 曲轴的激励由于负载的冲击而产生的控制响应
- 关键物理现象模拟：
 - FE带模型预测BSG粘滑
 - 发动机刚体特性
- 相关的问题: Clunk, Shuffle

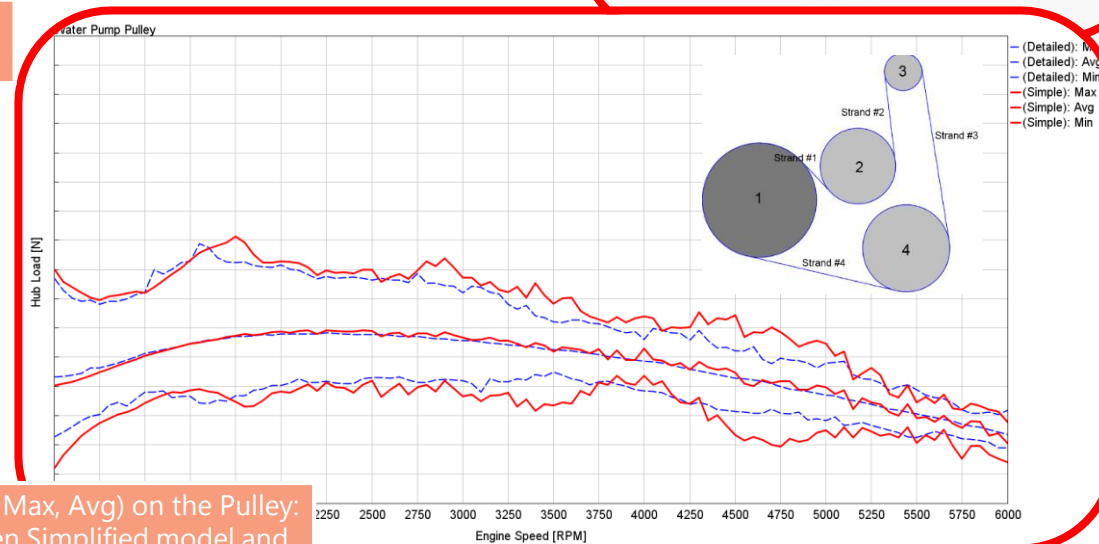


- 研究FEAD和BSG带在不同频率下引起的发动机振动问题：
 - 带粘滑运动
 - 皮带摆动和错位
- 定制的解决方案包括：
 - 基于有限元的电缆或梁单元模型符合带弹性动力学第一原理
 - 连接滑轮和张力装置
 - 详细的动画输出
 - 可能添加一个“简化”的更快的解决方案
 - 集成发动机(GT-POWER), 详细的曲轴, 气门系统和定时驱动或传动系统和车辆模型, 以研究集成的NVH问题



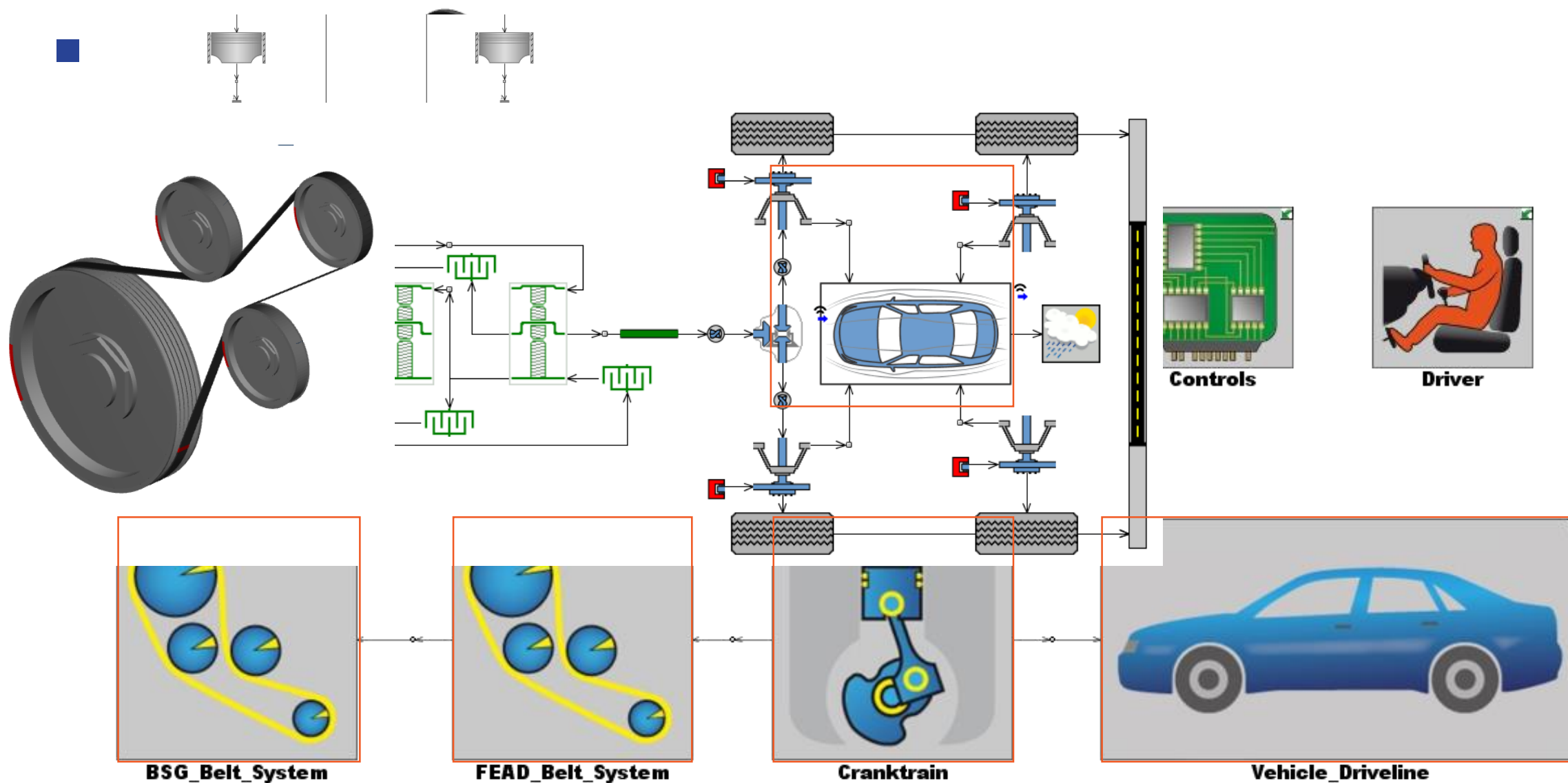
Belt Flapping

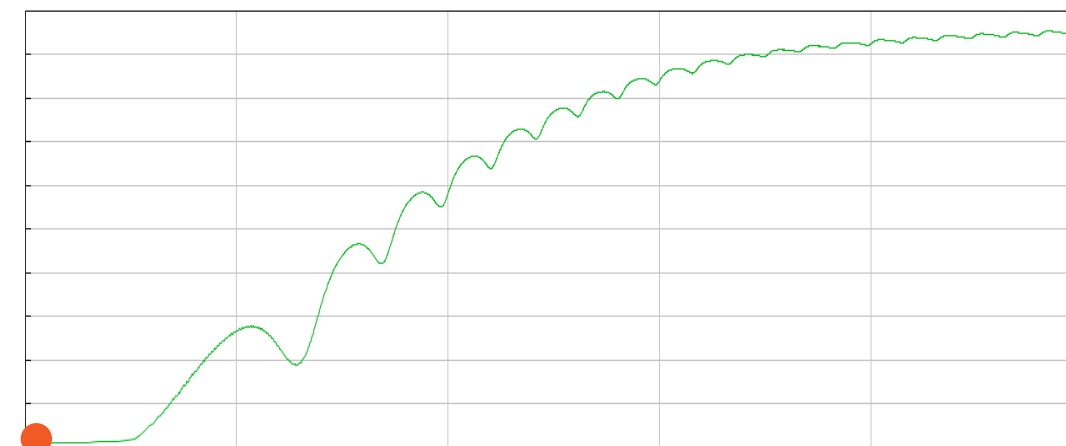
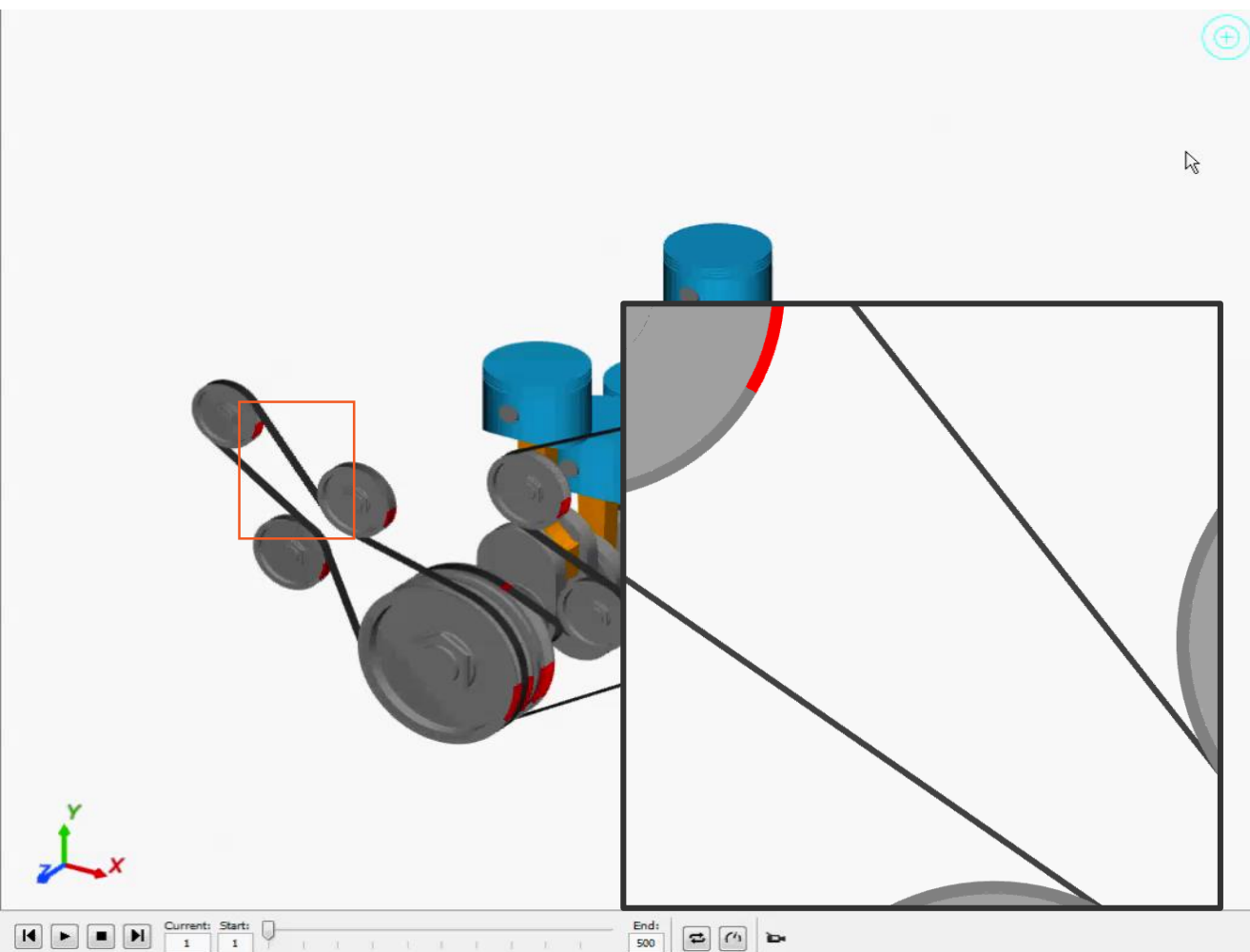
Axial Force Distribution
for a tooth belt



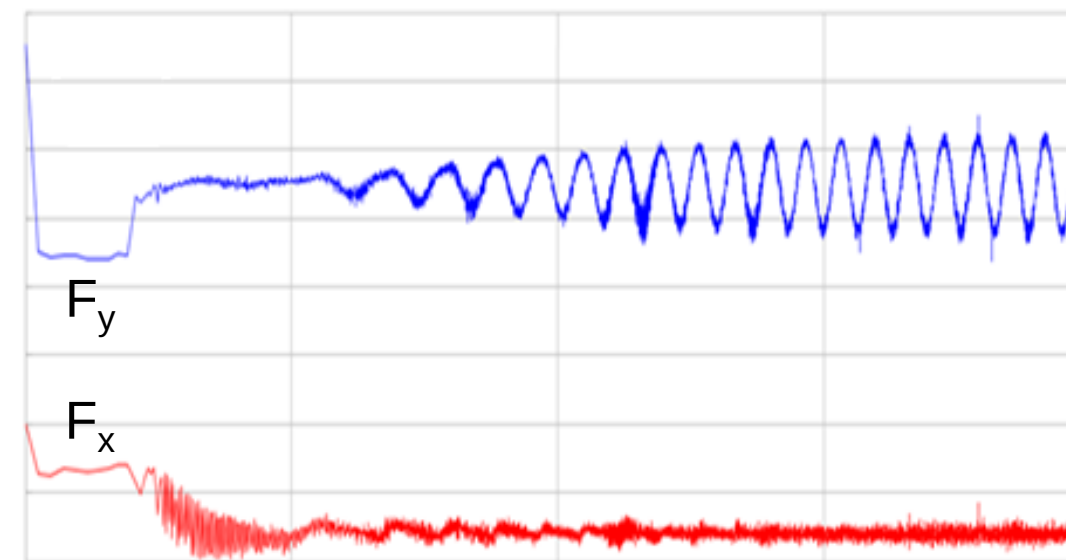
Load Reactions(Min, Max, Avg) on the Pulley:
Comparison between Simplified model and
beam element model

Start-Stop:用BSG系统从静止到起动





Engine Speed

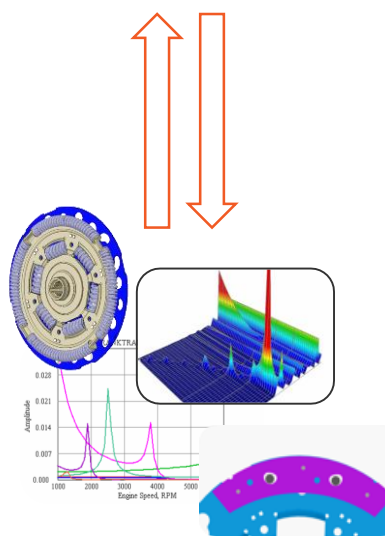
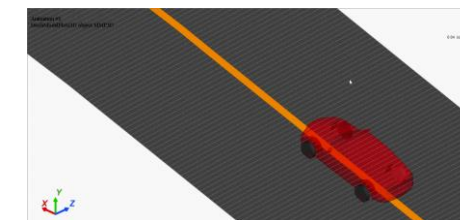
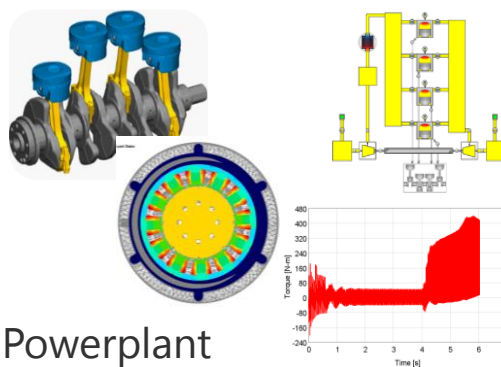


Unbalanced Block Forces

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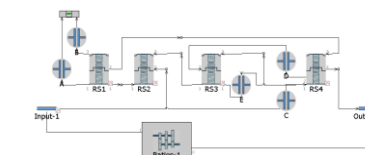
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- 将所有的子系统整合到一个模型中……在一个仿真平台上
- 预测所有详细子系统模型中的耦合
- 为大型系统模型提供了无与伦比的稳定性和速度



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