



 KOLBENSCHMIDT

 PIERBURG

 MOTORSERVICE

SOLUTIONS FOR EMISSION REDUCTION,
ELECTRIFICATION OF THE POWERTRAIN
AND E-DRIVE SYSTEMS.

Evaluation of the Thermal Behavior of a 48V EV Battery with Passive Cooling



European GT Conference

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OUR **HEART** BEATS FOR YOUR ENGINE.

 **RHEINMETALL**
AUTOMOTIVE

Agenda

01 ► Introduction

02 Cell Calibration with GT-AutoLion

03 Thermal Model of the Battery Pack

04 Results

05 Conclusion

Introduction

- **Rheinmetall Automotive** is traditionally strong in the market of conventional drive trains
- Expansion of the traditional product portfolio with products for electric and hybrid drive trains
 - become a competent partner for electric drives, battery packs and power electronics

Motivation:

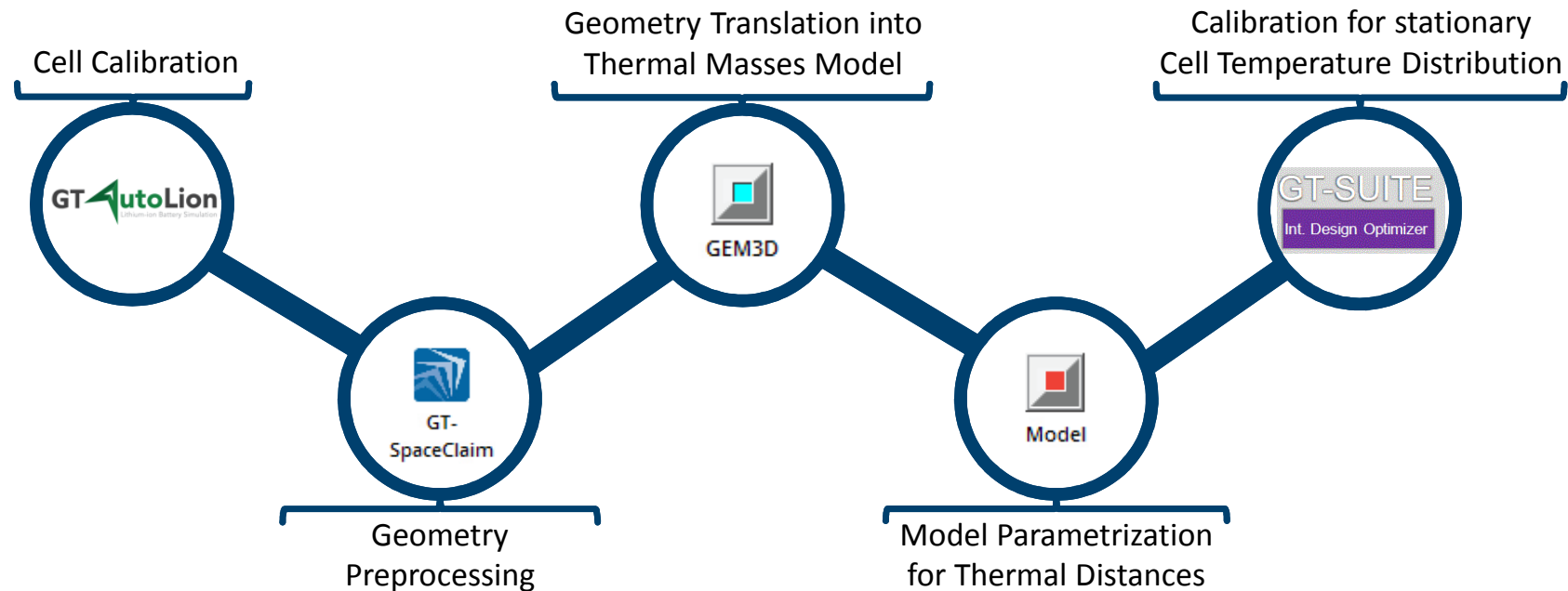
- Development of a simple tool for the evaluation of (scalable) battery pack concepts
- Fast reaction for customer inquiries

Requirements:

- Low calibration effort based on 3D CFD
- Cell Temperature error should not exceed 1K on average
- Gradient of the individual cell temperatures across the battery pack must be consistent



Simulation Workflow



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- ✓ Comparison of stationary and transient results with 3D CFD
 - ✓ Comparison of cell model with test results
 - ✓ Validation with test results
 - ✓ Calculation of temperature distribution for real drive cycles
-

Agenda

01 Introduction

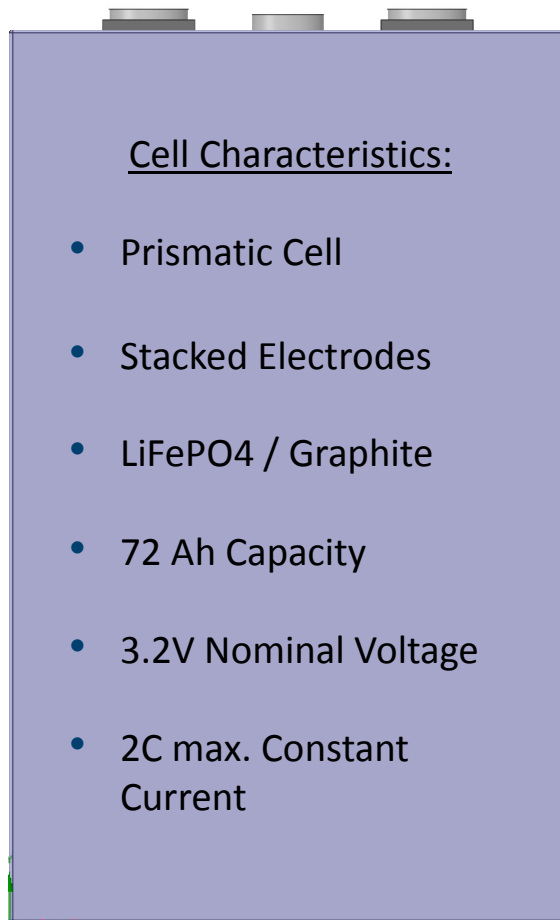
02 ► Cell Calibration with GT-AutoLion

03 Thermal Model of the Battery Pack

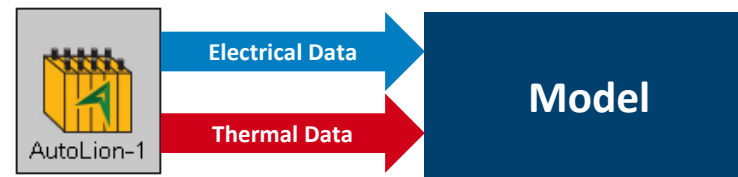
04 Results

05 Conclusion

GT-AutoLion | Cell Description



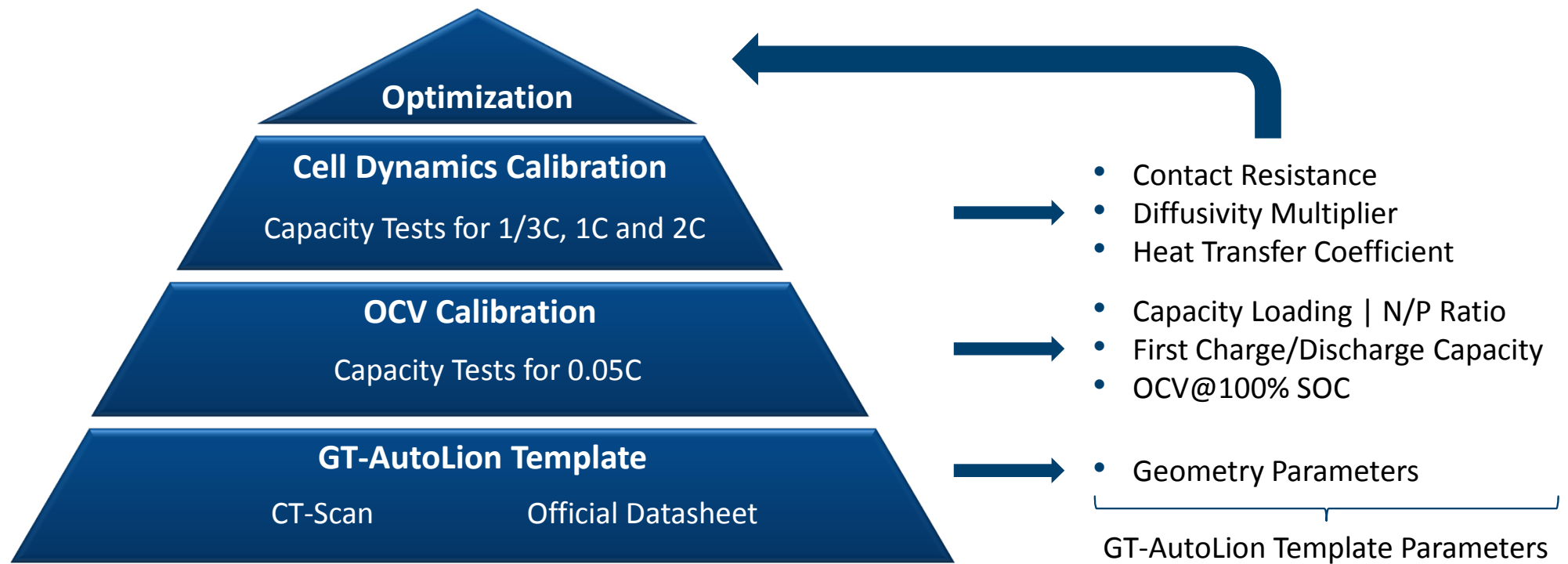
Create AutoLion model to simulate cell behaviour:



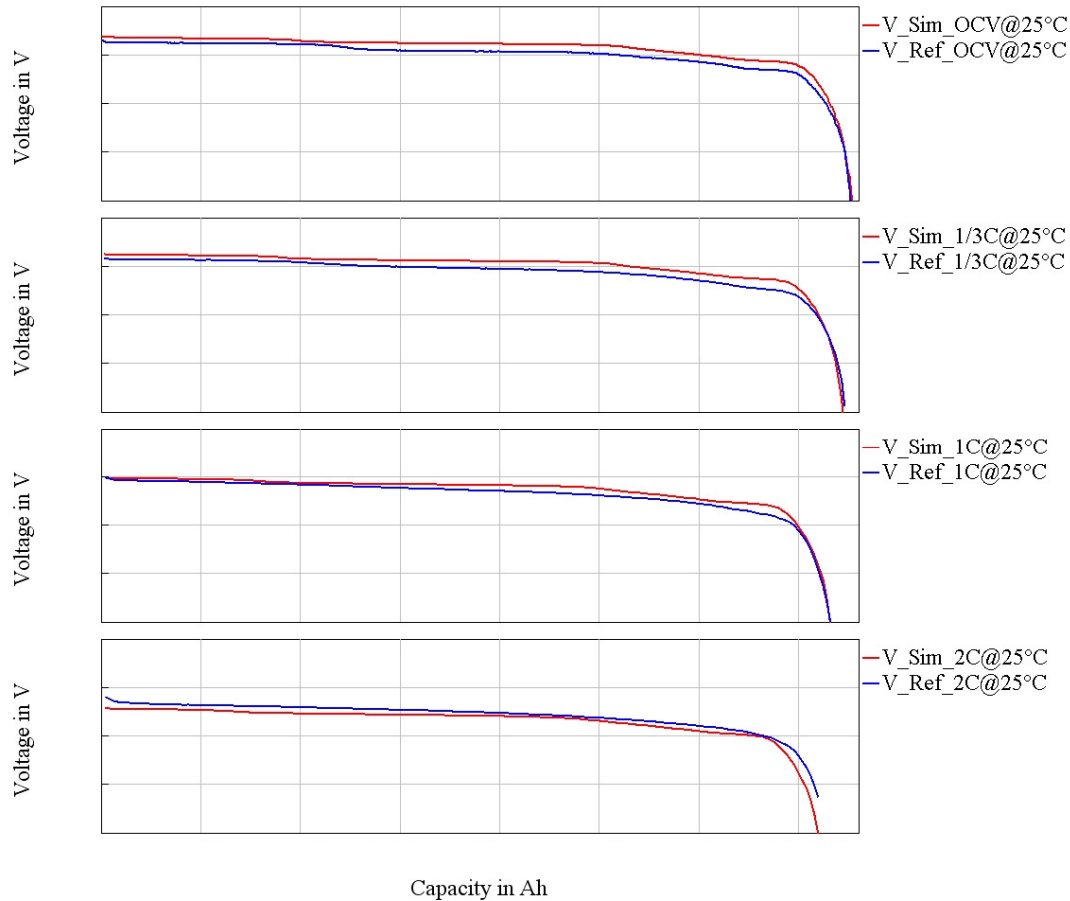
Available Data for model creation and calibration:

- CT-Scan
- Official Datasheet
- Capacity Test for 0.05C (Discharge)
- Capacity Test for 1/3C, 1C and 2C (Discharge)

GT-AutoLion | Calibration Workflow



GT-AutoLion | Calibration Results



- Calibration results for capacity discharge tests
OCV|1/3C|1C|2C
 - Maximum error about 1% for voltage values
 - Capacity fit for all cases (except 2C)
 - No calibration of charging tests so far
-
- ✓ Template can be integrated into complete Battery System Model
 - ✓ Heat flow from cells can be extracted and fed into Thermal Model

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03 ► **Thermal Model of the Battery Pack**

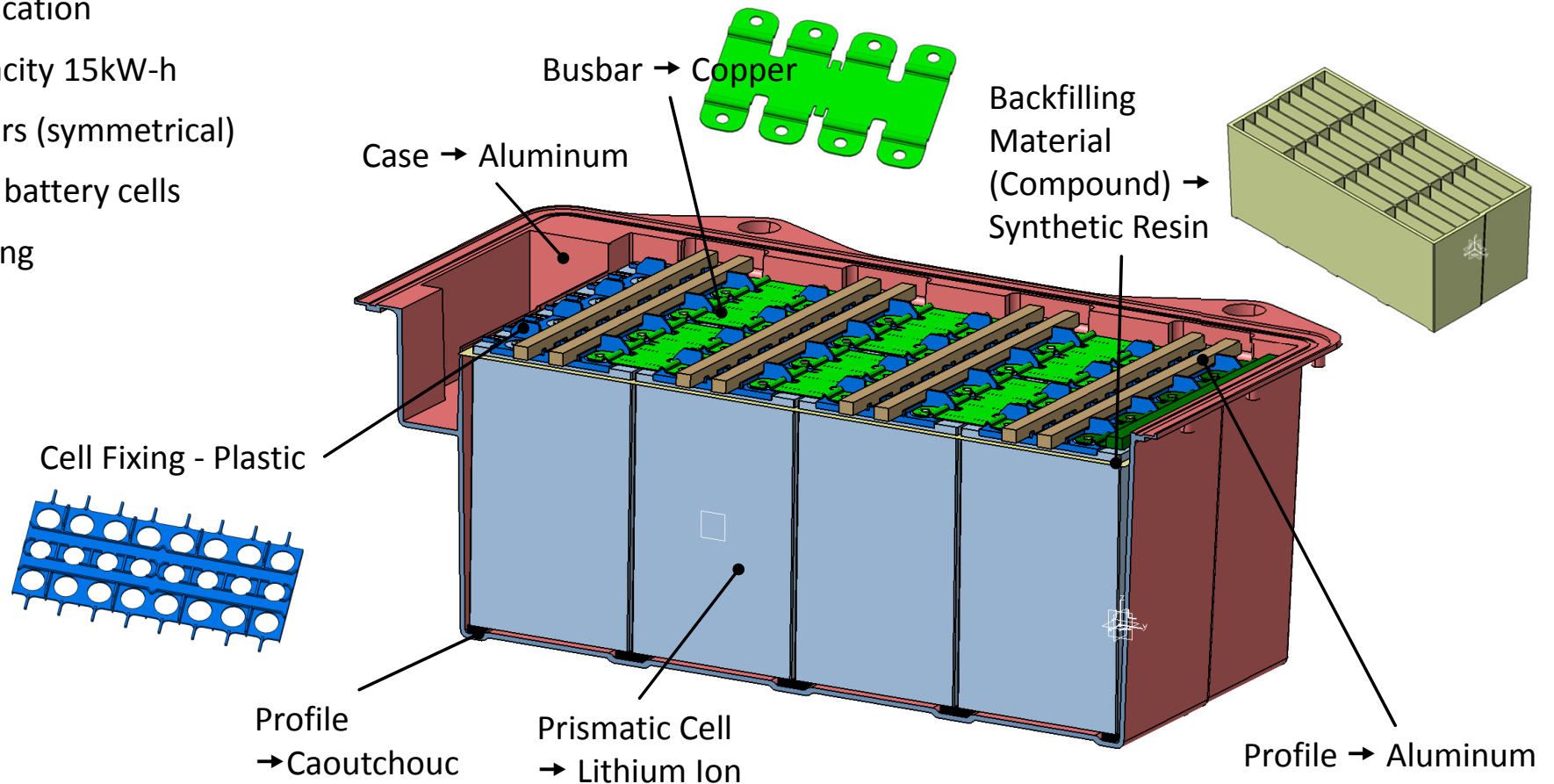
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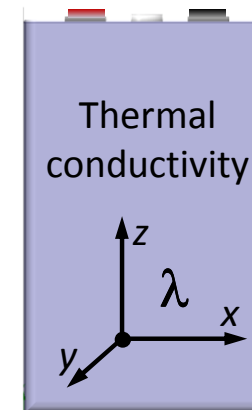
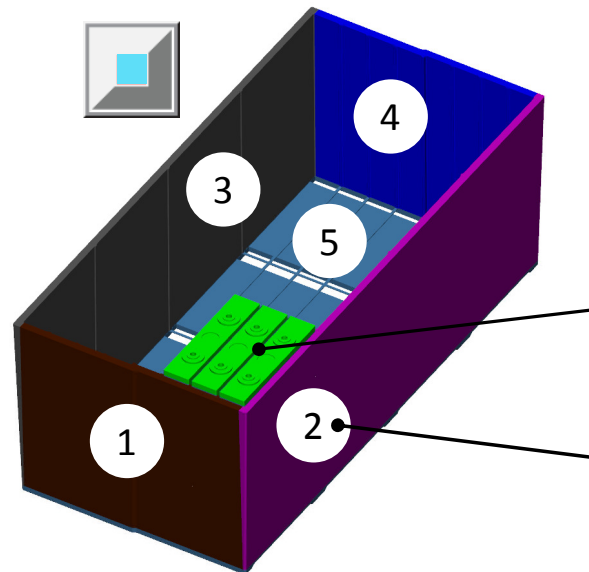
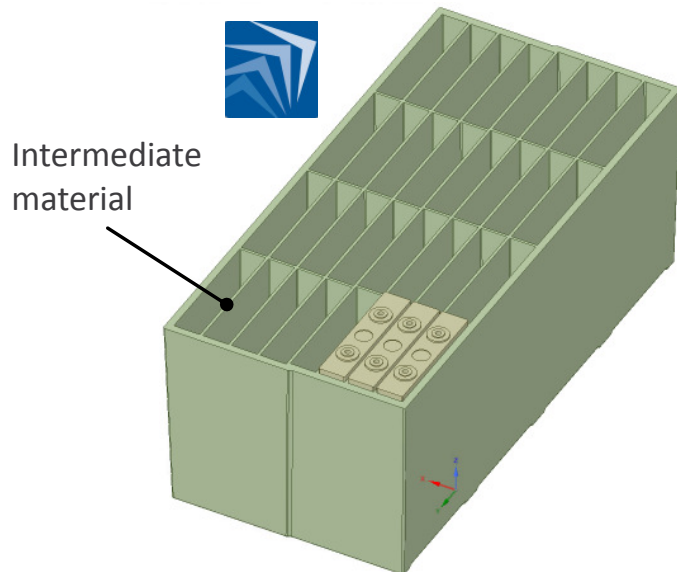
Thermal Model (TM) | Battery Setup

- 48 Volt Application
- Battery Capacity 15kW-h
- Two chambers (symmetrical)
- 64 prismatic battery cells
- Passive cooling



TM| Geometry Preparation and Modelling

- Preparation of the CAD geometry in SpaceClaim
- Simplification of the CAD model
- Definition of a thermal resistance between the cells instead of a thermal mass for the casting compound
- Consideration of the anisotropy of the battery cell
- Control of the heat flows in the battery pack

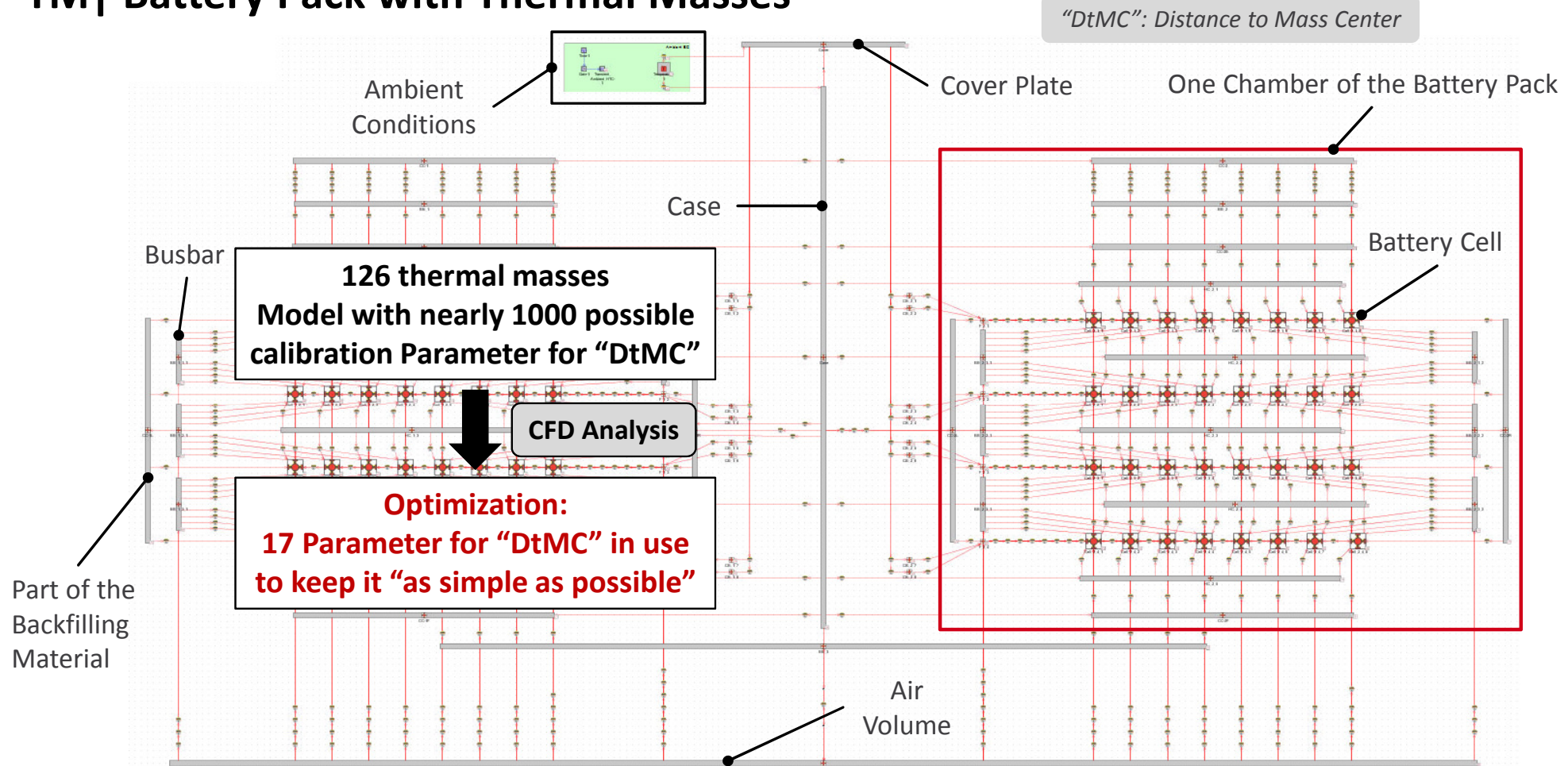


- Anisotropic material properties
- Coordinate direction

Thermal resistance between all cells

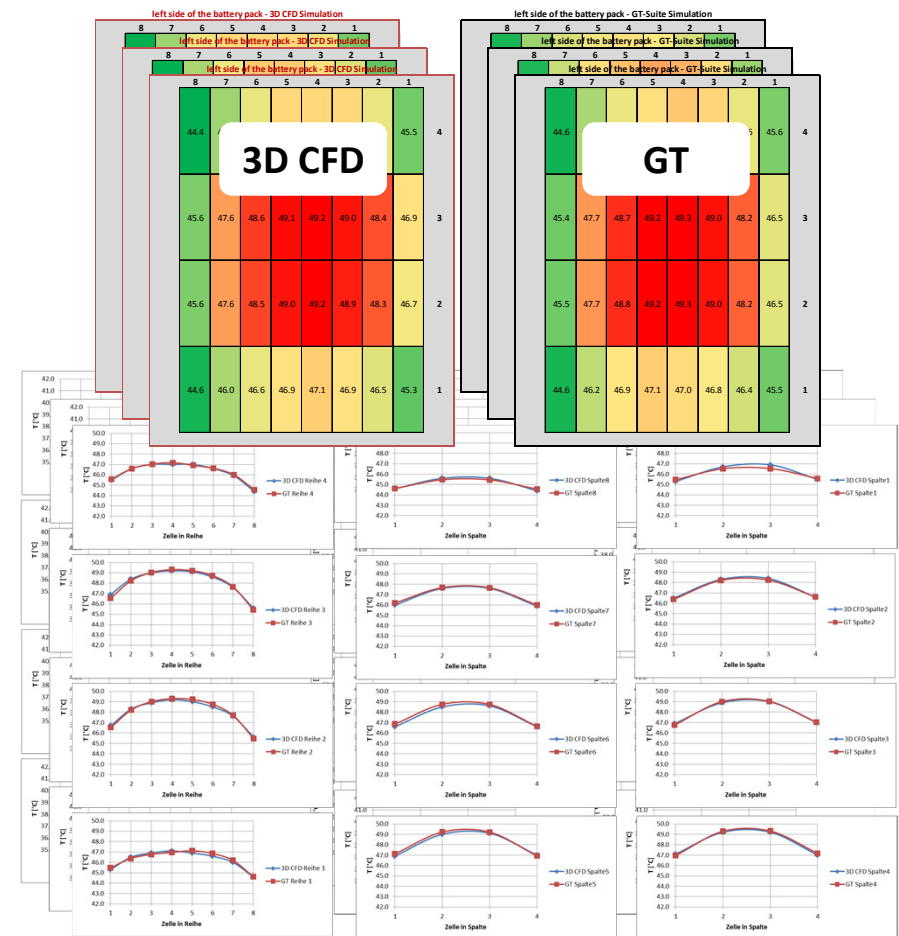
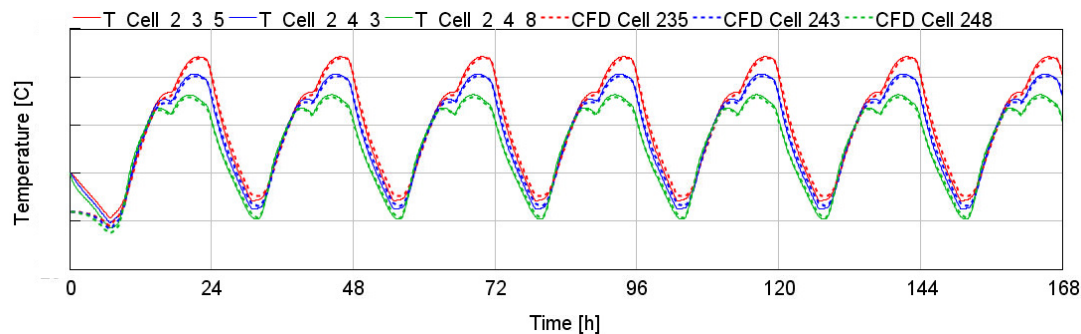
Sectioning of the casting compound into 5 thermal masses

TM| Battery Pack with Thermal Masses



TM | Model Calibration

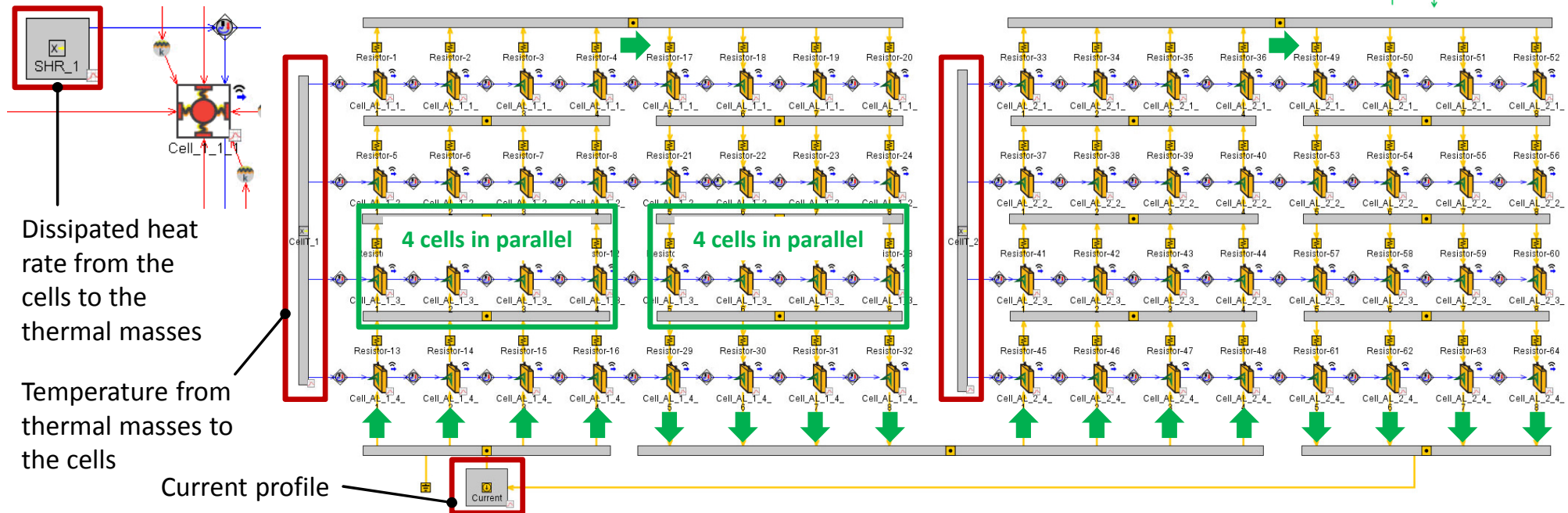
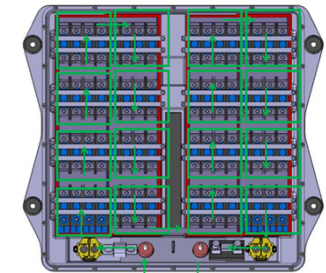
- Calibration of stationary load points with results from 3D CFD for different cases
 - Variation of stationary cell heat source
 - Variation of stationary ambient conditions
 - **Optimization** for “Case Sweep and Cross-Case Studies”
 - **Goal:** average cell temperature calibration error $\leq 1\text{K}$
 - **Result:** max. ave. error about 0.25K / symmetry between chambers
- Transient results for a 7-Day-Cycle with calibrated model
 - Changing BC's for HTC, temperature and heat source





TM | Battery Pack with Thermal Masses and GT-AutoLion

- Electrochemical integration with GT-AutoLion → validated model
- Build up of the battery cell arrangement and electrical flow
- 4 cells in parallel and 16 cells in series (4p16s)
- Transfer of dissipated heat from battery cell and ave. temperature from thermal mass



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04 ► **Results**

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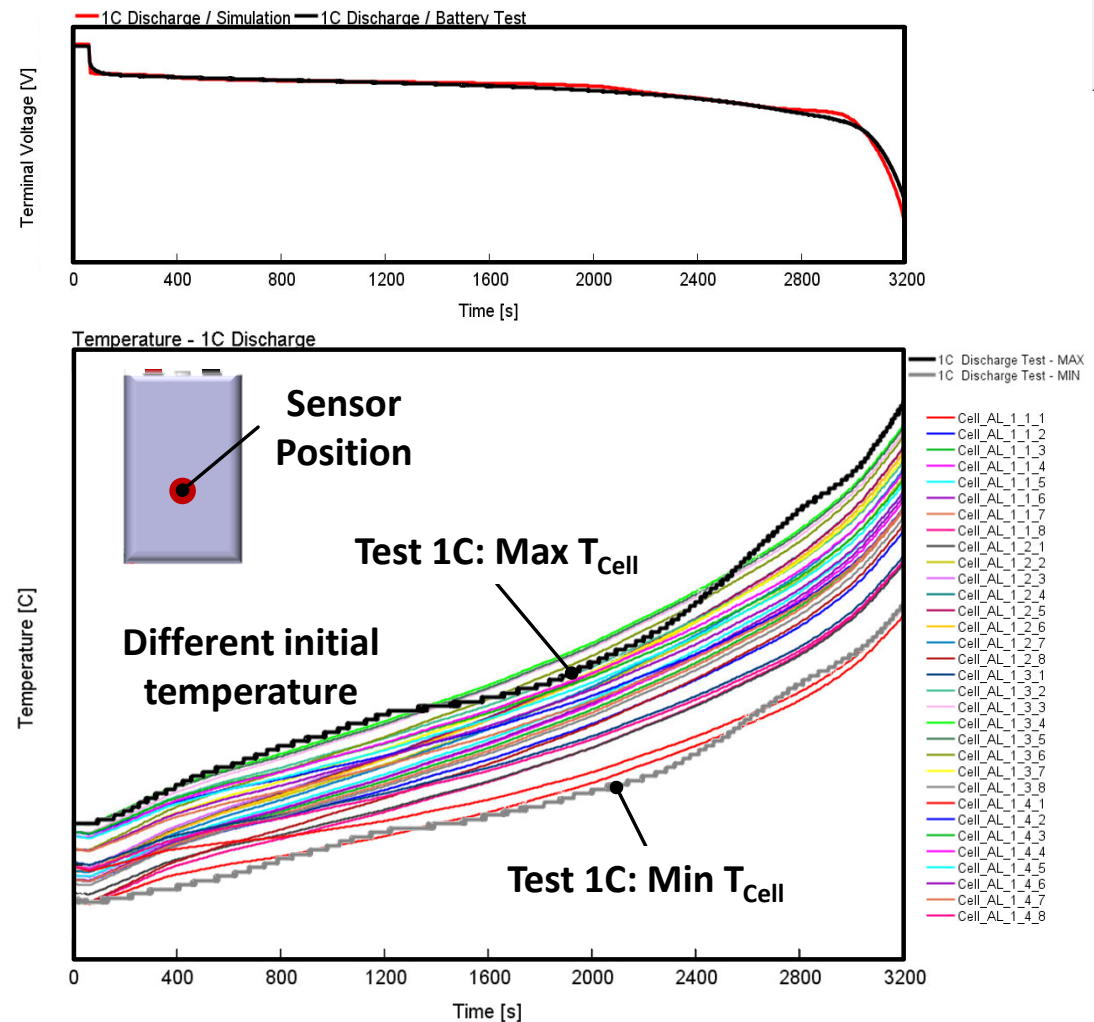
Results | 1C Discharge Battery Pack

Boundary Conditions

- Measurement for 1C Discharge
- Battery cell initial temperature 31-33°C
- Ambient temperature 25°C
- Start-SOC = 0.85

Results

- The gradient of the temperature characteristic is similar
 - Note: model calibration only with 3D CFD!
- Simulation results for the 1C discharge match the test results very well
- For the case of battery charging, there are currently deviations between simulation and measurement



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Conclusion

- GT-AutoLion Cell Calibration successful according to recommended workflow by GT
 - Small Error for discharging curves after calibration
- GT suitable for thermal management modeling
 - Easy build-up of a battery model with passive cooling
- First verification with battery pack measurements shows good matches
- The model fulfills the defined requirements
- Further investigations are necessary

Thanks to



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